

Assignment- Scatter plot

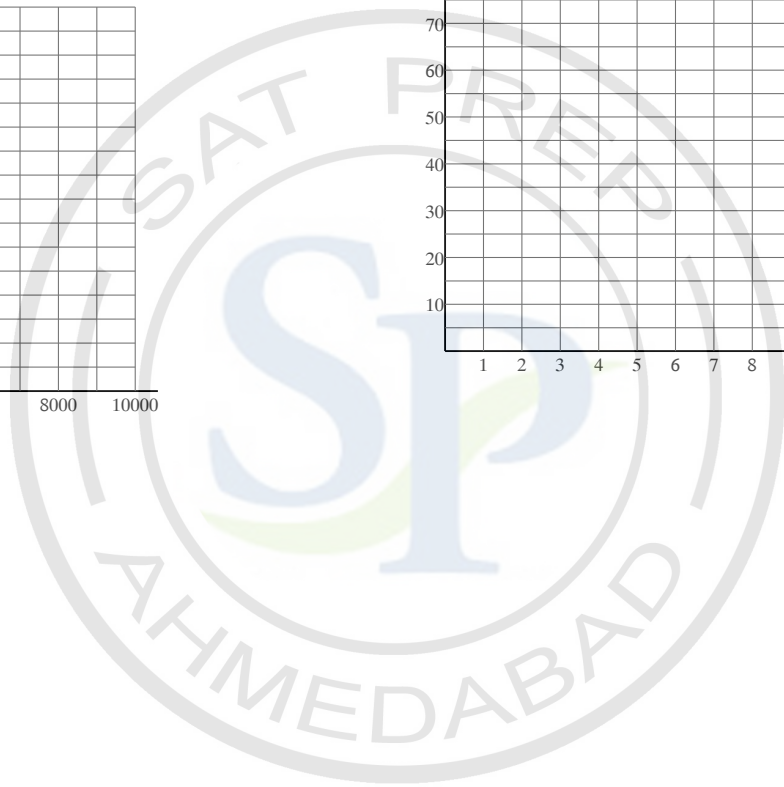
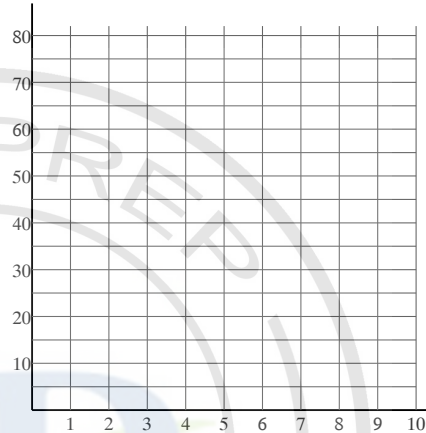
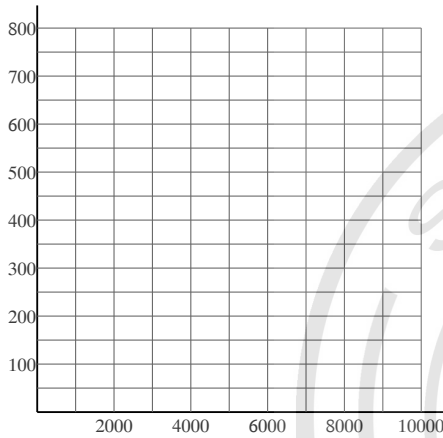
Construct a scatter plot. State if there appears to be a positive correlation, negative correlation, or no correlation. When there is a correlation, identify the relationship as linear, quadratic, or exponential. Also find the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line that best fits the data and its r^2 value.

1)

X	Y	X	Y
1,000	200	6,000	700
2,000	400	7,000	800
3,000	500	7,000	800
5,000	700	9,000	800
5,000	700	10,000	800

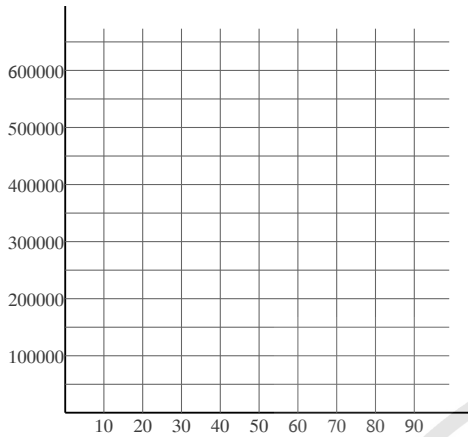
2)

X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
1	82	7	14	10	16
2	57	8	13	10	16
6	18	10	15	10	17
7	12				



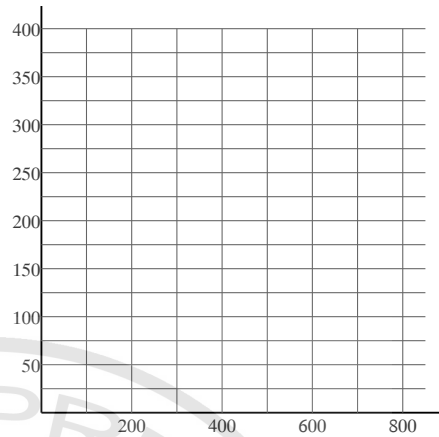
3)

