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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

16 May 2025

**Zone A** morning | **Zone B** morning | **Zone C** morning

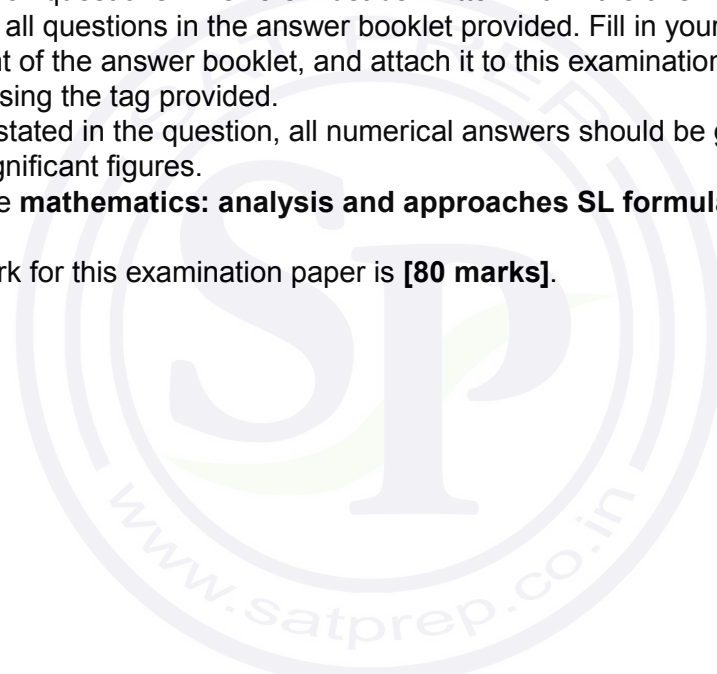
Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches SL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

### Section A

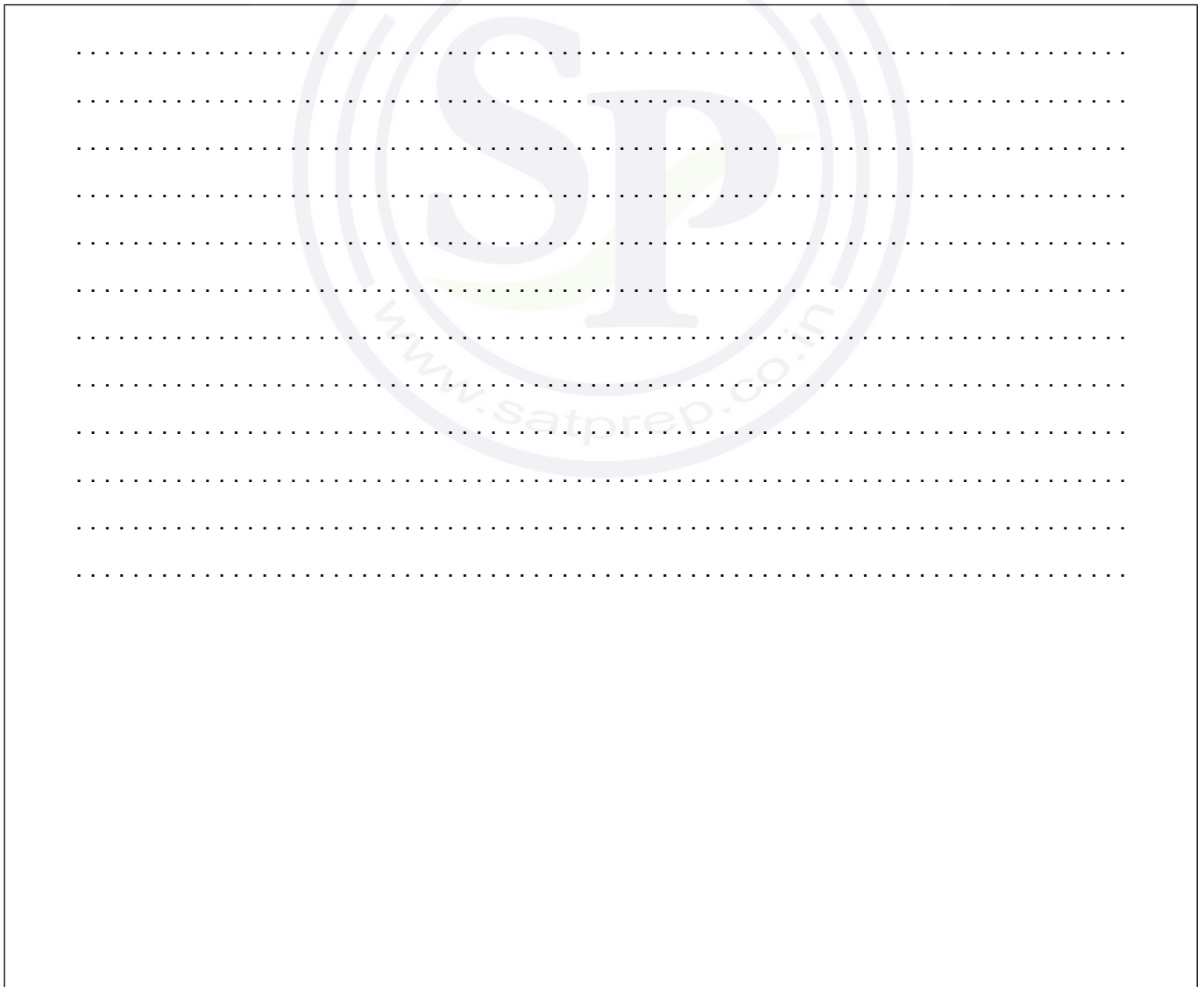
Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{(x-1)^2}{x}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x \neq 0$ .

(a) Show that  $\frac{(x-1)^2}{x} = x - 2 + \frac{1}{x}$ . [2]

(b) Hence, find  $\int f(x) dx$ . [3]



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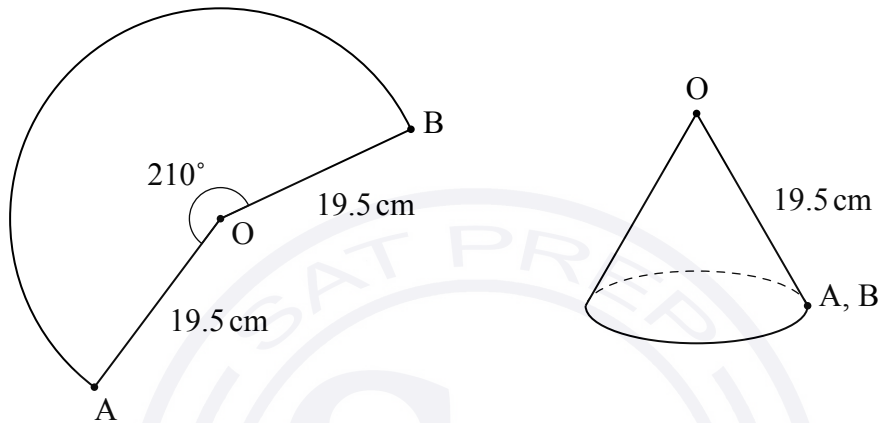
2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The points A and B lie on a circle, with centre O and radius 19.5 cm, such that  $\widehat{BOA} = 210^\circ$ .

A piece of paper is cut into the shape of the sector BOA.

A hollow cone with no base is constructed from the sector by joining the points A and B. The sector forms the curved surface of the cone.

This is shown in the following diagrams.



Find

- (a) the area of the sector BOA; [3]
- (b) the radius of the cone. [3]

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4. [Maximum mark: 6]

A population,  $P$ , has a rate of change modelled by  $\frac{dP}{dt} = -104000e^{-0.0145t}$ , where  $t$  is the time measured in years since the **start** of 2022.

At the start of 2022, the population was  $6.78 \times 10^6$ .

Based on this model, find the predicted population at the start of 2026.

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5. [Maximum mark: 8]

In a study, measurements for arm span,  $A$  cm, and foot length,  $F$  cm, are taken from a large group of adults.

For this group, the regression line of  $F$  on  $A$  is found to be  $F = 0.335A - 32.6$ , and the regression line of  $A$  on  $F$  is found to be  $A = 2.89F + 99.3$ . Each regression line passes through the mean point.

- (a) By using an appropriate regression line, find an estimate of the arm span for an adult with a foot length of 19.8 cm. [2]
- (b) For this group of adults, find the mean arm span and the mean foot length. [3]

The heights,  $H$  cm, of adults in the group can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean 163 cm and standard deviation  $\sigma$  cm.

It is found that 88% of the group have a height between 153 cm and 173 cm.

- (c) Find the value of  $\sigma$ . [3]

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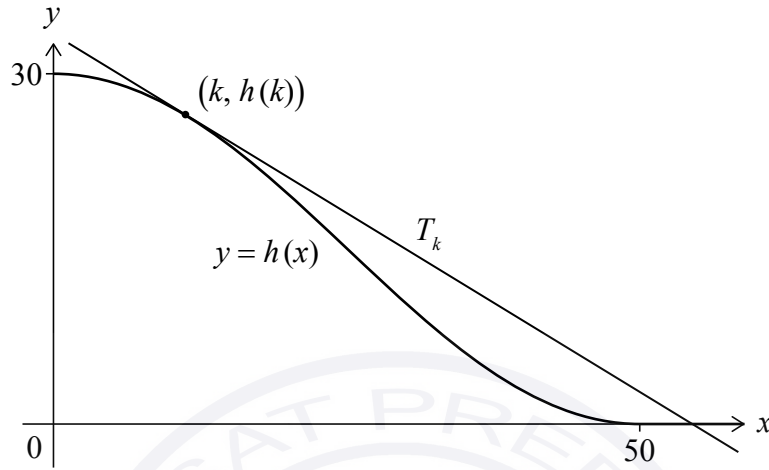
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6. [Maximum mark: 6]

Consider the function  $h(x) = 15\cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{50}\right) + 15$ , where  $0 \leq x \leq 50$ .

The tangent,  $T_k$ , to the curve  $y = h(x)$  at the point  $(k, h(k))$  is shown on the following diagram.



(a) Find the gradient of  $T_k$  in terms of  $k$ . [3]

Consider the case where the angle between  $T_k$  and the  $x$ -axis is  $\frac{\pi}{8}$  radians.

(b) Find the possible values of  $k$ . [3]

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### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 14]

Lynn is playing a game with two unbiased six-sided dice, each with faces marked with the integers from 1 to 6.

In each round, she throws both dice once. The outcomes can be displayed in the following sample space diagram, which has been partially completed:

		Die 2					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
Die 1	1						
	2		2,2				
	3				3,4		
	4						
	5			5,3			
	6						

Lynn scores points according to the following rules.

- If the two dice show the same score, she scores 10 points.
- If the two dice show scores which have a difference of one, for example the scores 4 and 5 in any order, she scores 5 points.
- Otherwise, she scores 0 points.

(a) Show that the probability that Lynn scores 5 points in one round is  $\frac{5}{18}$ . [2]

(b) Find the probability that Lynn scores no points in one round. [2]

The random variable  $X$  represents the number of points Lynn scores in one round.

(c) Find  $E(X)$ . [4]

(d) Hence, estimate the total number of points that Lynn scores if she plays 90 rounds. [2]

A prize is awarded to any player who scores more than 40 points in total.

Lynn plays exactly five rounds.

(e) Find the probability that Lynn wins a prize. [4]



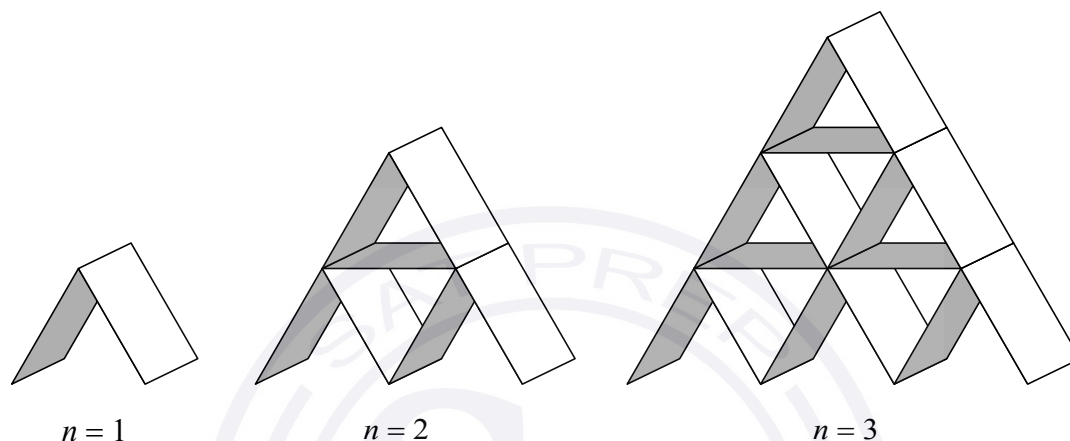
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8. [Maximum mark: 16]

Rectangular playing cards are stacked in the shape of a pyramid with  $n$  rows, where  $n \geq 1$ .

Some cards are placed horizontally and some cards are stacked at an angle of  $60^\circ$  to the horizontal.

The following diagrams represent pyramid stacks for  $n = 1$ ,  $n = 2$  and  $n = 3$ .



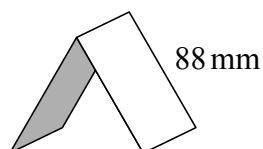
Let  $t_n$  represent the number of cards used to create a pyramid stack with  $n$  rows.

- (a) Write down  $t_3$ . [1]
- (b) Find  $t_4$ . [2]
- (c) Show that  $t_n = \frac{n(3n+1)}{2}$ . [3]

There are 52 cards in a full pack of playing cards.

- (d) A complete pyramid stack is created using playing cards taken from 14 full packs. Find the maximum number of rows in this stack. [3]
- (e) A complete pyramid stack is created using playing cards taken from full packs with no cards left over. Find the minimum number of rows in this stack. [2]

The long edge of each playing card measures 88 mm as illustrated in the following diagram.



- (f) Find the minimum number of cards needed to create a complete pyramid stack with a vertical height of more than 2 metres. The thickness of the cards may be ignored. [5]



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9. [Maximum mark: 15]

Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{2-2x}{x+2}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x \neq -2$ .

(a) Show that  $f^{-1}(x) = f(x)$ . [3]

The point  $P\left(k, \frac{2-2k}{k+2}\right)$  is the point on the graph of  $y = f(x)$  that is closest to the origin  $(0, 0)$ .

(b) (i) Find the value of  $k$ .

(ii) Hence, write down the coordinates of  $P$ . [4]

Consider the function  $g(x) = \frac{2-3x}{cx+d}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x \neq -\frac{d}{c}$ , and  $c, d \neq 0$ .

The graph of  $y = g(x)$  has a vertical asymptote and a horizontal asymptote.

(c) In terms of  $c$  and  $d$ , write down the equation of

(i) the vertical asymptote;

(ii) the horizontal asymptote. [2]

It is given that  $g^{-1}(x) = g(x)$ .

(d) Find the value of  $d$ . [2]

Consider the case where  $c = 1$ .

(e) Sketch the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{g(x)}$ , showing the values of any intercepts with the axes and including any asymptotes, labelled with their equations. [4]



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12EP11



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12EP12

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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

16 May 2025

**Zone A** morning | **Zone B** morning | **Zone C** morning

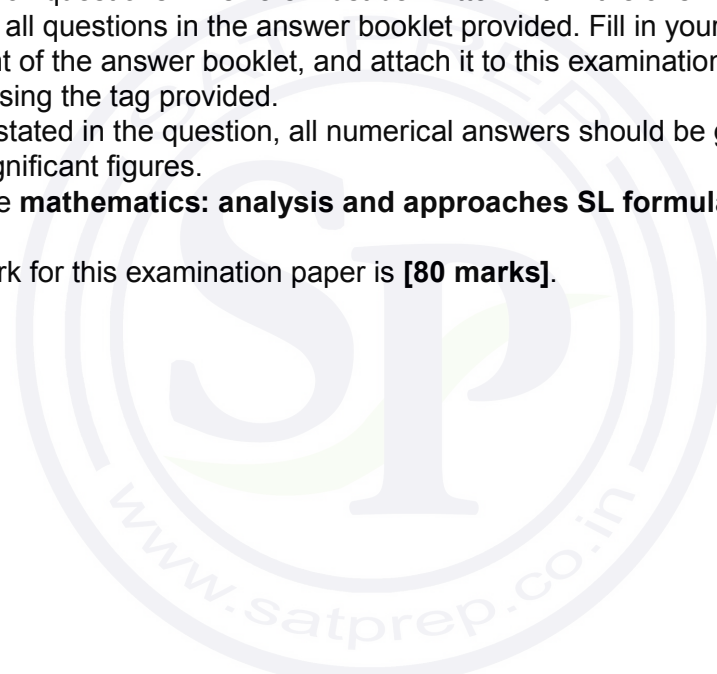
Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



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**Section A**

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 4]

The following table shows the number of hours of play time,  $x$ , and sleep time,  $y$ , for a group of six children, over the period of one week.

Play time ( $x$ )	11	13	14	17	22	24
Sleep time ( $y$ )	62	65	68	75	84	87

The regression line of  $y$  on  $x$  for this data can be written in the form  $y = ax + b$ .

- (a) Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ . [2]
- (b) Use the equation of the regression line to estimate the sleep time of a child whose weekly play time is 20 hours. [2]

[A large rectangular area with dotted lines for writing answers to questions 1(a) and 1(b).]

