## **SATPREP**

## Assignment: Binomial Theorem

1. Write out the following binomial expansions.

(i) 
$$(x+1)^4$$

(ii) 
$$(1+x)^7$$

(iii) 
$$(x+2)^5$$

(iv) 
$$(2x+1)^6$$

(v) 
$$(2x-3)^4$$

(vi) 
$$(2x+3y)^3$$

(vii) 
$$\left(x-\frac{2}{x}\right)^3$$

(viii) 
$$\left(x + \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^4$$

(ix) 
$$\left(3x^2 - \frac{2}{x}\right)^5$$

In these expansions, find the coefficient of these terms. 2.

(i) 
$$x^5 \text{ in } (1+x)^8$$

(iii) 
$$x^4 \text{ in } (1-x)^{10}$$

(iii) 
$$x^6$$
 in  $(1+3x)^{12}$ 

(iv) 
$$x^7$$
 in  $(1-2x)^{15}$ 

(iv) 
$$x^7 \text{ in } (1-2x)^{15}$$
 (v)  $x^2 \text{ in } \left(x^2 + \frac{2}{x}\right)^{10}$ 

- Find the first three terms, in descending powers of x, in the expansion 3. of  $\left(2x-\frac{2}{x}\right)^4$ .
- Find the first three terms, in ascending powers of x, in the expansion  $(2 + kx)^6$ . 4.
- Find the first three terms, in ascending powers of x, in the expansion 5.  $(1-2x)^6$ .
  - (ii) Hence find the coefficients of x and  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $(4-x)(2-4x)^6$ .
- (i) Find the first three terms, in descending powers of x, in the expansion 6.  $\left(4x-\frac{k}{2}\right)^6$ .
  - (ii) Given that the value of the term in the expansion which is independent of x is 240, find possible values of k.
- Find the first three terms, in descending powers of x, in the expansion of 7.  $\left(x^2-\frac{1}{x}\right)^6$ .
  - (ii) Find the coefficient of  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $\left(x^2 \frac{1}{x}\right)^6$ .

- 8. (i) Find the first three terms, in descending powers of x, in the expansion of  $\left(x \frac{2}{x}\right)^5$ .
  - (ii) Hence find the coefficient of x in the expansion of  $\left(4 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)\left(x \frac{2}{x}\right)^5$ .
- 9. (i) Show that  $(2+x)^4 = 16 + 32x + 24x^2 + 8x^3 + x^4$  for all x.
  - (ii) Find the values of x for which  $(2+x)^4 = 16 + 16x + x^4$ .
- 10. The first three terms in the expansion of  $(2 + ax)^n$ , in ascending powers of x, are  $32 40x + bx^2$ . Find the values of the constants n, a and b.
- 11. (i) Find the first three terms in the expansion of  $(2 x)^6$  in ascending powers of x.
  - (ii) Find the value of k for which there is no term in  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $(1 + kx)(2 x)^6$ .
- 12. (i) Find the first three terms in the expansion of  $(1 + ax)^5$  in ascending powers of x.
  - (ii) Given that there is no term in x in the expansion of  $(1 2x)(1 + ax)^5$ , find the value of the constant a.
  - (iii) For this value of a, find the coefficient of  $x^2$  in the expansion of (1 2x)  $(1 + ax)^5$ .

## Answer

1. (i) 
$$x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 1$$

(ii) 
$$1+7x+21x^2+35x^3+35x^4$$
  
 $+21x^5+7x^6+x^7$ 

(iii) 
$$x^5 + 10x^4 + 40x^3 + 80x^2 + 80x + 32$$

(iv) 
$$64x^6 + 192x^5 + 240x^4 + 160x^3 + 60x^2 + 12x + 1$$

(v) 
$$16x^4 - 96x^3 + 216x^2 - 216x + 81$$

(vi) 
$$8x^3 + 36x^2y + 54xy^2 + 27y^3$$

(vii) 
$$x^3 - 6x + \frac{12}{x} - \frac{8}{x^3}$$

(viii) 
$$x^4 + 8x + \frac{24}{x^2} + \frac{32}{x^5} + \frac{16}{x^8}$$

(ix) 
$$243x^{10} - 810x^7 + 1080x^4 - 720x + \frac{240}{x^2} - \frac{32}{x^5}$$

(iv) 
$$-823680$$

3. 
$$16x^4 - 64x^2 + 96$$

4. 
$$64 + 192kx + 240k^2x^2$$

5. (i) 
$$1-12x+60x^2$$

6. (i) 
$$4096x^6 - 6144kx^3 + 3840k^2$$

(ii) 
$$\pm \frac{1}{4}$$

7. (i) 
$$x^{12} - 6x^9 + 15x^6$$

(ii) 
$$-20$$

8. (i) 
$$x^5 - 10x^3 + 40x$$

9. (ii) 
$$x = 0, -1 \text{ and } -2$$

9. (ii) 
$$x = 0, -1 \text{ and } -2$$
  
10.  $n = 5, a = -\frac{1}{2}, b = 20$   
11. (i)  $64 - 192x + 240x^2$   
(ii)  $1.25$ 

11. (i) 
$$64 - 192x + 240x^2$$

12. (i) 
$$1 + 5ax + 10a^2x^2$$

(iii) 
$$a = \frac{2}{5}$$

(iii) 
$$-2.4$$