X	Y	X	Y
7	5	64	7,780
8	8	84	104,374
26	56	85	121,558
31	116	92	272,203
36	217	99	673,073



4)

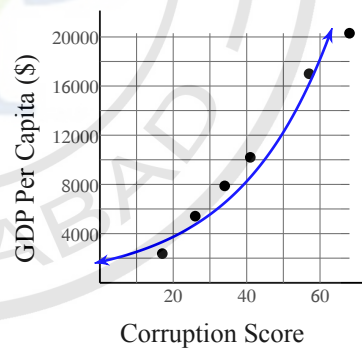
X	Y	X	Y
90	400	630	200
280	300	660	200
420	300	800	100
440	300	810	100
590	200	850	100



5) Economists have found that the amount of corruption in a country is correlated to the productivity of that country. Productivity is measured by gross domestic product (GDP) per capita. Corruption is measured on a scale from 0 to 100 with 0 being highly corrupt and 100 being least corrupt:

Corruption Score	GDP Per Capita (\$)
17	2,370
26	5,420
34	7,880
41	10,200
57	17,000
68	20,300

This can be modeled by the equation $y = 1700 \cdot 1.04^x$ where x is the corruption score and y is GDP per capita in dollars.



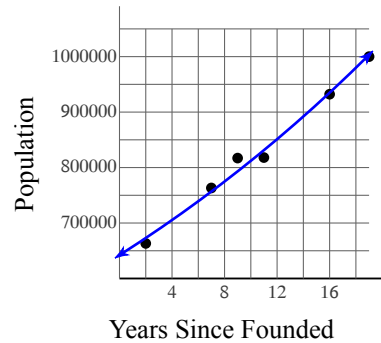
a) What does the y-intercept of this function represent?

b) According to the model, what would be the GDP per capita of a country with a corruption score of 51? Round your answer to the nearest dollar.

- 6) The population of a city is given for several years:

Year	Population
2	663,000
7	763,000
9	817,000
11	818,000
16	932,000
19	1,000,000

This can be modeled by the equation $y = 642000 \cdot 1.02^x$ where x is the number of years since the city was founded and y is the population.



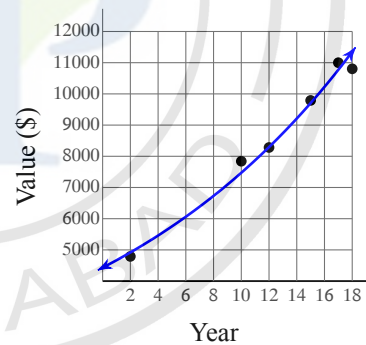
- a) What does the y-intercept of this function represent?

- b) According to the model, what was the city's population 3 years after it was founded? Round your answer to the nearest hundred.

- 7) Here is the value of Totsakan's investment over time:

Year	Value (\$)
2	4,790
10	7,840
12	8,280
15	9,790
17	11,000
18	10,800

This can be modeled by the equation $y = 4430 \cdot 1.05^x$ where x is the number of years and y is the value in dollars.



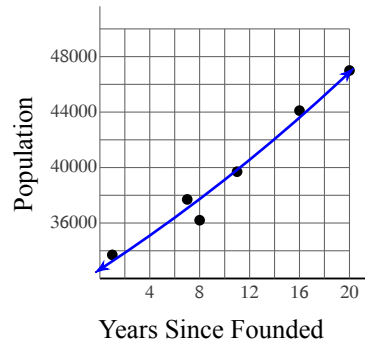
- a) What does the y-intercept of this function represent?

- b) According to the model, what was the value of the investment after 6 years? Round your answer to the nearest dollar.

- 8) The population of a city is given for several years:

Year	Population
1	33,700
7	37,700
8	36,200
11	39,700
16	44,100
20	47,000

This can be modeled by the equation $y = 32600 \cdot 1.02^x$ where x is the number of years since the city was founded and y is the population.

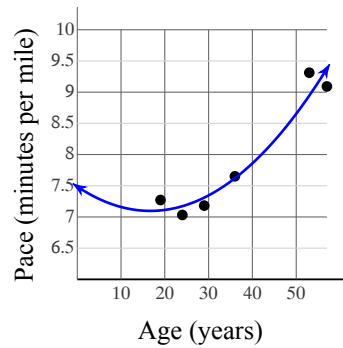


- a) What does the y-intercept of this function represent?
- b) According to the model, what was the city's population 14 years after it was founded? Round your answer to the nearest hundred.
- 9) The number of times that a school has won the national college basketball tournament is related to the number of times that the school has participated in the tournament. This can be expressed as $y = 0.00329x^2 - 0.0539x + 0.0951$ where x is the number of appearances in the tournament and y is the number of championships they have won.
- a) Using this model, a school with 58 appearances in the tournament would be expected to have won how many championships? Round your answer to the nearest whole number.
- b) Based on this model, how many tournament appearances would you expect from a school that won 2 championships? Round your answer to the nearest whole number.
- 10) Economists have found that the amount of corruption in a country's government is correlated to the gross domestic product (GDP) per capita of that country. This can be modeled by $y = 1540 \cdot 1.04^x$ where x is the corruption score and y is GDP per capita in dollars. Corruption scores range from 0 to 100 with 0 being highly corrupt and 100 being least corrupt.
- a) Using this model, a country with a corruption score of 78 would have what GDP per capita? Round your answer to the nearest dollar.
- b) A GDP per capita of \$8,000 corresponds to what corruption score, according to the model? Round your answer to the nearest whole number.