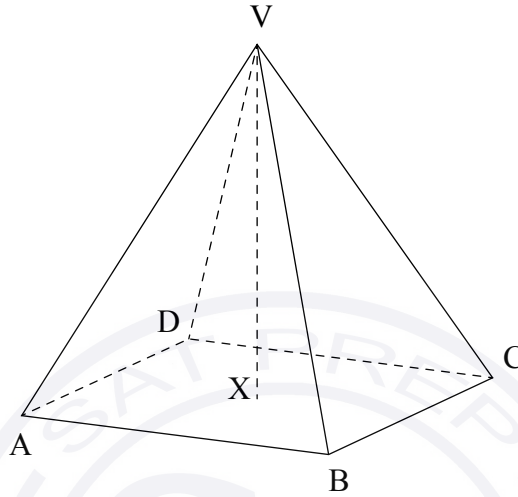


2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows a square-based right-pyramid with vertex  $V(1, 7, 0)$ .

Point  $X(-3, 4, 2)$  is the centre of the base  $ABCD$ .

diagram not to scale



(a) Find  $VX$ . [2]

The square base has side length 5 cm.

(b) Find  $AC$ . [2]

(c) Find the size of the angle between the edge  $[VC]$  and the base of the pyramid. [2]

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3. [Maximum mark: 6]

The derivative of a function  $f$  is given by  $f'(x) = 4 + 2x - 3e^x$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(a) Find the values of  $x$  for which  $f$  is decreasing. [3]

(b) Find the values of  $x$  for which the graph of  $f$  is concave-up. [3]

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4. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the expansion of  $(2x + k)^{10}$ , where  $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

Given that the coefficient of  $x^6$  is  $8.4 \times 10^6$ , find the possible values of  $k$ .

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5. [Maximum mark: 7]

A particle P moves in a straight line. The velocity  $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$  of P, at time  $t$  seconds is given by  $v(t) = e^{-\sin t} \cos(2t)$ , for  $0 \leq t \leq 5$ .

- (a) Find the maximum speed of P. [2]
- (b) Find the total distance travelled by P. [2]
- (c) Find the acceleration when P changes direction for the **second** time. [3]

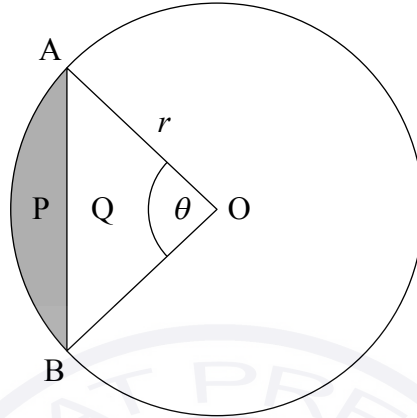
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6. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows a circle with centre  $O$  and radius  $r$  cm. Points  $A$  and  $B$  lie on the circle and  $\widehat{AOB} = \theta$  radians.

Sector  $OAB$  is divided into two regions, a shaded segment  $P$  and a triangle  $Q$ .



The area of the shaded segment  $P$  is  $12.8 \text{ cm}^2$ .

The areas of  $P$  and  $Q$  are in the ratio  $3 : 5$ .

Find the value of  $r$ .

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### Section B

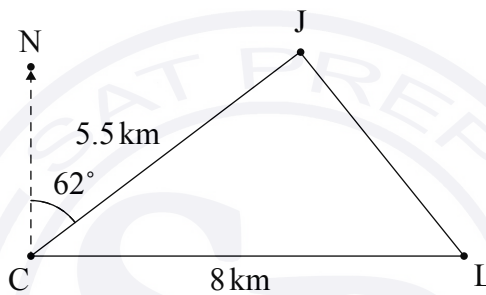
Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 15]

A lighthouse, L, is located 8 kilometres due East of a coastguard station, C, on a straight stretch of coastline.

The coastguard station sees a Jet Ski, J, on a bearing of  $062^\circ$  and at a distance of 5.5 kilometres. This is shown on the following diagram.

diagram not to scale



(a) Find JL.

[4]

(This question continues on the following page)

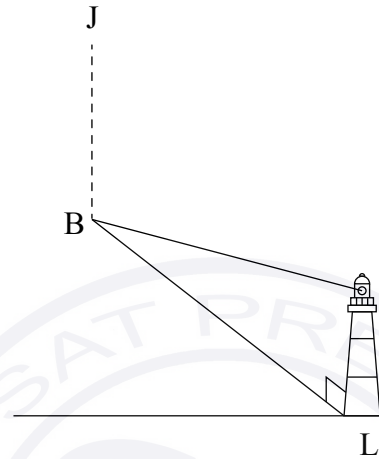


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**(Question 7 continued)**

While travelling due South, the Jet Ski breaks down at point B, before it reaches the coastline. The position of the Jet Ski at B and the lighthouse are shown in the following diagram.

**diagram not to scale**



From the top of the 60-metre-tall lighthouse, the angle of depression to the Jet Ski at B, is measured to be  $0.94^\circ$ .

- (b) Find BL. [3]

The bearing from the Jet Ski at B to the lighthouse is  $121^\circ$ .

- (c) Find the bearing from L to B. [2]

The jet-skier sets off a distress flare which is seen at the lighthouse and the coastguard station at the same time.

The lighthouse has a small rescue boat which travels at a speed of  $48 \text{ kmh}^{-1}$ .

- (d) Find the time, in minutes, for the lighthouse rescue boat to reach the Jet Ski at B. [2]

The coastguard rescue boat travels at a speed of  $55 \text{ kmh}^{-1}$  and sets out at the same time as the lighthouse rescue boat.

- (e) Determine which rescue boat reaches the Jet Ski first. Justify your answer. [4]



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8. [Maximum mark: 17]

At Adam's Apple Orchard the weights of apples,  $W$ , in grams, are normally distributed with a mean 175 grams and standard deviation 8 grams.

- (a) Find the probability that a randomly chosen apple weighs less than 170 grams. [2]
- (b) It is found that 20% of the apples weigh more than  $w$  grams. Find  $w$ , correct to four significant figures. [2]

All orchards classify an apple as premium when its weight is between 170 and 185 grams.

- (c) Find the percentage of apples that are classified as premium at Adam's Apple Orchard. [2]

After orders are completed, there are many apples left over. Boxes are filled with randomly chosen left-over apples. Each box contains 40 apples.

- (d) Find the probability that a randomly chosen box contains at least 30 premium apples. [3]
- (e) If 10 of these boxes are randomly selected, find the probability that exactly 4 boxes have at least 30 premium apples. [2]

At a neighbouring orchard the weights of apples,  $M$ , in grams, are normally distributed with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ . It is known that:

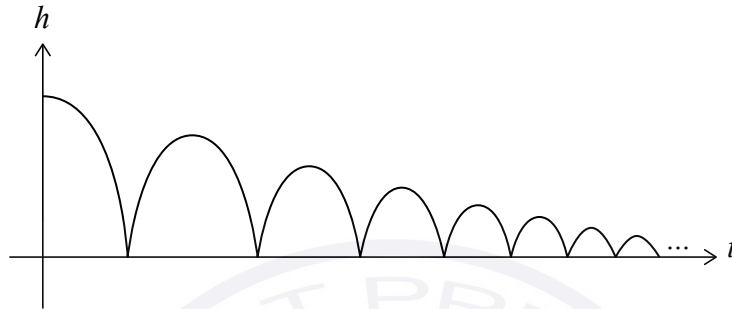
- 82% of their apples are classified as premium
  - the percentage of apples that weigh less than 170 grams is twice the percentage of apples that weigh more than 185 grams.
- (f) Find the value of  $\mu$ . [6]



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9. [Maximum mark: 14]

A tennis ball is dropped from a height. After each bounce the maximum height reached by the ball is  $\frac{2}{3}$  of its previous maximum height. This can be seen in the diagram below where  $h$ , in metres, is the height of a ball after  $t$  seconds.



A box contains tennis balls. Each ball satisfies the condition of rebounding to  $\frac{2}{3}$  of their previous maximum height. The tennis balls are numbered Ball 1, 2, 3, ...

Ball 1 is dropped from a height of 10 metres.

- (a) Find the maximum height of Ball 1 after the 5th bounce. [3]
- (b) Find the total distance travelled by Ball 1 immediately before the 5th bounce. [3]

Let  $\delta$  be the total distance travelled by any of these balls.

- (c) A ball is dropped from a height of  $x$  metres. Show that  $\delta = 5x$  metres. [3]

Let  $\delta_1$  be the total distance travelled by Ball 1.

- (d) Write down the value of  $\delta_1$ . [1]

Ball 2 is dropped from a height of 9.56 metres.

Let  $\delta_2$  be the total distance travelled by Ball 2, and so on for each ball in the box.

It is given that  $\delta_1, \delta_2, \delta_3, \dots$  form an arithmetic sequence.

- (e) Determine which tennis ball is the first ball to travel less than 25 metres. [4]





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12EP12

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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

16 May 2025

**Zone A** morning | **Zone B** morning | **Zone C** morning

Candidate session number

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1 hour 30 minutes

**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches SL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

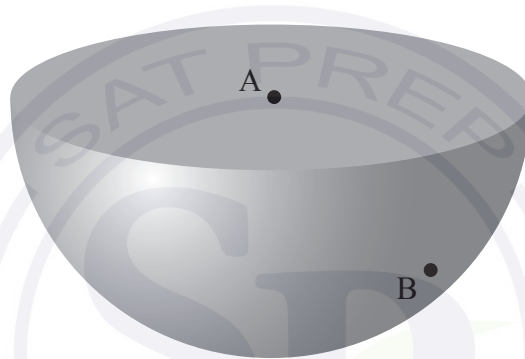
### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 5]

The following diagram shows a solid hemisphere with centre  $A(6, -1, -3)$ .

Point  $B(4, -5, -9)$  lies on the curved surface.



- (a) Find  $AB$ , the radius of the hemisphere. [2]
- (b) Hence, find the total surface area of the solid hemisphere. [3]

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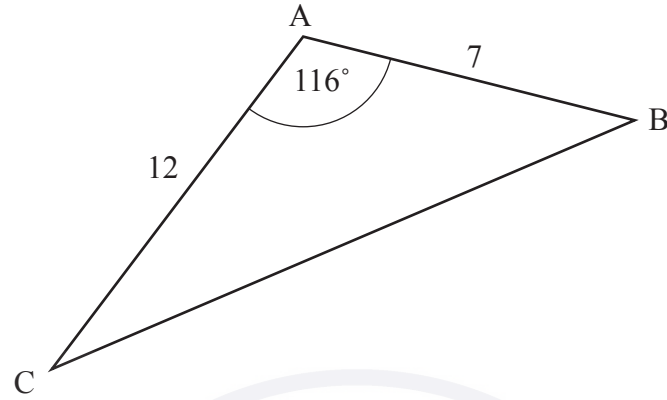
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2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows a triangle  $ABC$ , with  $AB = 7$ ,  $AC = 12$  and  $\hat{BAC} = 116^\circ$ .

diagram not to scale



(a) Find  $BC$ .

[3]

(b) Find  $\hat{ACB}$ .

[3]

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4. [Maximum mark: 6]

A supermarket analyses the shopping habits of its customers.

The number of times,  $X$ , each customer visits the supermarket in a week is given by the following probability distribution.

$x$	1	2	3	4	5	$\geq 6$
$P(X=x)$	$1.5a$	$2a$	0.281	$a$	0.026	0

- (a) (i) Find the value of  $a$ . [3]
- (ii) Write down the mode of  $X$ . [3]
- (b) Find the mean of  $X$ . [2]

The manager wants to know why customers come to their supermarket. They survey the first 50 customers to arrive at the supermarket on a particular day.

- (c) Identify which one of the following best describes the manager's sampling method. Circle your answer. [1]

Simple random / Systematic / Convenience / Quota / Stratified

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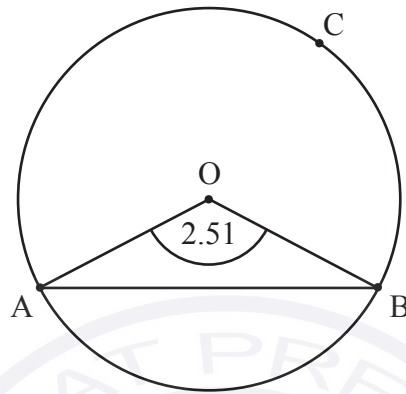


5. [Maximum mark: 5]

The following diagram shows a circle with centre  $O$ .

Points  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  lie on the circle.

diagram not to scale



The area of triangle  $AOB$  is  $26 \text{ cm}^2$  and  $\hat{AOB} = 2.51$  radians.

Find the length of arc  $ACB$ .

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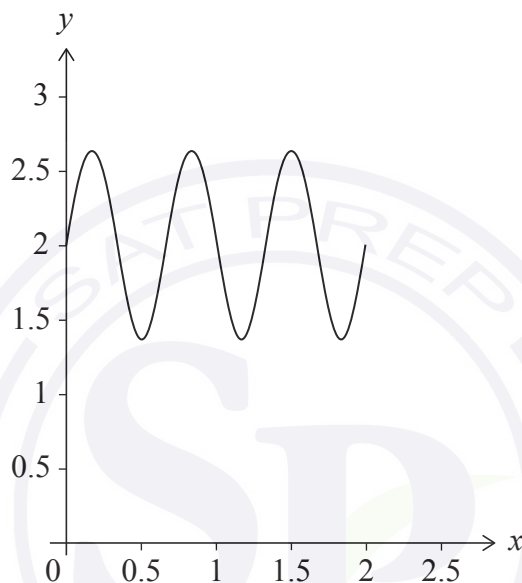
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### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 15]

Consider the function  $f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \sin(3\pi x) + 2$ , where  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ . The following diagram shows the graph of  $f$ .



- (a) (i) Write down the amplitude of  $f$ .  
 (ii) Find the period of  $f$ . [3]
- (b) The point P has coordinates  $(1.63, 2.16)$ . State whether P lies above, below or on the graph of  $f$ . Justify your answer. [3]

The line  $L_1$  has equation  $x - 6y + 11 = 0$ .

- (c) Write down the gradient of the line  $L_1$ . [1]

**(This question continues on the following page)**



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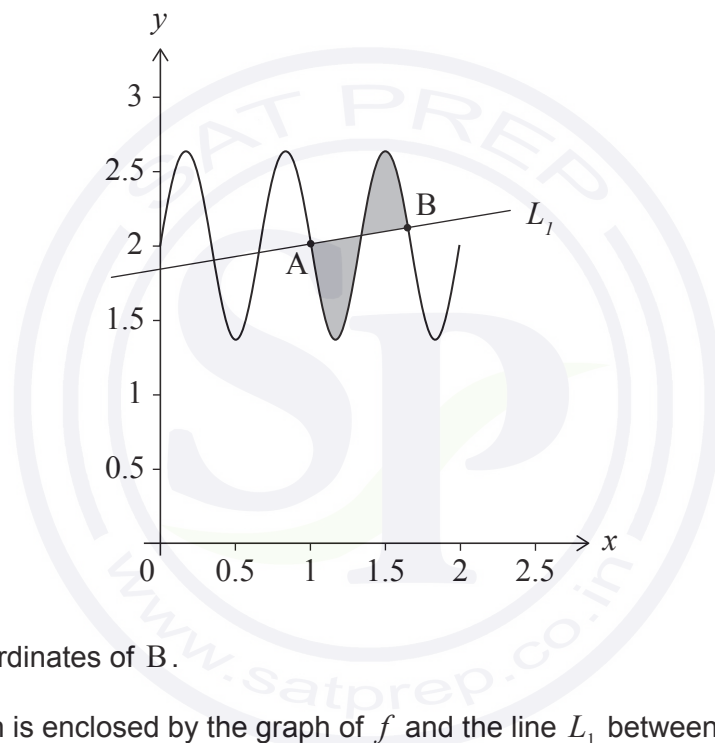
**(Question 7 continued)**

The line  $L_1$  is normal to the graph of  $f$  at point  $A(1, 2)$ .

The line  $L_2$  is tangent to the graph of  $f$  at  $A$ .

- (d) (i) Find the gradient of  $L_2$ .
- (ii) Hence, or otherwise, find the equation of  $L_2$ . [3]

The line  $L_1$  intersects the graph of  $f$  at another point  $B$ , where the  $x$ -coordinate of  $B$  is greater than 1.5. This is shown in the following diagram.



- (e) Find the coordinates of  $B$ . [2]

The shaded region is enclosed by the graph of  $f$  and the line  $L_1$  between  $A$  and  $B$ .

- (f) Find the area of the shaded region. [3]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

8. [Maximum mark: 17]

Consider a discrete random variable  $X$ .

- (a) State two conditions required for  $X$  to be modelled by a binomial distribution. [2]

A water theme park has two rides: *Daifong* and *Torbellino*. Each visitor's decision to ride on either *Daifong* or *Torbellino* is made independently of any other person.

From previous records, it is expected that 37% of the visitors on any particular day will ride *Daifong*.

On Saturday, 1900 people will visit the theme park.

- (b) Find the number of people that are expected to ride *Daifong*. [2]

- (c) Find the probability that

- (i) 712 people will ride *Daifong*;  
 (ii) between 684 and 712 people, inclusive, will ride *Daifong*. [4]

- (d) Given that between 684 and 712 people, inclusive, will ride *Daifong*, find the probability that at most 692 people will ride *Daifong*. [4]

The ride *Torbellino* is more popular at the theme park. It is expected that 61% of the visitors on any particular day will ride *Torbellino*.

