# AS-Level <br> Pure Mathematics P1 <br> <br> Topic: Binomial Theorem 

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## May 2013- May 2023

## Question 1

(i) Find the first three terms in the expansion of $(2+a x)^{5}$ in ascending powers of $x$.
(ii) Given that the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(1+2 x)(2+a x)^{5}$ is 240 , find the possible values of $a$.

## Question 2

Find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of
(i) $\left(2 x-\frac{1}{2 x}\right)^{6}$,
(ii) $\left(1+x^{2}\right)\left(2 x-\frac{1}{2 x}\right)^{6}$.

## Question 3

(i) In the expression $(1-p x)^{6}, p$ is a non-zero constant. Find the first three terms when $(1-p x)^{6}$ is expanded in ascending powers of $x$.
(ii) It is given that the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(1-x)(1-p x)^{6}$ is zero. Find the value of $p$.

## Question 4

(i) Find the coefficient of $x^{8}$ in the expansion of $\left(x+3 x^{2}\right)^{4}$.
(ii) Find the coefficient of $x^{8}$ in the expansion of $\left(x+3 x^{2}\right)^{5}$.
(iii) Hence find the coefficient of $x^{8}$ in the expansion of $\left[1+\left(x+3 x^{2}\right)\right]^{5}$.

## Question 5

(i) Find the first three terms when $(2+3 x)^{6}$ is expanded in ascending powers of $x$.
(ii) In the expansion of $(1+a x)(2+3 x)^{6}$, the coefficient of $x^{2}$ is zero. Find the value of $a$.

## Question 6

Find the coefficient of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(x^{2}-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{5}$.

## Question 7

Find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(1+x^{2}\right)\left(\frac{x}{2}-\frac{4}{x}\right)^{6}$.

## Question 8

Find the term independent of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(4 x^{3}+\frac{1}{2 x}\right)^{8}$.

## Question 9

In the expansion of $(2+a x)^{6}$, the coefficient of $x^{2}$ is equal to the coefficient of $x^{3}$. Find the value of the non-zero constant $a$.

## Question 10

(i) Find the first 3 terms, in ascending powers of $x$, in the expansion of $(1+x)^{5}$.

The coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(1+\left(p x+x^{2}\right)\right)^{5}$ is 95 .
(ii) Use the answer to part (i) to find the value of the positive constant $p$.

## Question 11

In the expansion of $(2+a x)^{7}$, the coefficient of $x$ is equal to the coefficient of $x^{2}$. Find the value of the non-zero constant $a$.

## Question 12

(i) Write down the first 4 terms, in ascending powers of $x$, of the expansion of $(a-x)^{5}$.
(ii) The coefficient of $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(1-a x)(a-x)^{5}$ is -200 . Find the possible values of the constant $a$.

## Question 13

(i) Find the coefficients of $x^{2}$ and $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(2-x)^{6}$.
(ii) Find the coefficient of $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(3 x+1)(2-x)^{6}$.

## Question 14

(i) Find the first three terms, in ascending powers of $x$, in the expansion of
(a) $(1-x)^{6}$,
(b) $(1+2 x)^{6}$.
(ii) Hence find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $[(1-x)(1+2 x)]^{6}$.

## Question 15

Find the coefficient of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(\frac{x}{3}+\frac{9}{x^{2}}\right)^{7}$.

## Question 16

In the expansion of $(x+2 k)^{7}$, where $k$ is a non-zero constant, the coefficients of $x^{4}$ and $x^{5}$ are equal. Find the value of $k$.

## Question 17

In the expansion of $\left(1-\frac{2 x}{a}\right)(a+x)^{5}$, where $a$ is a non-zero constant, show that the coefficient of $x^{2}$ is zero.

## Question 18

(i) Find the coefficients of $x^{4}$ and $x^{5}$ in the expansion of $(1-2 x)^{5}$.
(ii) It is given that, when $(1+p x)(1-2 x)^{5}$ is expanded, there is no term in $x^{5}$. Find the value of the constant $p$.

## Question 19

Find the coefficient of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(\frac{1}{x}+3 x^{2}\right)^{5}$.
Question 20
Find the term that is independent of $x$ in the expansion of
(i) $\left(x-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{6}$,
(ii) $\left(2+\frac{3}{x^{2}}\right)\left(x-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{6}$.

## Question 21

Find the term independent of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(x-\frac{3}{2 x}\right)^{6}$.

## Question 22

The coefficient of $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(1-3 x)^{6}+(1+a x)^{5}$ is 100 . Find the value of the constant $a$.

## Question 23

In the expansion of $(3-2 x)\left(1+\frac{x}{2}\right)^{n}$, the coefficient of $x$ is 7. Find the value of the constant $n$ and hence find the coefficient of $x^{2}$.

## Question 24

Find the term independent of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(2 x+\frac{1}{2 x^{3}}\right)^{8}$.

