## SATPREP

## Assignment: Continuity

1. (a) If $f(x)=2 x+1$, when $x \AA 1$ and $f(x)=3$ when $x=1$, show that the function $f(x)$ continuous at $\mathrm{x}=1$.
(b) If $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}4 x+3, & x \neq 2 \\ 3 x+5, & x=2\end{array}\right.$, find whether the function f is continuous at $\mathrm{x}=2$.
(c) Determine whether $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})$ is continuous at $\mathrm{x}=2$, where

$$
\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}
4 x+3, & x \leq 2 \\
8-x, & x>2
\end{array}\right.
$$

(d) Determine the values of k so that the function

$$
\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}
k x^{2}, & x \leq 2 \\
3, & x>2
\end{array} \text { is continuous at } \mathrm{x}=2\right.
$$

2. Examine the continuity of the following functions :
(a) $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}\frac{|x-2|}{x-2}, & x \neq 2 \\ 1, & x=2\end{array}\right.$ at $\mathrm{x}=2$
(b) $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}\frac{\sin 7 x}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 7, & x=0\end{array}\right.$, at $\mathrm{x}=0$
(c) For what value of a is the function

$$
\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}
\frac{\sin 5 x}{3 x}, & x \neq 0 \\
\mathrm{a}, & x=0
\end{array}, \text { continuous at } \mathrm{x}=0\right. \text { ? }
$$

3. (a) Show that the function $f(x)$ is continuous at $x=2$, where

$$
\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}
\frac{x^{2}-x-2}{x-2}, & x \neq 2 \\
3, & x=2
\end{array}\right.
$$

(b) For what value of k is the following function continuous at $\mathrm{x}=1$ ?

$$
\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})\left\{\begin{array}{cc}
\frac{x^{2}-1}{x-1}, & x \neq 1 \\
k, & x=1
\end{array}\right.
$$

4 (a) If $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}\frac{|x|}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x=0\end{array}\right.$ find whether f is continuous at $\mathrm{x}=0$
(b) Test the continuity of the function $f(x)$ at the origin.

$$
\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\left\{\begin{array}{cc}
\frac{x}{|x|}, & x \neq 0 \\
1, & x=0
\end{array}\right.
$$

5 At what points is the function $f(x)$ continuous in each of the following cases?
(a) $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=\frac{x^{2}+2 x+5}{x^{2}-8 x+16}$
(b) $f(x)=\frac{x-3}{x^{2}+5 x-6}$