It can be assumed that the probability a person will ride *Daifong* is independent of them riding *Torbellino*.

- (e) Find the probability that a person will ride both *Daifong* and *Torbellino*. [2]

Next Tuesday  $n$  people will visit the theme park. The probability that at most 500 people will ride *Torbellino* is approximately 0.693.

- (f) Find the value of  $n$ . [3]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

9. [Maximum mark: 14]

Two athletes, Fiona and Lucy, compete in a 200 metres race along a straight track.

Fiona's velocity, in  $\text{ms}^{-1}$ , during the race can be modelled by  $v(t) = \frac{8.14t}{\sqrt{t^2 + 0.2}}$ , where  $t \geq 0$ . Time,  $t$ , is measured in seconds from when the race starts.

- (a) (i) Write down the value of  $v(1)$ .
- (ii) Find the time when Fiona's velocity is  $5 \text{ms}^{-1}$ . [3]
- (b) Find the time when Fiona's acceleration is  $4 \text{ms}^{-2}$ . [2]
- (c) (i) Write down the limit of  $v(t)$  as  $t$  approaches infinity.
- (ii) State a reason why the value in part (c)(i) is not valid in the context of this question. [3]

Lucy's velocity, in  $\text{ms}^{-1}$ , during the race can be modelled by  $w(t) = \frac{8t}{\sqrt{t^2 + 0.3}}$ , where  $t \geq 0$ .

Fiona completes the race and crosses the finishing line in front of Lucy.

- (d) Find the distance Lucy is from the finishing line when Fiona completes the 200 metres. [6]





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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

25 October 2024

**Zone A** morning | **Zone B** morning | **Zone C** morning

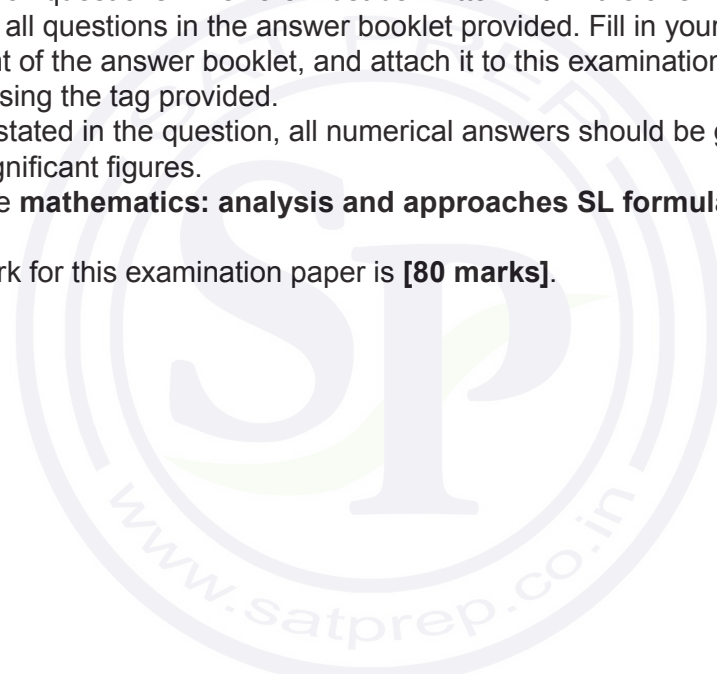
Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches SL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



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### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 7]

Consider the function  $f(x) = 7\sqrt{x} - x - 7$ , where  $0 \leq x \leq 60$ .

(a) Find the value of

(i)  $f(0)$ ;

(ii)  $f(60)$ .

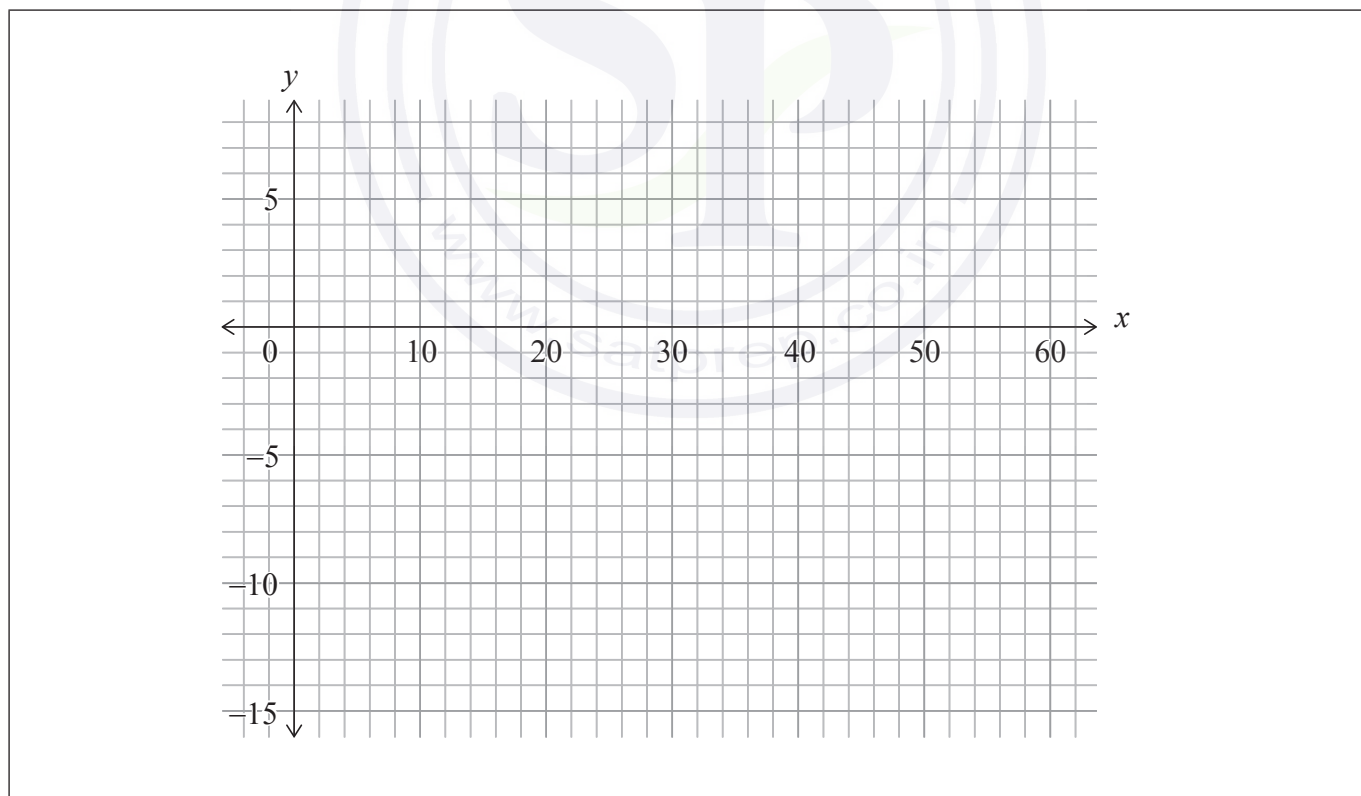
[2]

(b) Find the two roots of  $f(x) = 0$ .

[2]

(c) Sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  on the following grid.

[3]



(This question continues on the following page)



(Question 1 continued)

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2. [Maximum mark: 4]

Find the coefficient of  $x^8$  in the expansion of  $(2x - 5)^{11}$ .

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3. [Maximum mark: 6]

(a) Find  $\int (e^{3x} + 5) dx$ . [3]

It is given that  $h'(x) = e^{3x} + 5$  and  $h(2.1) = 185$ .

(b) Find  $h(x)$ . [3]

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will not be marked.



4. [Maximum mark: 5]

A discrete random variable,  $X$ , has the following probability distribution:

$$P(X = x) = \frac{kx}{15} \text{ for } x \in \{2, 4, 7, 10\}.$$

(a) Find the value of  $k$ .

[2]

(b) Find  $E(X)$ .

[3]

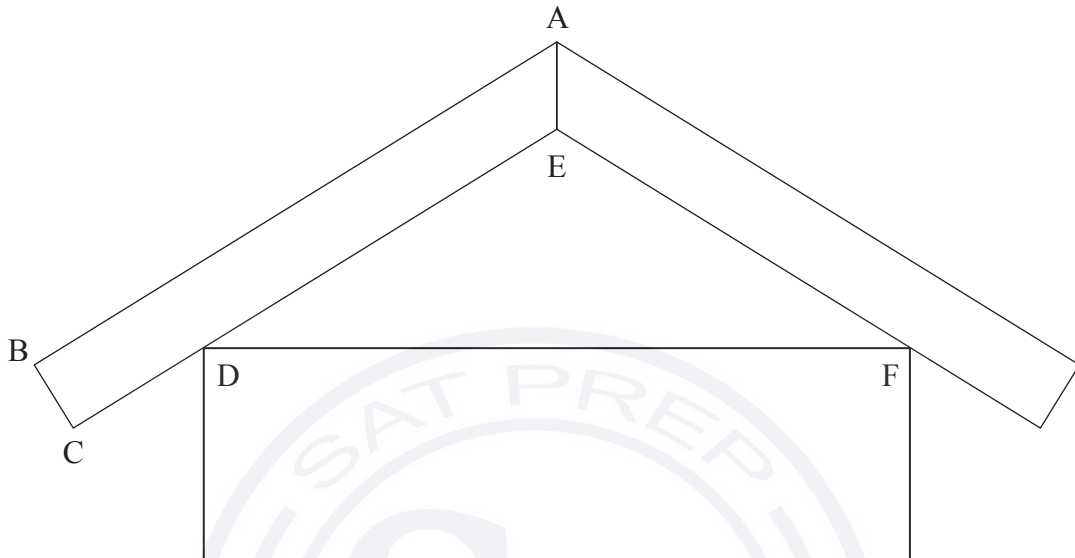
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5. [Maximum mark: 8]

The following diagram shows the cross section of the roof of a house. The cross section is symmetrical about the vertical line through points A and E.

diagram not to scale



The gradient of [BA] is  $\frac{4}{15}$ .

(a) Find the size of  $\hat{BAE}$ , expressing your answer in degrees.

[3]

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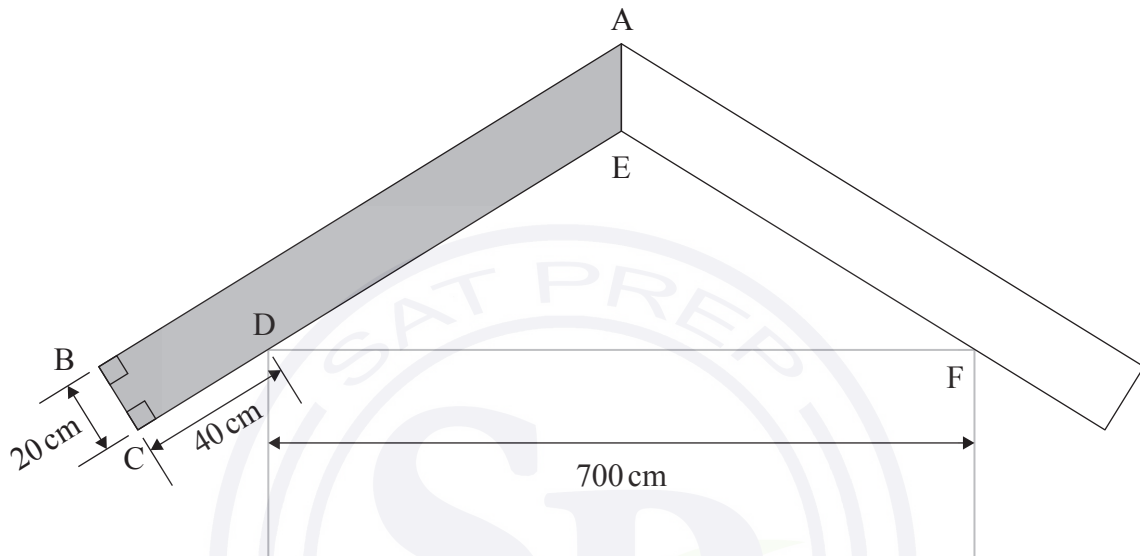
**(Question 5 continued)**

A builder requires the lengths of the sides [BA] and [CE].

The builder has the following measurements:

$\hat{A}BC = \hat{B}CE = 90^\circ$ ,  $DC = 40$  cm,  $BC = 20$  cm, and  $DF = 700$  cm.

**diagram not to scale**



- (b) Find
  - (i) CE;
  - (ii) BA.

[5]

Area for student response with horizontal dotted lines.





Please **do not** write on this page.

Answers written on this page  
will not be marked.



6. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the function  $h(x) = \log_{10}(3x^2 - rx + r - 2)$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

Find the possible values of  $r$ .

[5]

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### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 14]

*MyLife* is a social media platform with 89.8 million users, all aged 12 years old and above. The following frequency table shows the number of users by age group.

Age, $a$ (years)	Millions of users
$12 \leq a < 18$	5.8
$18 \leq a < 35$	42.7
$35 \leq a < 55$	26.3
$55 \leq a < 75$	12.9
$75 \leq a < 95$	2.1
<b>Total</b>	<b>89.8</b>

- (a) Find the percentage of *MyLife* users aged 55 years or older. [1]
- (b) A sample of 1000 *MyLife* users is chosen at random. Find the probability that fewer than 150 of them are aged 55 years or older. [3]
- (c) Given that a *MyLife* user chosen at random is 55 years or older, find the probability that they are 75 years or older. [4]
- (d) List the mid-interval value for each class interval. [1]
- (e) Hence, for *MyLife* users, estimate
- (i) the mean age;
- (ii) the variance of the ages. [3]

(This question continues on the following page)



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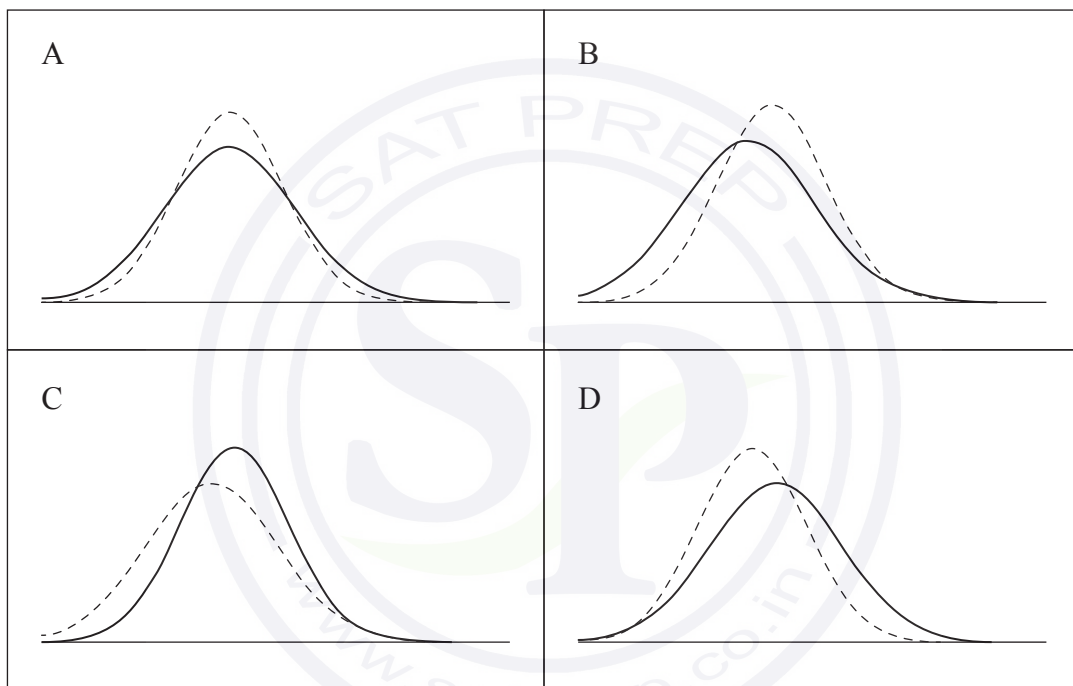
**(Question 7 continued)**

A different social media platform, *SmallTalk*, reports that its users have a mean age of 29.9 years and a variance of 137 years<sup>2</sup>.

The following four diagrams represent age distributions.

- (f) (i) Identify the diagram which best represents the age distributions for the users of *MyLife* and *SmallTalk*.
- (ii) In your chosen diagram, identify which social media platform is represented by the dotted line.

[2]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

8. [Maximum mark: 15]

The following table shows the population of Canada  $t$  years after the year 2000.

$t$ (years after 2000)	0	5	10	15	20
$p$ (population in millions)	30.6	32.3	34.1	35.6	38.0

A student uses linear regression to model the population of Canada using these data. The student model is  $p = at + b$ .

(a) (i) Write down the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ .

(ii) Interpret, in context, the value of  $a$ .

[3]

The student uses this model to predict the population of Canada in the year 2030, where  $t = 30$ , and calculates a population of approximately 41.4 million people.

(b) Comment on the reliability of the student's prediction.

[1]

A data scientist, Benoit, uses additional information to develop an exponential model for Canada's future population.

In this model,  $B(t) = 30.6(1.007)^t$  represents the millions of people in Canada  $t$  years after the year 2000, where  $25 \leq t \leq 100$ .

(c) (i) Use Benoit's model to predict the population of Canada in the year 2100.