## Question 25

In the expansion of $\left(\frac{1}{a x}+2 a x^{2}\right)^{5}$, the coefficient of $x$ is 5. Find the value of the constant $a$.

## Question 26

The coefficients of $x$ and $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(2+a x)^{7}$ are equal. Find the value of the non-zero constant $a$.

## Question 27

(i) Find the coefficient of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(2 x-\frac{1}{x}\right)^{5}$.
(ii) Hence find the coefficient of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(1+3 x^{2}\right)\left(2 x-\frac{1}{x}\right)^{5}$.

## Question 28

The coefficients of $x^{2}$ and $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(3-2 x)^{6}$ are $a$ and $b$ respectively. Find the value of $\frac{a}{b}$.

## Question 29

(i) Find the term independent of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(\frac{2}{x}-3 x\right)^{6}$.
(ii) Find the value of $a$ for which there is no term independent of $x$ in the expansion of

$$
\begin{equation*}
\left(1+a x^{2}\right)\left(\frac{2}{x}-3 x\right)^{6} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

## Question 30

Find the term independent of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(2 x-\frac{1}{4 x^{2}}\right)^{9}$.

## Question 31

(i) Find the coefficients of $x^{2}$ and $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(1-2 x)^{7}$.
(ii) Hence find the coefficient of $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(2+5 x)(1-2 x)^{7}$.

## Question 32

Find the coefficient of $\frac{1}{x}$ in the expansion of $\left(x-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{5}$.

## Question 33

The coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(2+\frac{x}{2}\right)^{6}+(a+x)^{5}$ is 330 . Find the value of the constant $a$.

Question 34
(i) Find the first three terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$, of $(1-2 x)^{5}$.
(ii) Given that the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(1+a x+2 x^{2}\right)(1-2 x)^{5}$ is 12 , find the value of the constant $a$.

Question 35
Find the coefficient of $\frac{1}{x^{3}}$ in the expansion of $\left(x-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{7}$.
Question 36
Find the coefficient of $\frac{1}{x^{2}}$ in the expansion of $\left(3 x+\frac{2}{3 x^{2}}\right)^{7}$.

## Question 37

The coefficient of $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(1-p x)^{5}$ is -2160 . Find the value of the constant $p$.

## Question 38

(i) In the binomial expansion of $\left(2 x-\frac{1}{2 x}\right)^{5}$, the first three terms are $32 x^{5}-40 x^{3}+20 x$. Find the remaining three terms of the expansion.
(ii) Hence find the coefficient of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(1+4 x^{2}\right)\left(2 x-\frac{1}{2 x}\right)^{5}$.

Question 39
Find the coefficient of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(\frac{2}{x}-3 x\right)^{5}$.

## Question 40

The term independent of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(2 x+\frac{k}{x}\right)^{6}$, where $k$ is a constant, is 540 .
(i) Find the value of $k$.
(ii) For this value of $k$, find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion.

## Question 41

(i) Expand $(1+y)^{6}$ in ascending powers of $y$ as far as the term in $y^{2}$.
(ii) In the expansion of $\left(1+\left(p x-2 x^{2}\right)\right)^{6}$ the coefficient of $x^{2}$ is 48 . Find the value of the positive constant $p$.

## Question 42

The coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(4+a x)\left(1+\frac{x}{2}\right)^{6}$ is 3 . Find the value of the constant $a$.
Question 43
Find the term independent of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(2 x+\frac{1}{4 x^{2}}\right)^{6}$.

## Question 44

The coefficient of $\frac{1}{x}$ in the expansion of $\left(2 x+\frac{a}{x^{2}}\right)^{5}$ is 720 .
(a) Find the possible values of the constant $a$.
(b) Hence find the coefficient of $\frac{1}{x^{7}}$ in the expansion.

## Question 45

(a) Expand $(1+a)^{5}$ in ascending powers of $a$ up to and including the term in $a^{3}$.
(b) Hence expand $\left[1+\left(x+x^{2}\right)\right]^{5}$ in ascending powers of $x$ up to and including the term in $x^{3}$, simplifying your answer.
Question 46
(a) Find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(x-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{6}$.
(b) Find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(2+3 x^{2}\right)\left(x-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{6}$.

## Question 47

The coefficient of $\frac{1}{x}$ in the expansion of $\left(k x+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{5}+\left(1-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{8}$ is 74 .
Find the value of the positive constant $k$.

## Question 48

In the expansion of $(a+b x)^{7}$, where $a$ and $b$ are non-zero constants, the coefficients of $x, x^{2}$ and $x^{4}$ are the first, second and third terms respectively of a geometric progression.

Find the value of $\frac{a}{b}$.
Question 49

The coefficient of $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $(1+k x)(1-2 x)^{5}$ is 20 .
Find the value of the constant $k$.