- 11) The running pace for the fastest female runner for their age in the Race for Hope 5k is given for several ages:

Age	Pace (minutes per mile)
19	7.27
24	7.03
29	7.18
36	7.65
53	9.31
57	9.09

This can be modeled by the equation $y = 0.0014x^2 - 0.0467x + 7.49$ where x is age and y is average pace in minutes per mile.

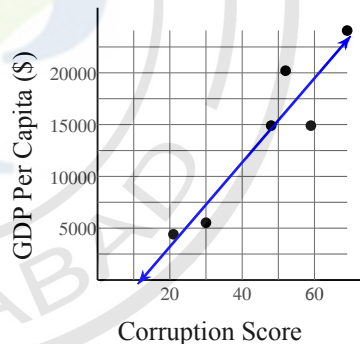


- a) What does the y-intercept of this function represent?
- b) Using this model, what would be the pace for the fastest 47-year-old woman? Round your answer to the nearest hundredth.

- 12) Economists have found that the amount of corruption in a country is correlated to the productivity of that country. Productivity is measured by gross domestic product (GDP) per capita. Corruption is measured on a scale from 0 to 100 with 0 being highly corrupt and 100 being least corrupt:

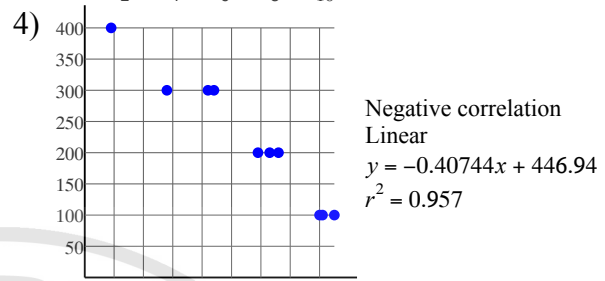
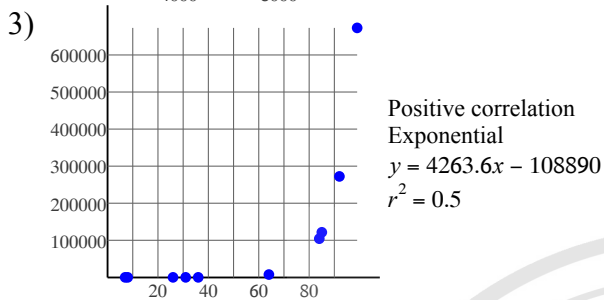
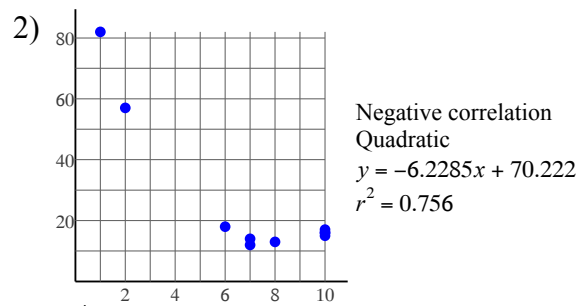
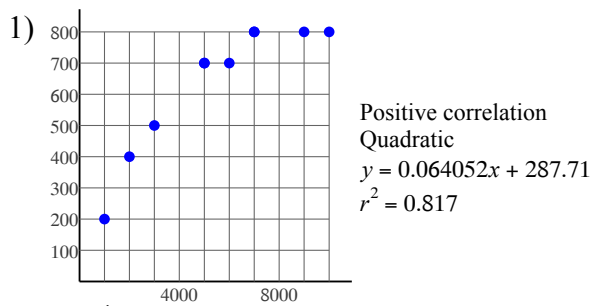
Corruption Score	GDP Per Capita (\$)
21	4,410
30	5,530
48	14,900
52	20,200
59	14,900
69	24,100

This can be modeled by the equation $y = 407x - 4920$ where x is the corruption score and y is GDP per capita in dollars.



- a) What does the y-intercept of this function represent?
- b) According to the model, what would be the GDP per capita of a country with a corruption score of 38? Round your answer to the nearest dollar.

Answers to Assignment- Scatter plot



- 5) Y-intercept: The GDP per capita of a country with a corruption score of zero
\$12,565
- 6) Y-intercept: The population of the city when it was founded
681,300
- 7) Y-intercept: The original amount invested
\$5,937
- 8) Y-intercept: The population of the city when it was founded
43,000
- 9) 8 championships, 34 appearances
- 10) \$32,819, 42
- 11) Y-intercept: The running pace of a newborn baby
8.39 minutes/mile
- 12) Y-intercept: The GDP per capita of a country with a corruption score of zero
\$10,546