(ii) Interpret, in context, the value 1.007 in Benoit's model.

[3]

**(This question continues on the following page)**



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

**(Question 8 continued)**

Another data scientist, Cecilia, develops a third model for the Canadian population.

In this model,  $C(t) = \frac{61}{1 + e^{-0.03t}}$  represents the millions of people in Canada  $t$  years after the year 2000, where  $25 \leq t \leq 100$ .

- (d) Use Cecilia's model to predict the population of Canada in the year 2100. [1]
- (e) Determine the year in which the difference between the predictions from Benoit's model and Cecilia's model is greatest. [3]
- (f) Find the value of
- (i)  $B'(40)$ ;
  - (ii)  $C'(40)$ . [2]
- (g) Compare and interpret, in context, the values of  $B'(40)$  and  $C'(40)$ . [2]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

9. [Maximum mark: 16]

In this question all values of  $x$  and  $t$  are in radians.

Consider the function  $f(x) = 3 \sin(4\pi x)$ .

(a) (i) Write down the amplitude of the graph of  $f$ .

(ii) Find the period of  $f$ .

[3]

Consider a second function  $g(x) = -4 \cos(4\pi x)$ .

The sum of these functions can be expressed in the form  $f(x) + g(x) = a \cos(b(x - c))$ , where  $a, b, c > 0$ .

(b) By considering the graph of  $y = f(x) + g(x)$ , determine

(i) the value of  $a$ ;

(ii) the value of  $b$ ;

(iii) the smallest possible value of  $c$ .

[4]

A car is travelling along a straight residential street with speed bumps placed at regular intervals on the road to encourage safer driving. The car travels at a minimum velocity when passing over speed bumps and reaches a maximum velocity in between speed bumps.

Its velocity, in  $\text{m s}^{-1}$ , can be modelled by the function  $v(t) = -3.5 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{14}(t - 5)\right) + 9$ , where  $t$  is measured in seconds.

(c) Find the time at which the car first reaches its maximum velocity.

[1]

(d) Find the number of speed bumps the car passes over in the first two minutes of motion.

[1]

(e) (i) Find  $v'(t)$ .

(ii) Hence, or otherwise, write down the maximum acceleration of the car.

[4]

(f) Find the distance, in metres, between consecutive speed bumps.

[3]



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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

25 October 2024

**Zone A** morning | **Zone B** morning | **Zone C** morning

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches SL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 7]

Consider the function  $f(x) = 11\sqrt{x} - 2x - 11$ , where  $0 \leq x \leq 20$ .

(a) Find the value of

(i)  $f(0)$ ;

(ii)  $f(20)$ .

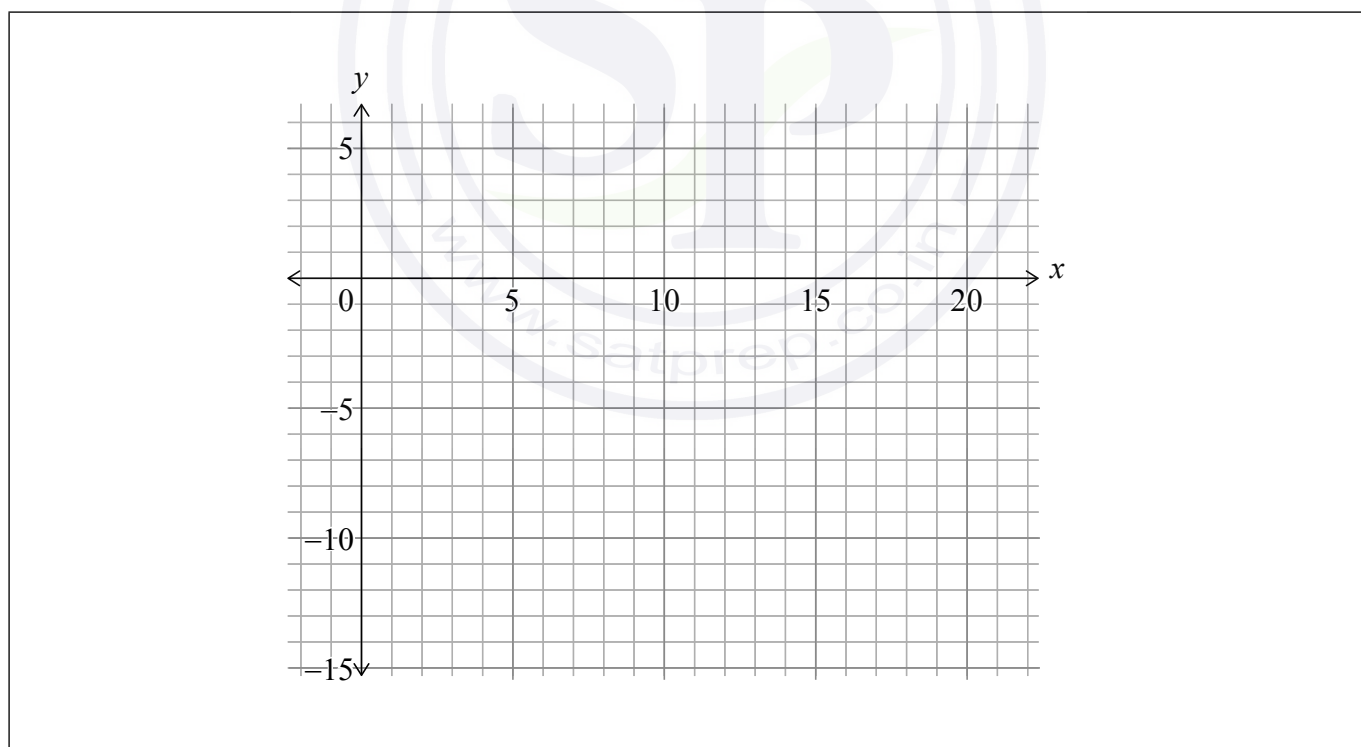
[2]

(b) Find the two roots of  $f(x) = 0$ .

[2]

(c) Sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$  on the following grid.

[3]



(This question continues on the following page)



(Question 1 continued)

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2. [Maximum mark: 4]

Find the coefficient of  $x^6$  in the expansion of  $(2x - 5)^9$ .

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3. [Maximum mark: 6]

(a) Find  $\int (e^{4x} + 6) dx$ . [3]

It is given that  $h'(x) = e^{4x} + 6$  and  $h(1.5) = 105$ .

(b) Find  $h(x)$ . [3]

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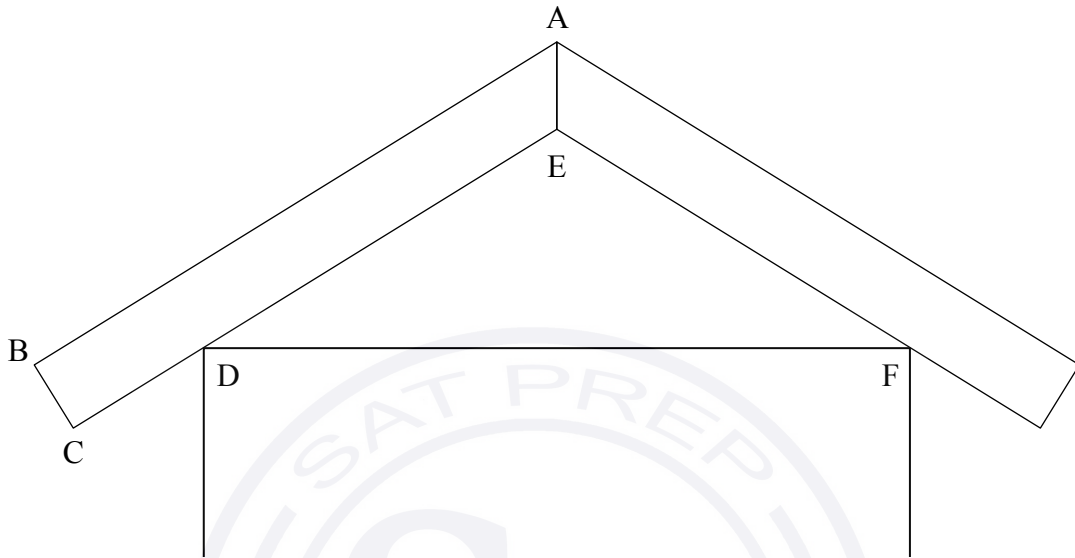




5. [Maximum mark: 8]

The following diagram shows the cross section of the roof of a house. The cross section is symmetrical about the vertical line through points A and E.

diagram not to scale



The gradient of [BA] is  $\frac{7}{12}$ .

(a) Find the size of  $\hat{BAE}$ , expressing your answer in degrees.

[3]

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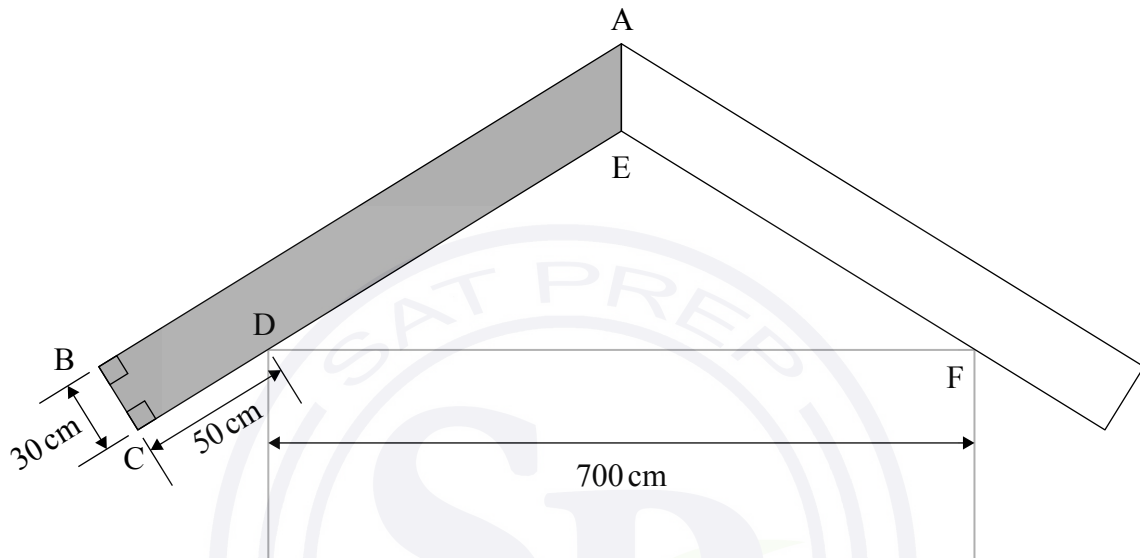
**(Question 5 continued)**

A builder requires the lengths of the sides [BA] and [CE].

The builder has the following measurements:

$\hat{A}BC = \hat{B}CE = 90^\circ$ ,  $DC = 50$  cm,  $BC = 30$  cm, and  $DF = 700$  cm.

**diagram not to scale**



- (b) Find
  - (i) CE;
  - (ii) BA.

[5]

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will not be marked.




6. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the function  $h(x) = \log_{10}(4x^2 - rx + r - 1)$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

Find the possible values of  $r$ .

[5]

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16EP11

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### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 14]

*MyLife* is a social media platform with 93.6 million users, all aged 13 years old and above. The following frequency table shows the number of users by age group.

Age, $a$ (years)	Millions of users
$13 \leq a < 18$	5.5
$18 \leq a < 25$	23.6
$25 \leq a < 45$	43.5
$45 \leq a < 65$	17.3
$65 \leq a < 85$	3.7
<b>Total</b>	<b>93.6</b>

- (a) Find the percentage of *MyLife* users aged 45 years or older. [1]
- (b) A sample of 1000 *MyLife* users is chosen at random. Find the probability that fewer than 200 of them are aged 45 years or older. [3]
- (c) Given that a *MyLife* user chosen at random is 45 years or older, find the probability that they are 65 years or older. [4]
- (d) List the mid-interval value for each class interval. [1]
- (e) Hence, for *MyLife* users, estimate
- (i) the mean age;
- (ii) the variance of the ages. [3]

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**(Question 7 continued)**

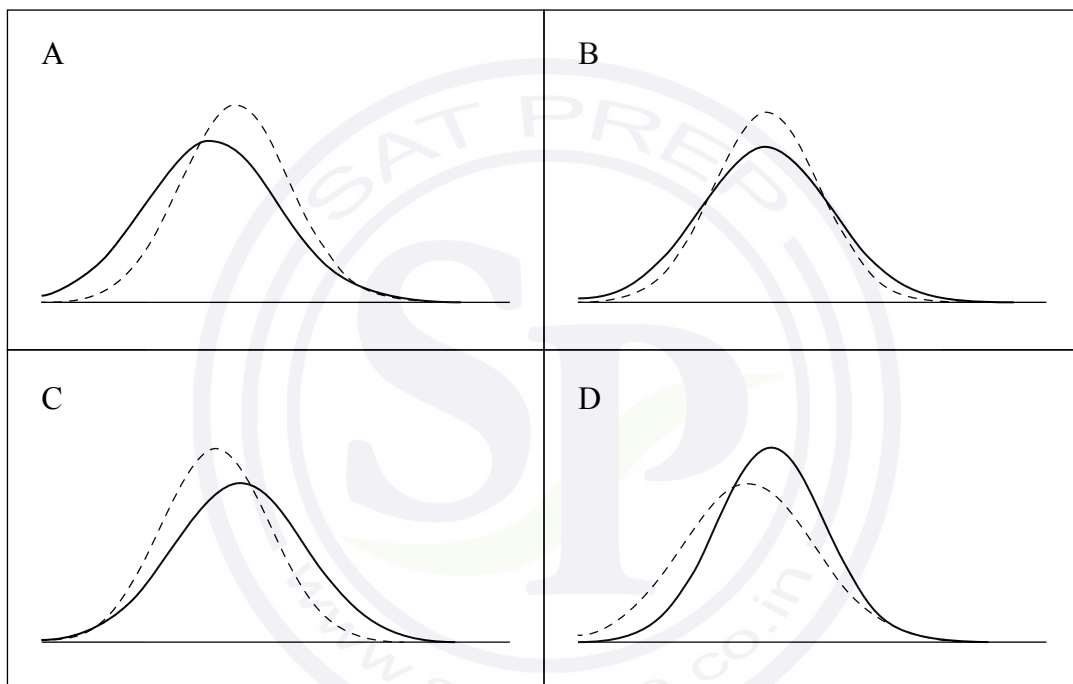
A different social media platform, *SmallTalk*, reports that its users have a mean age of 29.9 years and a variance of 137 years<sup>2</sup>.

The following four diagrams represent age distributions.

(f) (i) Identify the diagram which best represents the age distributions for the users of *MyLife* and *SmallTalk*.

(ii) In your chosen diagram, identify which social media platform is represented by the solid line.

[2]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

8. [Maximum mark: 15]

The following table shows the population of Canada  $t$  years after the year 2000.

$t$ (years after 2000)	0	5	10	15	20
$p$ (population in millions)	30.7	32.2	34.0	35.7	37.9

A student uses linear regression to model the population of Canada using these data. The student model is  $p = at + b$ .

(a) (i) Write down the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ .

(ii) Interpret, in context, the value of  $a$ .

[3]

The student uses this model to predict the population of Canada in the year 2030, where  $t = 30$ , and calculates a population of approximately 41.3 million people.

(b) Comment on the reliability of the student's prediction.

[1]

A data scientist, Benoit, uses additional information to develop an exponential model for Canada's future population.

In this model,  $B(t) = 33.5(1.005)^t$  represents the millions of people in Canada  $t$  years after the year 2000, where  $25 \leq t \leq 100$ .

(c) (i) Use Benoit's model to predict the population of Canada in the year 2100.

(ii) Interpret, in context, the value 1.005 in Benoit's model.

[3]

**(This question continues on the following page)**



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

**(Question 8 continued)**

Another data scientist, Cecilia, develops a third model for the Canadian population.

In this model,  $C(t) = \frac{62}{1 + e^{-0.02t}}$  represents the millions of people in Canada  $t$  years after the year 2000, where  $25 \leq t \leq 100$ .

- (d) Use Cecilia's model to predict the population of Canada in the year 2100. [1]
- (e) Determine the year in which the difference between the predictions from Benoit's model and Cecilia's model is greatest. [3]
- (f) Find the value of
- (i)  $B'(75)$ ;
  - (ii)  $C'(75)$ . [2]
- (g) Compare and interpret, in context, the values of  $B'(75)$  and  $C'(75)$ . [2]



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9. [Maximum mark: 16]

In this question all values of  $x$  and  $t$  are in radians.

Consider the function  $f(x) = 6 \cos(\pi x)$ .

(a) (i) Write down the amplitude of the graph of  $f$ .

(ii) Find the period of  $f$ .

[3]

Consider a second function  $g(x) = -8 \sin(\pi x)$ .

The sum of these functions can be expressed in the form  $f(x) + g(x) = a \cos(b(x - c))$ , where  $a, b, c > 0$ .

(b) By considering the graph of  $y = f(x) + g(x)$ , determine

(i) the value of  $a$ ;

(ii) the value of  $b$ ;

(iii) the smallest possible value of  $c$ .

[4]

A car is travelling along a straight residential street with speed bumps placed at regular intervals on the road to encourage safer driving. The car travels at a minimum velocity when passing over speed bumps and reaches a maximum velocity in between speed bumps.