## Question 50

In the expansion of $\left(2 x^{2}+\frac{a}{x}\right)^{6}$, the coefficients of $x^{6}$ and $x^{3}$ are equal.
(a) Find the value of the non-zero constant $a$.
(b) Find the coefficient of $x^{6}$ in the expansion of $\left(1-x^{3}\right)\left(2 x^{2}+\frac{a}{x}\right)^{6}$.

Question 51
(a) Find the first three terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$, of $(1+x)^{5}$.
(b) Find the first three terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$, of $(1-2 x)^{6}$.
(c) Hence find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(1+x)^{5}(1-2 x)^{6}$.

Question 52
(a) Write down the first four terms of the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$, of $(a-x)^{6}$.
(b) Given that the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(1+\frac{2}{a x}\right)(a-x)^{6}$ is -20 , find in exact form the possible values of the constant $a$.

## Question 53

The coefficient of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(4 x+\frac{10}{x}\right)^{3}$ is $p$. The coefficient of $\frac{1}{x}$ in the expansion of $\left(2 x+\frac{k}{x^{2}}\right)^{5}$ is $q$.

Given that $p=6 q$, find the possible values of $k$.

## Question 54

(a) Find the first three terms in the expansion of $(3-2 x)^{5}$ in ascending powers of $x$.
(b) Hence find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(4+x)^{2}(3-2 x)^{5}$.

## Question 55

(a) Find the first three terms, in ascending powers of $x$, in the expansion of $(1+a x)^{6}$.
(b) Given that the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(1-3 x)(1+a x)^{6}$ is -3 , find the possible values of the constant $a$.

Question 56
(a) It is given that in the expansion of $(4+2 x)(2-a x)^{5}$, the coefficient of $x^{2}$ is -15 .

Find the possible values of $a$.
(b) It is given instead that in the expansion of $(4+2 x)(2-a x)^{5}$, the coefficient of $x^{2}$ is $k$. It is also given that there is only one value of $a$ which leads to this value of $k$.

Find the values of $k$ and $a$.

## Question 57

(a) Expand $\left(1-\frac{1}{2 x}\right)^{2}$.
(b) Find the first four terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$, of $(1+2 x)^{6}$.
(c) Hence find the coefficient of $x$ in the expansion of $\left(1-\frac{1}{2 x}\right)^{2}(1+2 x)^{6}$.

## Question 58

Find the term independent of $x$ in each of the following expansions.
(a) $\left(3 x+\frac{2}{x^{2}}\right)^{6}$
(b) $\left(3 x+\frac{2}{x^{2}}\right)^{6}\left(1-x^{3}\right)$

Question 59
The coefficient of $x^{3}$ in the expansion of $\left(p+\frac{1}{p} x\right)^{4}$ is 144 .
Find the possible values of the constant $p$.
Question 60
The coefficient of $x^{4}$ in the expansion of $(3+x)^{5}$ is equal to the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(2 x+\frac{a}{x}\right)^{6}$.

Find the value of the positive constant $a$.

## Question 61

The coefficient of $x^{4}$ in the expansion of $\left(2 x^{2}+\frac{k^{2}}{x}\right)^{5}$ is $a$. The coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(2 k x-1)^{4}$ is $b$.
(a) Find $a$ and $b$ in terms of the constant $k$.
(b) Given that $a+b=216$, find the possible values of $k$.

## Question 62

(a) Find the first three terms in ascending powers of $x$ of the expansion of $(1+2 x)^{5}$.
(b) Find the first three terms in ascending powers of $x$ of the expansion of $(1-3 x)^{4}$.
(c) Hence find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(1+2 x)^{5}(1-3 x)^{4}$.

## Question 63

The coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(1+\frac{2}{p} x\right)^{5}+(1+p x)^{6}$ is 70 .
Find the possible values of the constant $p$.

## Question 64

In the expansion of $\left(\frac{x}{a}+\frac{a}{x^{2}}\right)^{7}$, it is given that

$$
\frac{\text { the coefficient of } x^{4}}{\text { the coefficient of } x}=3
$$

Find the possible values of the constant $a$.

## Question 65

(a) Give the complete expansion of $\left(x+\frac{2}{x}\right)^{5}$.
(b) In the expansion of $\left(a+b x^{2}\right)\left(x+\frac{2}{x}\right)^{5}$, the coefficient of $x$ is zero and the coefficient of $\frac{1}{x}$ is 80 . Find the values of the constants $a$ and $b$.

## Question 66

The coefficient of $x^{4}$ in the expansion of $(x+a)^{6}$ is $p$ and the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(a x+3)^{4}$ is $q$. It is given that $p+q=276$.

Find the possible values of the constant $a$.

## Question 67

(a) Find the first three terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$, of $(2+3 x)^{4}$.
(b) Find the first three terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$, of $(1-2 x)^{5}$.
(c) Hence find the coefficient of $x^{2}$ in the expansion of $(2+3 x)^{4}(1-2 x)^{5}$.

