

## Assignment: Vector(Basic)

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Write each vector in component form and as a linear combination, if not provided. Then find the magnitude.

1)  $\overrightarrow{PQ}$  where  $P = (8, 4, 2)$   $Q = (-2, 7, -4)$

2)  $\overrightarrow{PQ}$  where  $P = (4, 8, 2)$   $Q = (-2, -1, 6)$

3)  $\overrightarrow{RS}$  where  $R = (9, -6, -3)$   $S = (-1, 0, 5)$

4)  $\overrightarrow{CD}$  where  $C = (-5, -2, 0)$   $D = (-2, 6, 1)$

Find the component form of the resultant vector.

5)  $\mathbf{u} = \langle -8, 5, 8 \rangle$

Find: Unit vector in the direction of  $\mathbf{u}$ 

6) Given:  $A = (-5, 1, -9)$   $B = (1, 9, 3)$

Find: Unit vector in the direction of  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ 

Find the dot product of the given vectors.

7)  $\mathbf{u} = 8\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j}$

$\mathbf{v} = 6\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}$

8)  $\mathbf{u} = 8\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j}$

$\mathbf{v} = -\mathbf{i}$

Find the measure of the angle between the two vectors.

9)  $\mathbf{u} = -4\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$

$\mathbf{v} = -\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$

10)  $\mathbf{u} = -6\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j}$

$\mathbf{v} = -6\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$

## Answers to Assignment: Vector(Basic)

- 1)  $\langle -10, 3, -6 \rangle$   
 $-10\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 6\mathbf{k}$   
 $\sqrt{145} \approx 12.042$
- 2)  $\langle -6, -9, 4 \rangle$   
 $-6\mathbf{i} - 9\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$   
 $\sqrt{133} \approx 11.533$
- 3)  $\langle -10, 6, 8 \rangle$   
 $-10\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} + 8\mathbf{k}$   
 $10\sqrt{2} \approx 14.142$
- 4)  $\langle 3, 8, 1 \rangle$   
 $3\mathbf{i} + 8\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$   
 $\sqrt{74} \approx 8.602$
- 5)  $\left\langle -\frac{8\sqrt{17}}{51}, \frac{5\sqrt{17}}{51}, \frac{8\sqrt{17}}{51} \right\rangle$
- 6)  $\left\langle \frac{3\sqrt{61}}{61}, \frac{4\sqrt{61}}{61}, \frac{6\sqrt{61}}{61} \right\rangle$
- 7) 40
- 8) -8
- 9)  $85.6^\circ$
- 10)  $8.13^\circ$