Its velocity, in  $\text{m s}^{-1}$ , can be modelled by the function  $v(t) = -4.5 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{19}(t - 4)\right) + 10.5$ , where  $t$  is measured in seconds.

(c) Find the time at which the car first reaches its maximum velocity.

[1]

(d) Find the number of speed bumps the car passes over in the first two minutes of motion.

[1]

(e) (i) Find  $v'(t)$ .

(ii) Hence, or otherwise, write down the maximum acceleration of the car.

[4]

(f) Find the distance, in metres, between consecutive speed bumps.

[3]



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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

2 May 2024

**Zone A** morning | **Zone B** morning | **Zone C** morning

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

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- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



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### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 7]

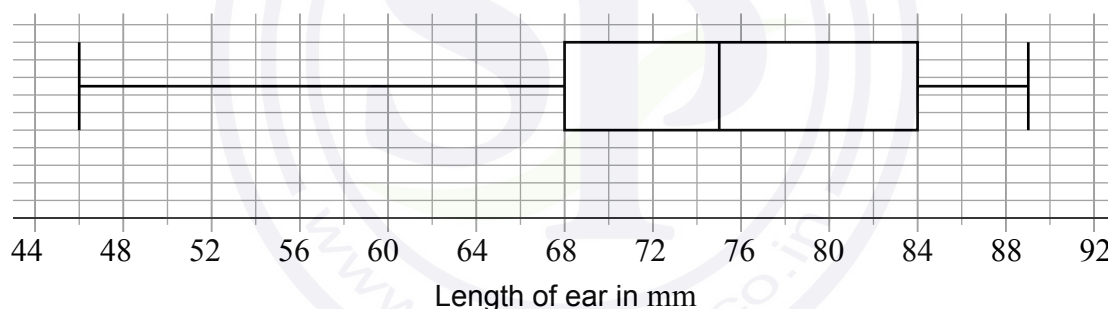
Janie claims that rabbits in Australia have longer ears than rabbits in Spain.

To test her claim, a randomly selected sample of rabbits was collected in each country.

The length of one ear of each rabbit was measured and the value recorded correct to the nearest millimetre (mm).

In the Australian sample, the median recorded value was 80 mm and the interquartile range was 11 mm.

The recorded values for the Spanish sample are shown in the following box and whisker diagram.



(a) Complete the following table for the recorded values of the lengths of the rabbits' ears in each sample. [3]

	Australia	Spain
Median (mm)	80	
Interquartile range (mm)	11	

(This question continues on the following page)



**(Question 1 continued)**

(b) Justifying your answers, compare the distributions of the lengths of rabbits' ears in Australia and Spain using

(i) the median;

(ii) the interquartile range.

[4]

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16EP03

2. [Maximum mark: 7]

Darren buys a car for \$35 000. The value of the car decreases by 15% in the first year.

- (a) Find the value of the car at the end of the first year. [2]

After the first year, the value of the car decreases by 11% in each subsequent year.

- (b) Find the value of Darren's car 10 years after he buys it, giving your answer to the nearest dollar. [2]

When Darren has owned the car for  $n$  complete years, the value of the car is less than 10% of its original value.

- (c) Find the least value of  $n$ . [3]

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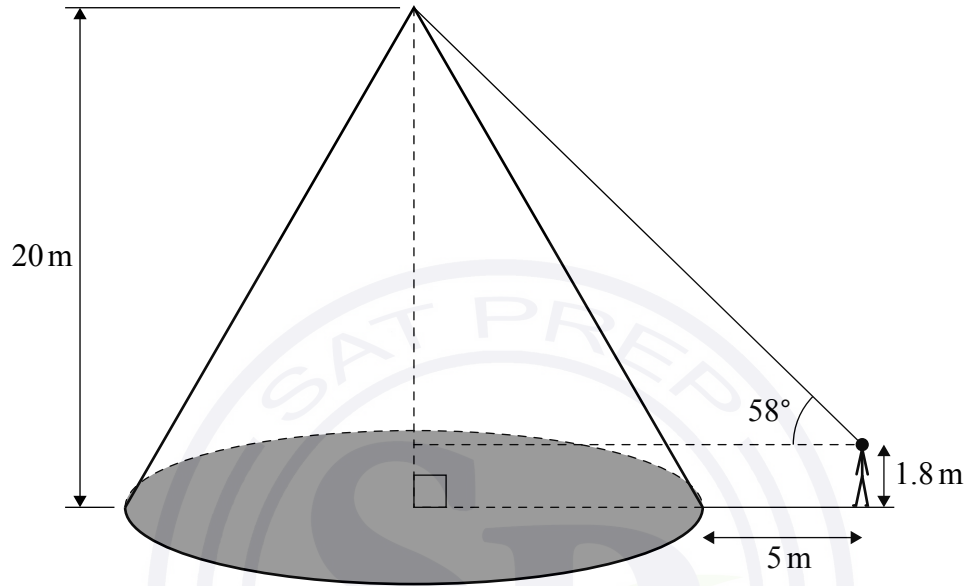
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3. [Maximum mark: 5]

A monument is in the shape of a right cone with a vertical height of 20 metres. Oliver stands 5 metres from the base of the monument. His eye level is 1.8 metres above the ground and the angle of elevation from Oliver's eye level to the vertex of the cone is  $58^\circ$ , as shown on the following diagram.

diagram not to scale



- (a) Find the radius of the base of the cone. [3]
- (b) Find the volume of the monument. [2]

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4. [Maximum mark: 4]

The random variable  $X$  is normally distributed with mean 10 and standard deviation 2.

(a) Find the probability that  $X$  is more than 1.5 standard deviations above the mean. [2]

The probability that  $X$  is more than  $k$  standard deviations above the mean is 0.1, where  $k \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(b) Find the value of  $k$ . [2]

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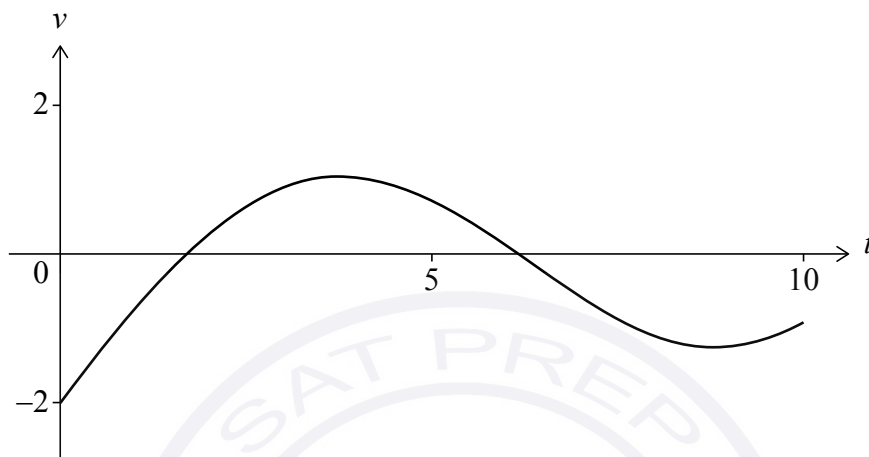
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5. [Maximum mark: 6]

A particle moves in a straight line such that it passes through a fixed point O at time  $t = 0$ , where  $t$  represents time measured in seconds after passing O. For  $0 \leq t \leq 10$  its velocity,  $v$  metres per second, is given by  $v = 2 \sin(0.5t) + 0.3t - 2$ .

The graph of  $v$  is shown in the following diagram.



- (a) Find the smallest value of  $t$  when the particle changes direction. [2]

The displacement of the particle is measured in metres from O.

- (b) Find the range of values of  $t$  for which the displacement of the particle is increasing. [2]
- (c) Find the displacement of the particle relative to O when  $t = 10$ . [2]

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6. [Maximum mark: 7]

A class is given two tests, Test A and Test B. Each test is scored out of a total of 100 marks. The scores of the students are shown in the following table.

Student	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Test A	52	71	100	93	81	80	88	100	70	61
Test B	58	80	92	98	90	82	100	100	65	74

Let  $x$  be the score on Test A and  $y$  be the score on Test B.

The teacher finds that the equation of the regression line of  $y$  on  $x$  for these scores is  $y = 0.822x + 18.4$ .

- (a) Find the value of Pearson’s product-moment correlation coefficient,  $r$ . [2]

Giovanni was absent for Test A and Paulo was absent for Test B.

The teacher uses the regression line of  $y$  on  $x$  to estimate the missing scores.

Paulo scored 10 on Test A.

The teacher estimated his score on Test B to be 27 to the nearest integer using the following calculation:

$$y = 0.822(10) + 18.4 \approx 27$$

- (b) Give a reason why this method is not appropriate for Paulo. [1]

Giovanni scored 90 on Test B.

The teacher estimated his score on Test A to be 87 to the nearest integer using the following calculation:

$$90 = 0.822x + 18.4, \text{ so } x = \frac{90 - 18.4}{0.822} \approx 87$$

- (c) (i) Give a reason why this method is not appropriate for Giovanni.  
 (ii) Use an appropriate method to show that the estimated Test A score for Giovanni is 86 to the nearest integer. [4]

(This question continues on the following page)



(Question 6 continued)

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**Section B**

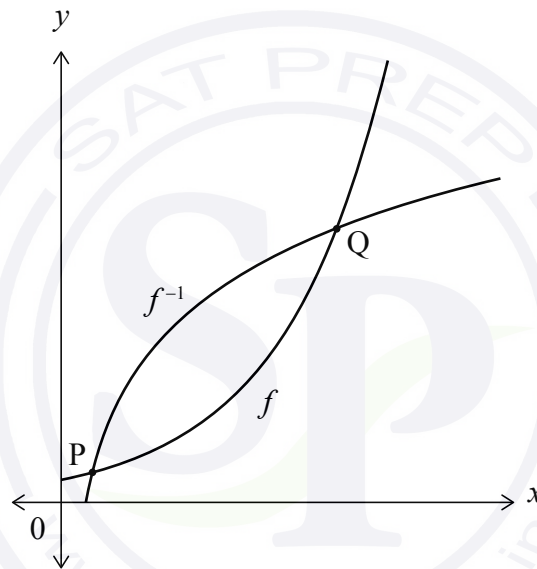
Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 12]

Consider the function defined by  $f(x) = \frac{3}{2}e^{x-2}$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 4$ .

(a) Show that the inverse function is given by  $f^{-1}(x) = 2 + \ln\left(\frac{2x}{3}\right)$ . [3]

The graphs of  $f$  and  $f^{-1}$  intersect at two points P and Q, as shown on the following diagram.



(b) Find PQ. [3]

The graph of  $f$  is reflected in the  $x$ -axis and then translated parallel to the  $y$ -axis by 5 units in the positive direction to give the graph of a function  $g$ .

(c) Write down

(i) an expression for  $g(x)$ ;

(ii) the domain of  $g$ . [3]

(d) Solve the equation  $f(x) = g(x)$ . Give your answer in the form  $x = a + \ln b$ , where  $a, b \in \mathbb{Q}$ . [3]



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8. [Maximum mark: 16]

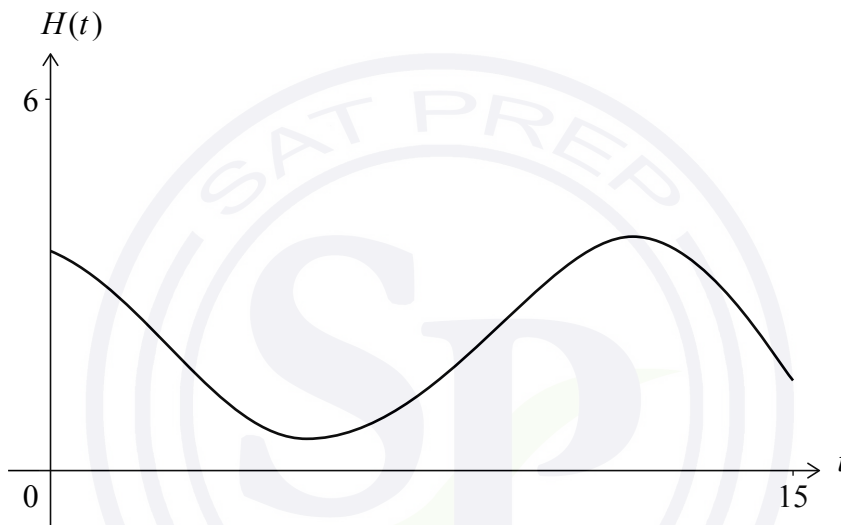
Sule Skerry and Rockall are small islands in the Atlantic Ocean, in the same time zone.

On a given day, the height of water in metres at Sule Skerry is modelled by the function  $H(t) = 1.63 \sin(0.513(t - 8.20)) + 2.13$ , where  $t$  is the number of hours after midnight.

The following graph shows the height of the water for 15 hours, starting at midnight.

At low tide the height of the water is 0.50 m. At high tide the height of the water is 3.76 m.

All heights are given correct to two decimal places.



- (a) The length of time between the first low tide and the first high tide is 6 hours and  $m$  minutes. Find the value of  $m$  to the nearest integer. [3]
- (b) Between two consecutive high tides, determine the length of time, in hours, for which the height of the water is less than 1 metre. [2]
- (c) Find the rate of change of the height of the water when  $t = 13$ , giving your answer in metres per hour. [2]

(This question continues on the following page)



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

**(Question 8 continued)**

On the same day, the height of water at the second island, Rockall, is modelled by the function  $h(t) = a \sin(b(t - c)) + d$ , where  $t$  is the number of hours after midnight, and  $a, b, c, d > 0$ .

The first low tide occurs at 02:41 when the height of the water is 0.40 m.

The first high tide occurs at 09:02 when the height of the water is 2.74 m.

(d) Find the values of  $a, b, c$  and  $d$ . [7]

When  $t = T$ , the height of the water at Sule Skerry is the same as the height of the water at Rockall for the first time.

(e) Find the value of  $T$ . [2]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

9. [Maximum mark: 16]

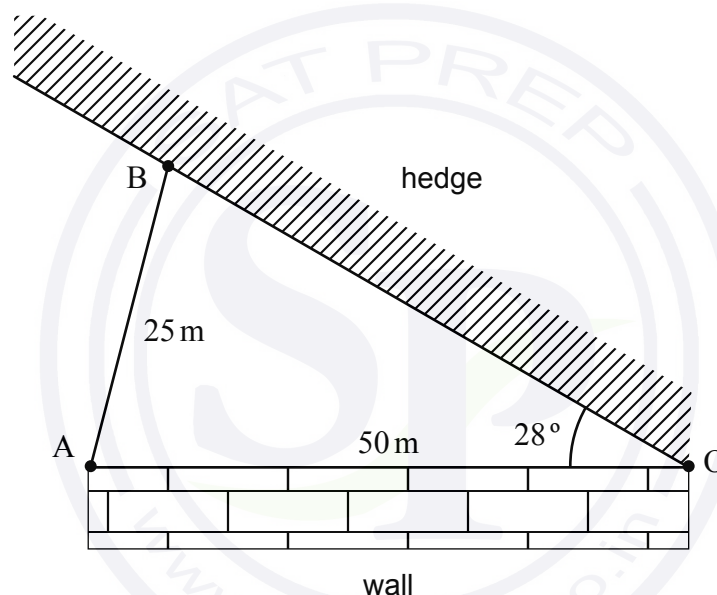
**All angles in this question are given in degrees.**

A farmer owns land which lies between a wall and a hedge. The wall has a length of 50 m and lies between points O and A. The hedge meets the wall at O and the angle between the wall and the hedge is  $28^\circ$ .

The farmer plans to form a triangular field for her prizewinning goats by placing a fence with a fixed length of 25 metres from point A to the hedge. The fence meets the hedge at a point B.

The information is shown on the following diagram.

**diagram not to scale**



(a) (i) Find the two possible sizes of  $\hat{OAB}$ , giving your answers in degrees.

(ii) Hence, find the two possible areas of the triangular field.

[8]

**(This question continues on the following page)**



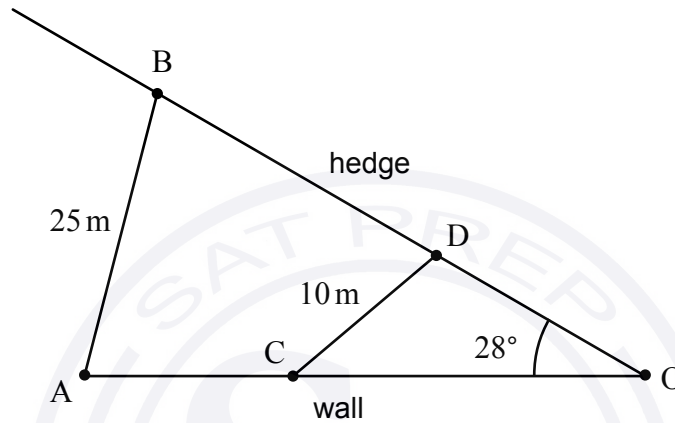
Do **not** write solutions on this page.

**(Question 9 continued)**

One of the goats, Brenda, fights with the other goats. The farmer plans to place a second fence with a fixed length of 10 metres between the wall and the hedge to form a small triangular field inside OAB for Brenda.

The information is shown on the following diagram.

**diagram not to scale**



The small triangular field OCD has an area of  $60 \text{ m}^2$ .

Let  $x$  be the distance OC and let  $y$  be the distance OD.

(b) Show that  $x^2 + y^2 = 100 + \frac{240}{\tan 28^\circ}$ . [5]

(c) Hence, determine the two possible lengths of OC. [3]





Please **do not** write on this page.  
Answers written on this page  
will not be marked.



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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

2 May 2024

**Zone A** morning | **Zone B** morning | **Zone C** morning

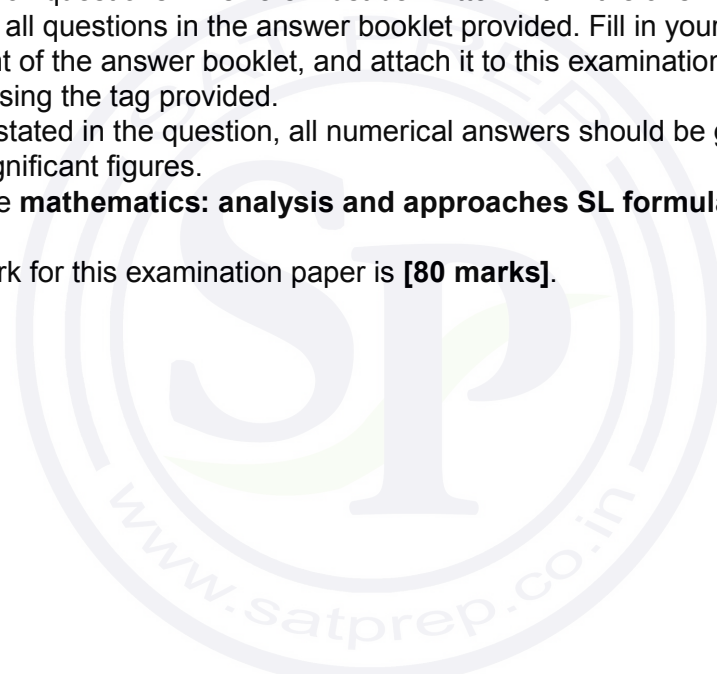
Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches SL formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

**1.** [Maximum mark: 6]

In a study, the mobile phone usage of a random sample of ten students was examined on a particular day.

The length of time,  $t$  hours, that the ten students used their phones for are listed below.

0.7    1.2    1.9    4.0    4.4    4.5    4.9    5.7    6.5    11.7

(a) For these data, find the

(i) median;

(ii) interquartile range.

[3]

An outlier is a value that is less than  $Q_1 - 1.5 \times \text{IQR}$  or greater than  $Q_3 + 1.5 \times \text{IQR}$ .

(b) Show that 11.7 is an outlier.

[3]

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2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The functions  $f$  and  $g$  are both defined for  $-1 \leq x \leq 0$  by

$$f(x) = 1 - x^2$$

$$g(x) = e^{2x}.$$

The graphs of  $f$  and  $g$  intersect at  $x = a$  and  $x = b$ , where  $a < b$ .

(a) Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ . [3]

(b) Find the area of the region enclosed by the graphs of  $f$  and  $g$ . [3]

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3. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the following bivariate data set where  $p, q \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ .

$x$	5	6	6	8	10
$y$	9	13	$p$	$q$	21

The regression line of  $y$  on  $x$  has equation  $y = 2.1875x + 0.6875$ .

The regression line passes through the mean point  $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$ .

(a) Given that  $\bar{x} = 7$ , verify that  $\bar{y} = 16$ .

[1]

(b) Given that  $q - p = 3$ , find the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$ .

[4]

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4. [Maximum mark: 6]

The loudness of a sound,  $L$ , measured in decibels, is related to its intensity,  $I$  units, by  $L = 10 \log_{10}(I \times 10^{12})$ .

Consider two sounds,  $S_1$  and  $S_2$ .

$S_1$  has an intensity of  $10^{-6}$  units and a loudness of 60 decibels.

$S_2$  has an intensity that is twice that of  $S_1$ .

(a) State the intensity of  $S_2$ . [1]

(b) Determine the loudness of  $S_2$ . [2]

The maximum loudness of thunder in a thunderstorm was measured to be 115 decibels.

(c) Find the corresponding intensity,  $I$ , of the thunder. [3]

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5. [Maximum mark: 6]

A particle moves in a straight line such that its velocity,  $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$ , at time  $t$  seconds is given by  $v(t) = 1 + e^{-t} - e^{-\sin 2t}$  for  $0 \leq t \leq 2$ .

- (a) Find the velocity of the particle at  $t = 2$ . [1]
- (b) Find the maximum velocity of the particle. [2]
- (c) Find the acceleration of the particle at the instant it changes direction. [3]

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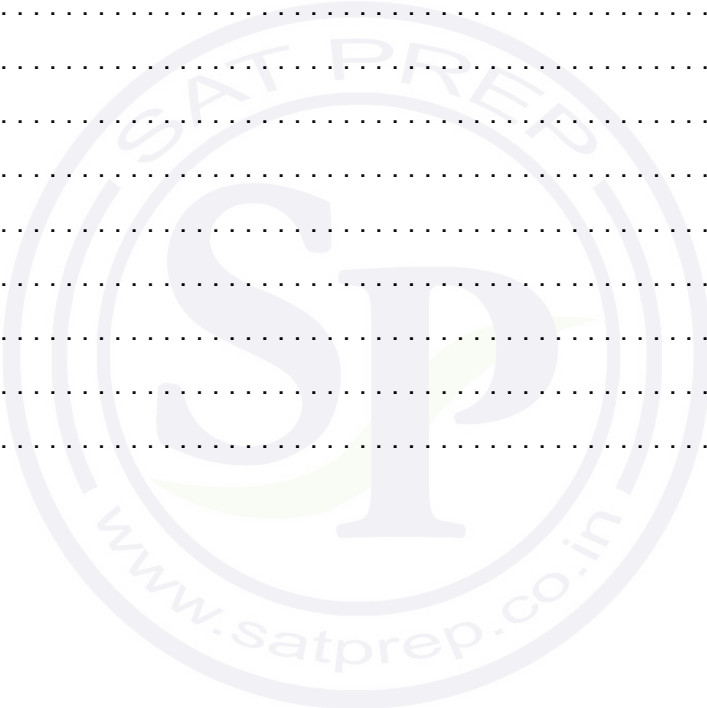
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6. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider a random variable  $X$  such that  $X \sim B(n, 0.25)$ .

Determine the least value of  $n$  such that  $P(X \geq 1) > 0.99$ .

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## Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 14]

A lake contains a type of fish called carp. The lengths,  $L$  cm, of the carp can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean 45.6 cm and standard deviation 4.2 cm.

According to this model, carp with a length between 41.4 cm and  $k$  cm lie within one standard deviation of the mean.

- (a) Write down the value of  $k$ . [2]
- (b) Find the probability that a randomly selected carp is greater than 48 cm in length. [2]
- (c) It is known that 99% of carp in the lake have a length greater than  $x$  cm. Find the value of  $x$ . [2]
- (d) Consider a random sample of 100 carp from the lake.
  - (i) Find the expected number of carp with lengths between 40 cm and 56 cm.
  - (ii) Find the probability that in this sample, exactly 95 carp have a length between 40 cm and 56 cm. [5]

A large sample of carp from the lake is studied. The length of each fish is measured and recorded correct to the nearest 0.1 cm.

- (e) Find the probability that a randomly selected carp has a length recorded as 45.6 cm. [3]



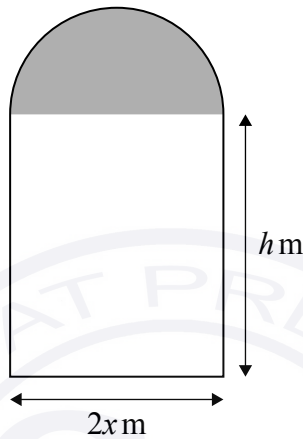
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8. [Maximum mark: 15]

A window is designed in the shape of a semicircle attached to a rectangle.

The rectangular section of the window has dimensions  $2x$  metres by  $h$  metres.

The window consisting of its two sections is shown in the following diagram.



Let the area of the window be  $A$  square metres.

(a) Write down an expression for  $A$  in terms of  $x$  and  $h$ . [2]

Let the perimeter of the window be  $P$  metres.

(b) Given that  $P = 10$ , show that  $h = \frac{1}{2}(10 - 2x - \pi x)$ . [2]

The window is designed to let in the maximum amount of light.

The rectangular section of the window consists of clear glass and lets in three units of light per square metre.

The semicircular section of the window consists of tinted glass and lets in one unit of light per square metre.

(c) Show that the amount of light,  $L$  units, let in by the window is given by  $L = 30x - 6x^2 - \frac{5}{2}\pi x^2$ . [4]

- (d) (i) Find an expression for  $\frac{dL}{dx}$ .
- (ii) Find the value of  $x$  so that the window lets in the maximum amount of light. Justify that this value of  $x$  gives a maximum.
- (iii) Find the value of  $h$  so that the window lets in the maximum amount of light. [7]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

9. [Maximum mark: 17]

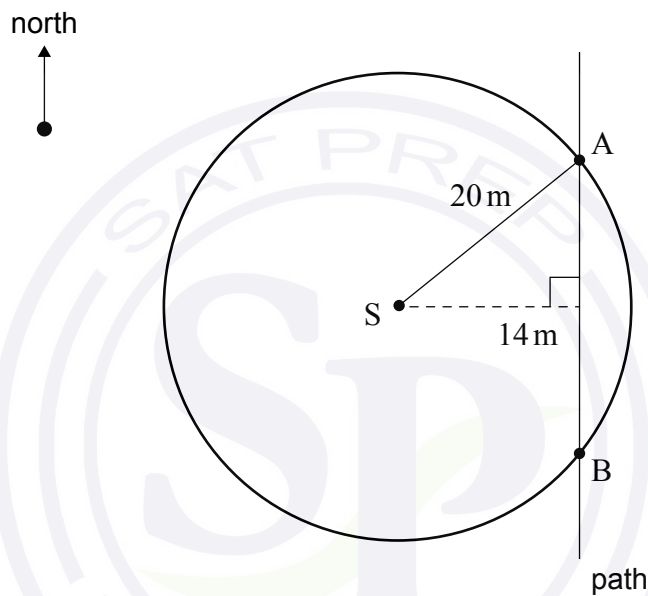
A rotating sprinkler is at a fixed point  $S$ .

It waters all points inside and on a circle of radius 20 metres.

Point  $S$  is 14 metres from the edge of a path which runs in a north-south direction.

The edge of the path intersects the circle at points  $A$  and  $B$ .

This information is shown in the following diagram.



(a) Show that  $AB = 28.57$ , correct to four significant figures. [3]

The sprinkler rotates at a constant rate of one revolution every 16 seconds.

(b) Show that the sprinkler rotates through an angle of  $\frac{\pi}{8}$  radians in one second. [1]

Let  $T$  seconds be the time that  $[AB]$  is watered in each revolution.

(c) Find the value of  $T$ . [4]

**(This question continues on the following page)**



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**(Question 9 continued)**

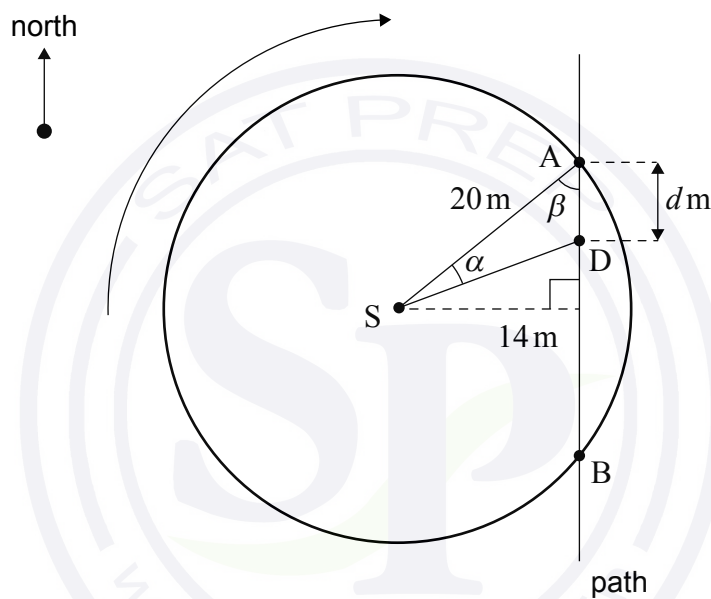
Consider one clockwise revolution of the sprinkler.

At  $t = 0$ , the water crosses the edge of the path at A.

At time  $t$  seconds, the water crosses the edge of the path at a movable point D which is a distance  $d$  metres south of point A.

Let  $\alpha = \widehat{ASD}$  and  $\beta = \widehat{SAB}$ , where  $\alpha, \beta$  are measured in radians.

This information is shown in the following diagram.



- (d) Write down an expression for  $\alpha$  in terms of  $t$ . [1]

It is known that  $\beta = 0.7754$  radians, correct to four significant figures.

- (e) By using the sine rule in  $\triangle ASD$ , show that the distance,  $d$ , at time  $t$ , can be modelled by

$$d(t) = \frac{20 \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{8}\right)}{\sin\left(2.37 - \frac{\pi t}{8}\right)}. \quad [3]$$

**(This question continues on the following page)**



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

**(Question 9 continued)**

A turtle walks south along the edge of the path.

At time  $t$  seconds, the turtle's distance,  $g$  metres south of A, can be modelled by

$$g(t) = 0.05t^2 + 1.1t + 18, \text{ where } t \geq 0.$$

- (f) At  $t = 0$ , state how far south the turtle is from A. [1]

Let  $w$  represent the distance between the turtle and point D at time  $t$  seconds.

- (g) (i) Use the expressions for  $g(t)$  and  $d(t)$  to write down an expression for  $w$  in terms of  $t$ .  
(ii) Hence find when and where on the path the water first reaches the turtle. [4]



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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

31 October 2023

**Zone A** afternoon | **Zone B** afternoon | **Zone C** afternoon

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
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- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 7]

Consider the function defined by  $f(x) = x^2 - 8x$ . The graph of  $f$  passes through the point A(3, -15).

- (a) (i) Find the gradient of the tangent to the graph of  $f$  at the point A. [3]
- (ii) Hence, write down the gradient of the normal to the graph of  $f$  at point A. [3]
- (b) Write down the equation of the normal to the graph of  $f$  at point A. [1]

The normal to the graph of  $f$  at point A intersects the graph of  $f$  again at a second point B.

- (c) Find the coordinates of B. [3]

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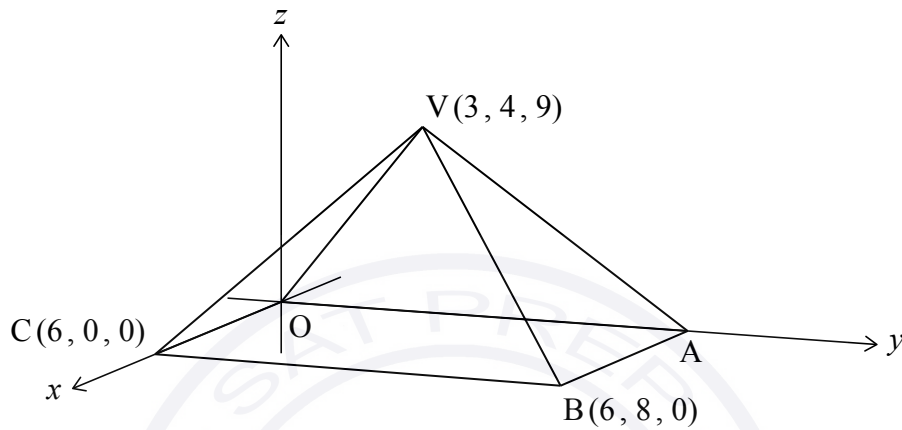


2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows a pyramid with vertex  $V$  and rectangular base  $OABC$ .

Point  $B$  has coordinates  $(6, 8, 0)$ , point  $C$  has coordinates  $(6, 0, 0)$  and point  $V$  has coordinates  $(3, 4, 9)$ .

diagram not to scale



- (a) Find  $BV$ . [2]
- (b) Find the size of  $\hat{BVC}$ . [4]

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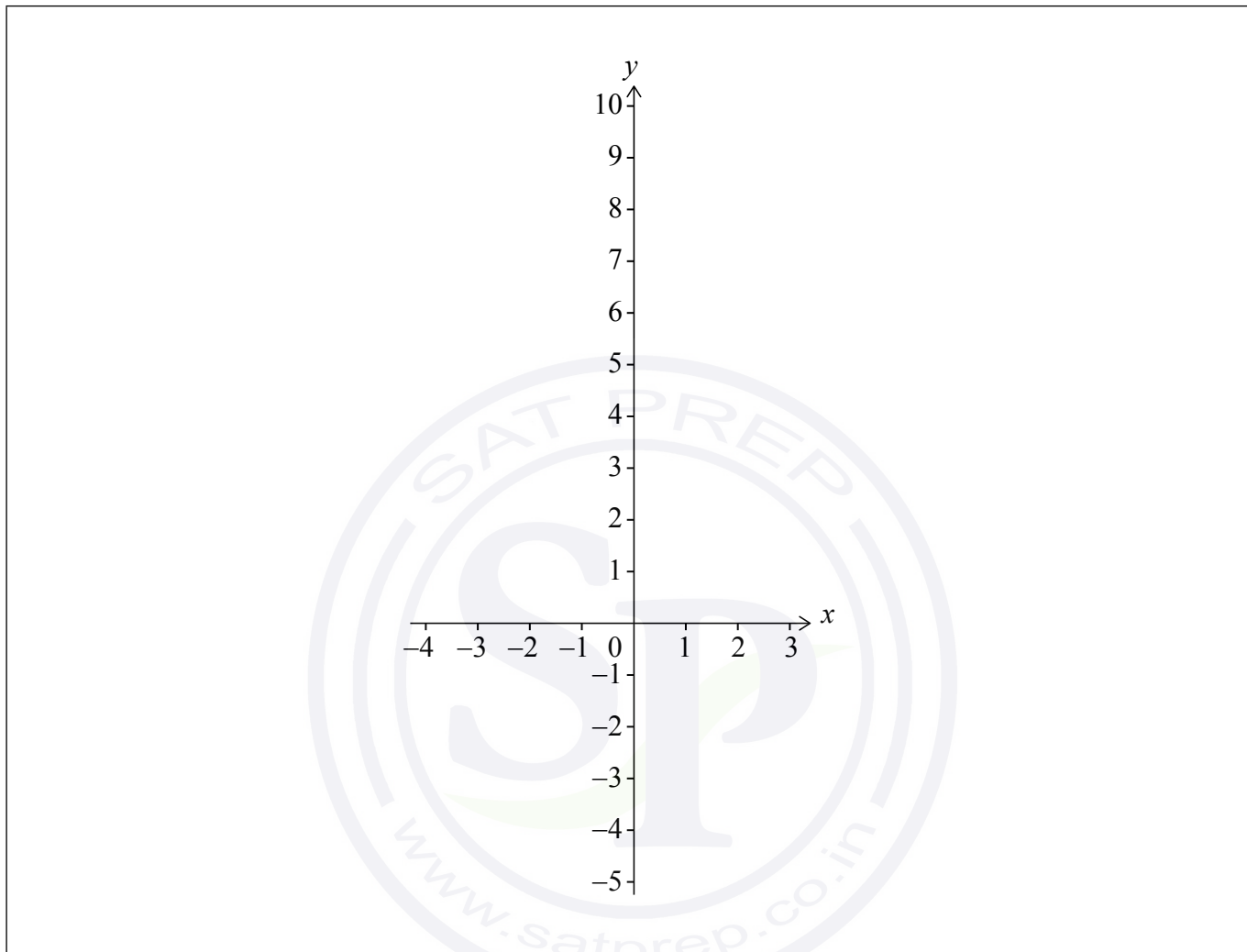


3. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the function  $f(x) = e^x - 3x - 4$ .

(a) On the following axes, sketch the graph of  $f$  for  $-4 \leq x \leq 3$ .

[3]



The function  $g$  is defined by  $g(x) = e^{2x} - 6x - 7$ .

(b) The graph of  $g$  is obtained from the graph of  $f$  by a horizontal stretch with scale factor  $k$ , followed by a vertical translation of  $c$  units.

Find the value of  $k$  and the value of  $c$ .

[2]

(This question continues on the following page)



(Question 3 continued)

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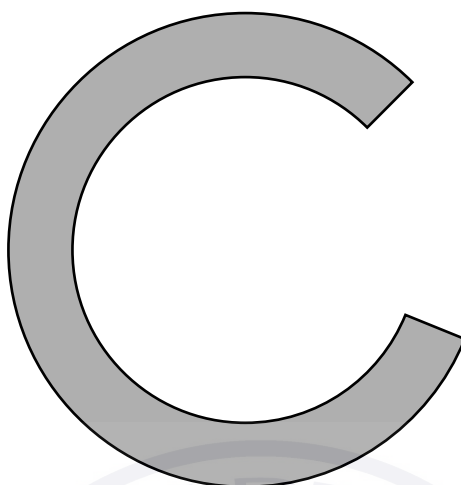
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4. [Maximum mark: 7]

A company is designing a new logo in the shape of a letter "C".



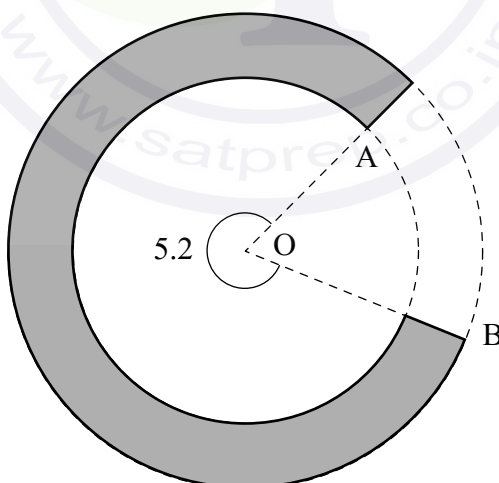
The letter "C" is formed between two circles with centre  $O$ .

The point  $A$  lies on the circumference of the inner circle with radius  $r$  cm, where  $r < 10$ .

The point  $B$  lies on the circumference of the outer circle with radius 10 cm.

The reflex angle  $\widehat{AOB}$  is 5.2 radians. The letter "C" is shown by the shaded area in the following diagram.

diagram not to scale



(This question continues on the following page)



**(Question 4 continued)**

(a) Show that the area of the "C" is given by  $260 - 2.6r^2$ . [2]

The area of the "C" is  $64 \text{ cm}^2$ .

- (b) (i) Find the value of  $r$ .
- (ii) Find the perimeter of the "C". [5]

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Turn over

5. [Maximum mark: 5]

A particle moves along a straight line. Its displacement,  $s$  metres, from a fixed point  $O$  after time  $t$  seconds is given by  $s(t) = 4.3 \sin(\sqrt{3t+5})$ , where  $0 \leq t \leq 10$ .

The particle first comes to rest after  $q$  seconds.

(a) Find the value of  $q$ . [2]

(b) Find the total distance that the particle travels in the first  $q$  seconds. [3]

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6. [Maximum mark: 5]

The following table shows the probability distribution of a discrete random variable  $X$ , where  $a, k \in \mathbb{R}^+$ .

$x$	1	2	3	4
$P(X=x)$	$k$	$k^2$	$a$	$k^3$

Given that  $E(X) = 2.3$ , find the value of  $a$ .

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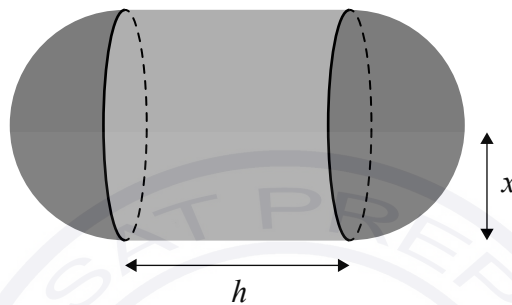
Do **not** write solutions on this page.

### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 14]

The solid shown in the following diagram is comprised of a cylinder and two hemispheres. The cylinder has height  $h$  cm and radius  $x$  cm. The hemispheres fit exactly onto either end of the cylinder.



The volume of the cylinder is  $45 \text{ cm}^3$ .

(a) Show that the total surface area,  $S \text{ cm}^2$ , of the solid is given by  $S = \frac{90}{x} + 4\pi x^2$ . [3]

The total surface area of the solid has a local maximum or a local minimum value when  $x = a$ .

(b) (i) Find an expression for  $\frac{dS}{dx}$ .  
 (ii) Hence, find the **exact** value of  $a$ . [5]

(c) (i) Find an expression for  $\frac{d^2S}{dx^2}$ .  
 (ii) Use the second derivative of  $S$  to justify that  $S$  is a minimum when  $x = a$ .  
 (iii) Find the minimum surface area of the solid. [6]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

8. [Maximum mark: 15]

**Give your answers to parts (a)(ii), (c)(i) and (d) correct to two decimal places.**

Daniela and Sorin have each recently received some money. Daniela won a cash prize and Sorin received an inheritance.

Daniela had two options to choose from to receive her winnings. In both options she receives a payment on the first day of each month for three years.

**Option A** Each payment is \$5500.

**Option B** The first payment is \$2000. In each month which follows, the payment is 6% more than the previous month.

(a) Find the total amount Daniela would receive if she chooses

(i) Option A;

(ii) Option B.

[5]

Sorin received an inheritance of \$120 000. Sorin invested his inheritance in an account that pays a nominal annual interest rate of 4% per annum, compounded monthly. The interest is added on the last day of each month.

(b) Write down an expression for the value of Sorin's investment after  $n$  years.

[1]

Daniela chose Option B and received her first payment on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023. Sorin invested his inheritance on the same day.

(c) (i) Find the **total** value of Daniela's winnings and Sorin's investment on the last day of the sixth month.

(ii) Find the minimum number of complete months before the total value of Daniela's winnings and Sorin's investment is at least \$250 000.

[6]

At the end of the three years, Daniela invested \$40 000 for a further six years in a second account that pays a nominal interest rate of  $r\%$  per annum compounded quarterly.

(d) Find the value of  $r$  if this investment grows to \$53 000 after six years.

[3]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

9. [Maximum mark: 16]

A farmer is growing a field of wheat plants. The height,  $H$  cm, of each plant can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ .

It is known that  $P(H < 94.6) = 0.288$  and  $P(H > 98.1) = 0.434$ .

(a) Find the probability that the height of a randomly selected plant is between 94.6 cm and 98.1 cm. [2]

(b) Find the value of  $\mu$  and the value of  $\sigma$ . [5]

The farmer measures 100 randomly selected plants. Any plant with a height greater than 98.1 cm is considered ready to harvest. Heights of plants are independent of each other.

- (c) (i) Find the probability that exactly 34 plants are ready to harvest.
- (ii) Given that fewer than 49 plants are ready to harvest, find the probability that exactly 34 plants are ready to harvest. [6]

In another field, the farmer is growing the same variety of wheat, but is using a different fertilizer. The heights of these plants,  $F$  cm, are normally distributed with mean 98.6 and standard deviation  $d$ . The farmer finds the interquartile range to be 4.82 cm.

(d) Find the value of  $d$ . [3]



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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

31 October 2023

**Zone A** afternoon | **Zone B** afternoon | **Zone C** afternoon

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

**Section A**

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 7]

Consider the function defined by  $f(x) = x^2 - 10x$ . The graph of  $f$  passes through the point A(4, -24).

- (a) (i) Find the gradient of the tangent to the graph of  $f$  at the point A. [3]
- (ii) Hence, write down the gradient of the normal to the graph of  $f$  at point A. [3]
- (b) Write down the equation of the normal to the graph of  $f$  at point A. [1]

The normal to the graph of  $f$  at point A intersects the graph of  $f$  again at a second point B.

- (c) Find the coordinates of B. [3]

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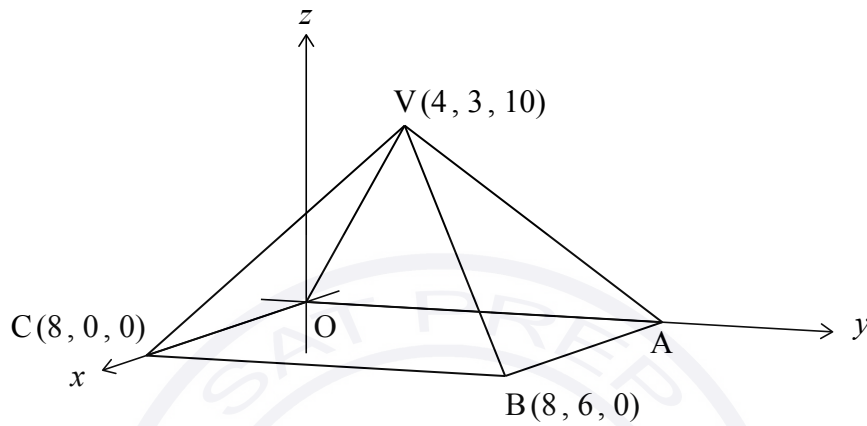
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2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows a pyramid with vertex  $V$  and rectangular base  $OABC$ .

Point  $B$  has coordinates  $(8, 6, 0)$ , point  $C$  has coordinates  $(8, 0, 0)$  and point  $V$  has coordinates  $(4, 3, 10)$ .

diagram not to scale



(a) Find  $BV$ .

[2]

(b) Find the size of  $\hat{BVC}$ .

[4]

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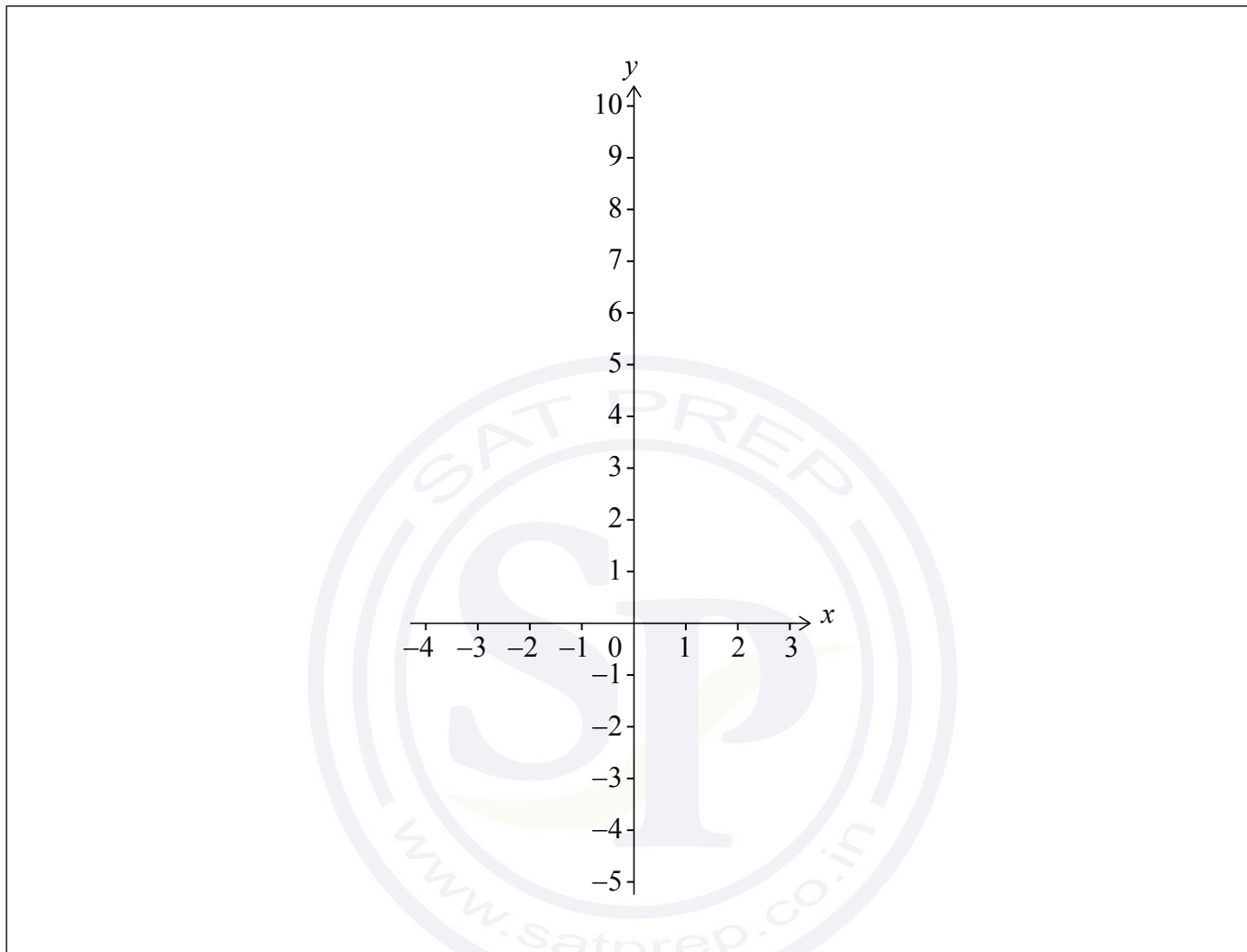


3. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the function  $f(x) = e^x - 2x - 5$ .

(a) On the following axes, sketch the graph of  $f$  for  $-4 \leq x \leq 3$ .

[3]



The function  $g$  is defined by  $g(x) = e^{3x} - 6x - 7$ .

(b) The graph of  $g$  is obtained from the graph of  $f$  by a horizontal stretch with scale factor  $k$ , followed by a vertical translation of  $c$  units.

Find the value of  $k$  and the value of  $c$ .

[2]

**(This question continues on the following page)**



(Question 3 continued)

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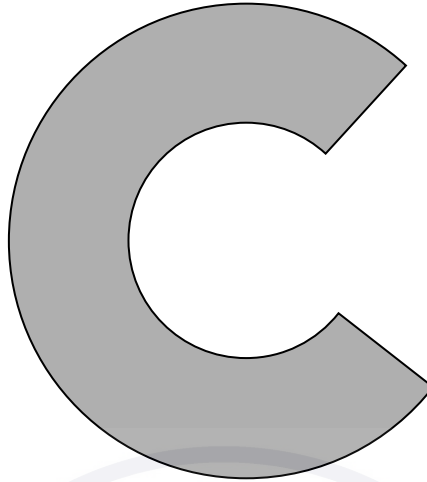


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Turn over

4. [Maximum mark: 7]

A company is designing a new logo in the shape of a letter "C".



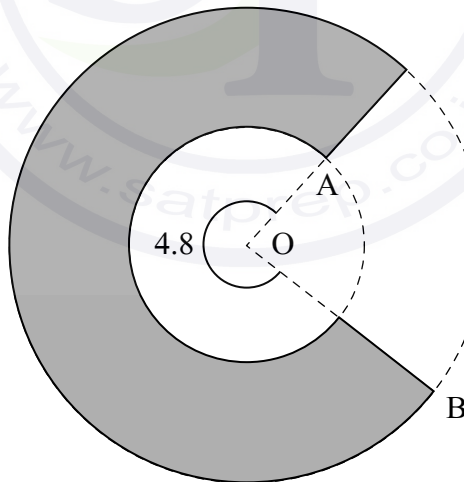
The letter "C" is formed between two circles with centre O.

The point A lies on the circumference of the inner circle with radius  $r$  cm, where  $r < 10$ .

The point B lies on the circumference of the outer circle with radius 10 cm.

The reflex angle  $\widehat{AOB}$  is 4.8 radians. The letter "C" is shown by the shaded area in the following diagram.

diagram not to scale



(This question continues on the following page)

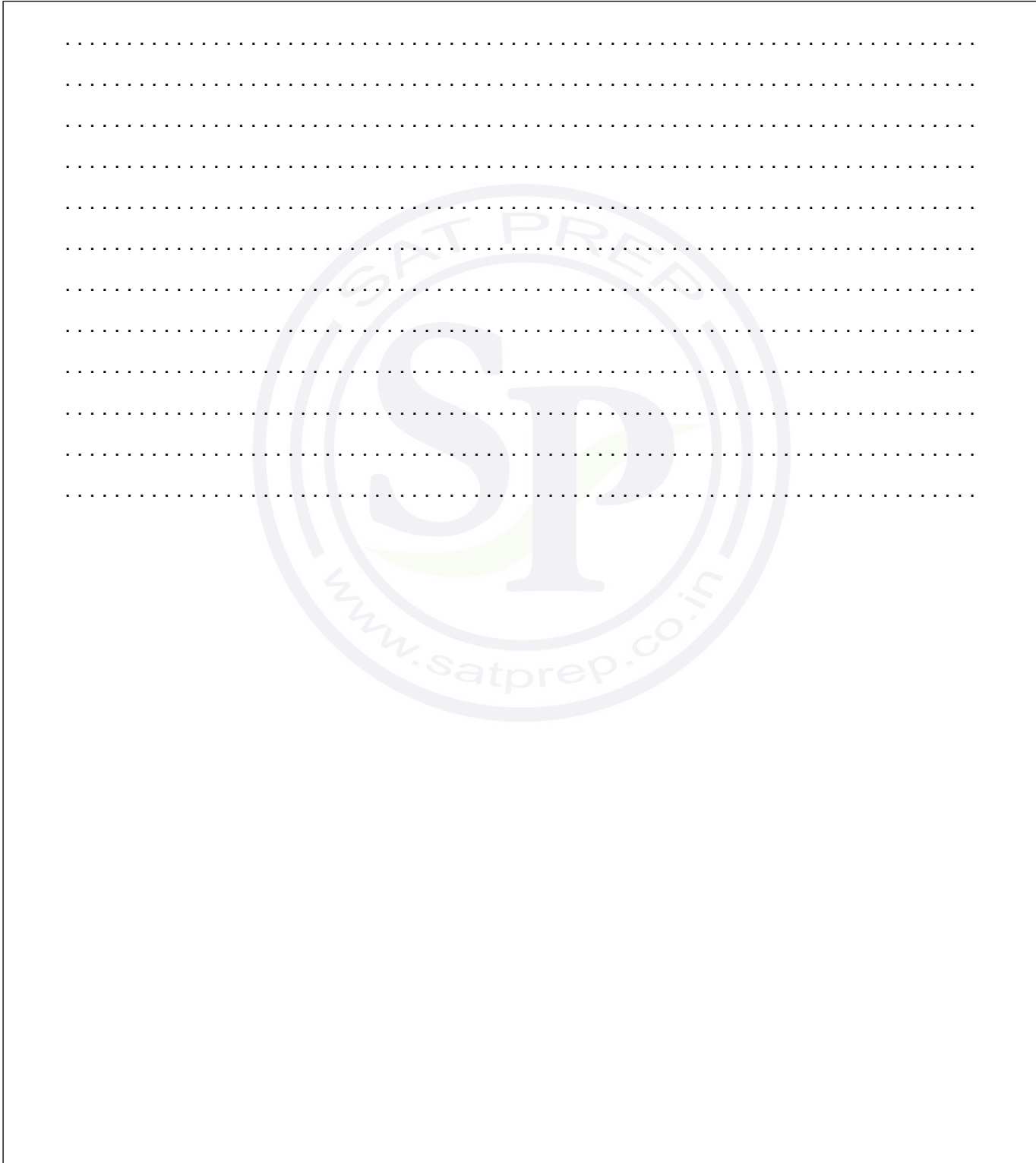


**(Question 4 continued)**

(a) Show that the area of the “C” is given by  $240 - 2.4r^2$ . [2]

The area of the “C” is  $176 \text{ cm}^2$ .

(b) (i) Find the value of  $r$ .  
(ii) Find the perimeter of the “C”. [5]



A large rectangular area containing horizontal dotted lines for writing answers. A watermark logo is centered within this area.





6. [Maximum mark: 5]

The following table shows the probability distribution of a discrete random variable  $X$ , where  $a, k \in \mathbb{R}^+$ .

$x$	1	2	3	4
$P(X=x)$	$k$	$k^2$	$a$	$k^3$

Given that  $E(X) = 2.6$ , find the value of  $a$ .

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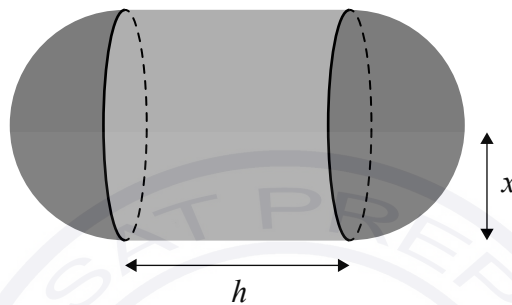
Do **not** write solutions on this page.

### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 14]

The solid shown in the following diagram is comprised of a cylinder and two hemispheres. The cylinder has height  $h$  cm and radius  $x$  cm. The hemispheres fit exactly onto either end of the cylinder.



The volume of the cylinder is  $41 \text{ cm}^3$ .

(a) Show that the total surface area,  $S \text{ cm}^2$ , of the solid is given by  $S = \frac{82}{x} + 4\pi x^2$ . [3]

The total surface area of the solid has a local maximum or a local minimum value when  $x = a$ .

(b) (i) Find an expression for  $\frac{dS}{dx}$ .  
 (ii) Hence, find the **exact** value of  $a$ . [5]

(c) (i) Find an expression for  $\frac{d^2S}{dx^2}$ .  
 (ii) Use the second derivative of  $S$  to justify that  $S$  is a minimum when  $x = a$ .  
 (iii) Find the minimum surface area of the solid. [6]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

8. [Maximum mark: 15]

**Give your answers to parts (a)(ii), (c)(i) and (d) correct to two decimal places.**

Daniela and Sorin have each recently received some money. Daniela won a cash prize and Sorin received an inheritance.

Daniela had two options to choose from to receive her winnings. In both options she receives a payment on the first day of each month for three years.

**Option A** Each payment is \$4200.

**Option B** The first payment is \$1500. In each month which follows, the payment is 4% more than the previous month.

(a) Find the total amount Daniela would receive if she chooses

(i) Option A;

(ii) Option B.

[5]

Sorin received an inheritance of \$160 000. Sorin invested his inheritance in an account that pays a nominal annual interest rate of 5% per annum, compounded monthly. The interest is added on the last day of each month.

(b) Write down an expression for the value of Sorin's investment after  $n$  years.

[1]

Daniela chose Option B and received her first payment on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2023. Sorin invested his inheritance on the same day.

(c) (i) Find the **total** value of Daniela's winnings and Sorin's investment on the last day of the sixth month.

(ii) Find the minimum number of complete months before the total value of Daniela's winnings and Sorin's investment is at least \$257 000.

[6]

At the end of the three years, Daniela invested \$30 000 for a further six years in a second account that pays a nominal interest rate of  $r\%$  per annum compounded quarterly.

(d) Find the value of  $r$  if this investment grows to \$41 000 after six years.

[3]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

9. [Maximum mark: 16]

A farmer is growing a field of rice plants. The height,  $H$  cm, of each plant can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ .

It is known that  $P(H < 82.4) = 0.213$  and  $P(H > 87.3) = 0.409$ .

(a) Find the probability that the height of a randomly selected plant is between 82.4 cm and 87.3 cm. [2]

(b) Find the value of  $\mu$  and the value of  $\sigma$ . [5]

The farmer measures 100 randomly selected plants. Any plant with a height greater than 87.3 cm is considered ready to harvest. Heights of plants are independent of each other.

(c) (i) Find the probability that exactly 32 plants are ready to harvest.  
 (ii) Given that fewer than 44 plants are ready to harvest, find the probability that exactly 32 plants are ready to harvest. [6]

In another field, the farmer is growing the same variety of rice, but is using a different fertilizer. The heights of these plants,  $F$  cm, are normally distributed with mean 92.8 and standard deviation  $d$ . The farmer finds the interquartile range to be 4.52 cm.

(d) Find the value of  $d$ . [3]



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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

9 May 2023

**Zone A** afternoon | **Zone B** morning | **Zone C** afternoon

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

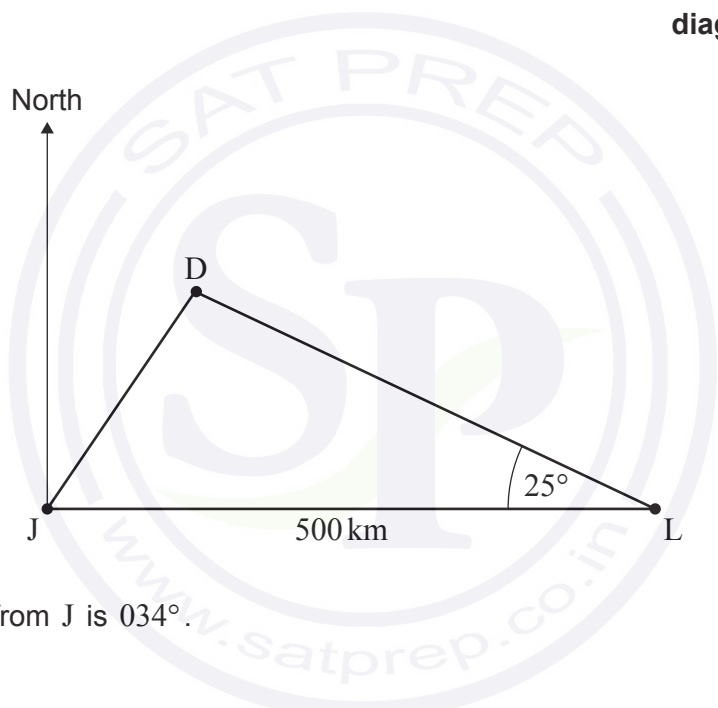
### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 5]

The cities Lucknow (L), Jaipur (J) and Delhi (D) are represented in the following diagram. Lucknow lies 500 km directly east of Jaipur, and  $\hat{J}LD = 25^\circ$ .

diagram not to scale



The bearing of D from J is  $034^\circ$ .

- (a) Find  $\hat{JDL}$ . [2]
- (b) Find the distance between Lucknow and Delhi. [3]

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2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The value of a car is given by the function  $C = 40\,000(0.91)^t$ , where  $t$  is in years since 1 January 2023 and  $C$  is in USD(\$).

- (a) Write down the annual rate of depreciation of the car. [1]
- (b) Find the value of the car on 1 January 2028. [2]

Alvie wants to buy this car. On 1 January 2023, he invested \$15 000 in an account that earns 3% annual interest compounded yearly. He makes no further deposits to, or withdrawals from, the account.

Alvie wishes to buy this car for its value on 1 January 2028. In addition to the money in his account, he will need an extra \$ $M$ .

- (c) Find the value of  $M$ . [3]

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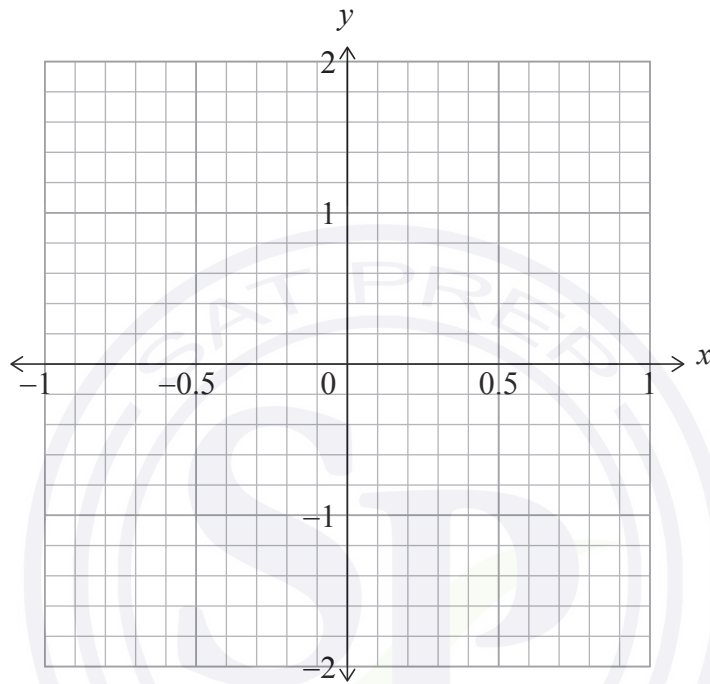


3. [Maximum mark: 5]

The functions  $f$  and  $g$  are defined by  $f(x) = 2x - x^3$  and  $g(x) = \tan x$ .

(a) Find  $(f \circ g)(x)$ . [2]

(b) On the following grid, sketch the graph of  $y = (f \circ g)(x)$  for  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$ . Write down and clearly label the coordinates of any local maximum or minimum points. [3]



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4. [Maximum mark: 7]

The total number of children,  $y$ , visiting a park depends on the highest temperature,  $T$ , in degrees Celsius ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ). A park official predicts the total number of children visiting his park on any given day using the model  $y = -0.6T^2 + 23T + 110$ , where  $10 \leq T \leq 35$ .

- (a) Use this model to estimate the number of children in the park on a day when the highest temperature is  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ . [2]

An ice cream vendor investigates the relationship between the total number of children visiting the park and the number of ice creams sold,  $x$ . The following table shows the data collected on five different days.

<b>Total number of children (<math>y</math>)</b>	81	175	202	346	360
<b>Ice creams sold (<math>x</math>)</b>	15	27	23	35	46

- (b) Find an appropriate regression equation that will allow the vendor to predict the number of ice creams sold on a day when there are  $y$  children in the park. [3]
- (c) Hence, use your regression equation to predict the number of ice creams that the vendor sells on a day when the highest temperature is  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ . [2]

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5. [Maximum mark: 5]

A company manufactures metal tubes for bicycle frames. The diameters of the tubes,  $D$  mm, are normally distributed with mean 32 and standard deviation  $\sigma$ . The interquartile range of the diameters is 0.28.

Find the value of  $\sigma$ .

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6. [Maximum mark: 7]

The coefficient of  $x^6$  in the expansion of  $(ax^3 + b)^8$  is 448.

The coefficient of  $x^6$  in the expansion of  $(ax^3 + b)^{10}$  is 2880.

Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ , where  $a, b > 0$ .

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## Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 13]

The temperature of a cup of tea,  $t$  minutes after it is poured, can be modelled by  $H(t) = 21 + 75e^{-0.08t}$ ,  $t \geq 0$ . The temperature is measured in degrees Celsius ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).

- (a) (i) Find the initial temperature of the tea.
- (ii) Find the temperature of the tea three minutes after it is poured. [2]
- (b) Write down the value of  $H'(3)$ . [2]
- (c) Interpret the meaning of your answer to part (b) in the given context. [2]
- (d) After  $k$  minutes, the tea will be below  $67^{\circ}\text{C}$  and cool enough to drink.
- Find the least possible value of  $k$ , where  $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ . [3]

As the tea cools,  $H(t)$  approaches the temperature of the room, which is constant.

- (e) Find the temperature of the room. [2]
- (f) Find the limit of  $H'(t)$  as  $t$  approaches infinity. [2]



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8. [Maximum mark: 17]

In a large city, 160 people were surveyed. Of those, 60 were children ( $C$ ) and the rest adults ( $A$ ).

Each person in the survey was asked whether they preferred milk chocolate ( $M$ ) or dark chocolate ( $D$ ). It was found that 48 of the children preferred milk chocolate. This information is shown in the following table.

	$M$ (milk chocolate)	$D$ (dark chocolate)	Total
$C$ (children)	48	$p$	60
$A$ (adults)	$x$	$y$	$q$

- (a) Find the value of
- (i)  $p$ ;
  - (ii)  $q$ . [2]
- (b) Three people are chosen at random from those surveyed. Find the probability that all three are adults. [4]
- (c) (i) Given that  $P(A | M) = \frac{1}{3}$ , find the value of  $x$ .
- (ii) A person is chosen at random from those surveyed. Write down the probability that they are an adult who prefers milk chocolate. [4]
- (d) Determine if the events  $A$  and  $M$  are independent. Justify your answer. [3]
- It can be assumed that the survey results are representative of the population of the city.
- (e) Ten people in the city are chosen at random. Find the probability that at least five of them prefer dark chocolate. [4]

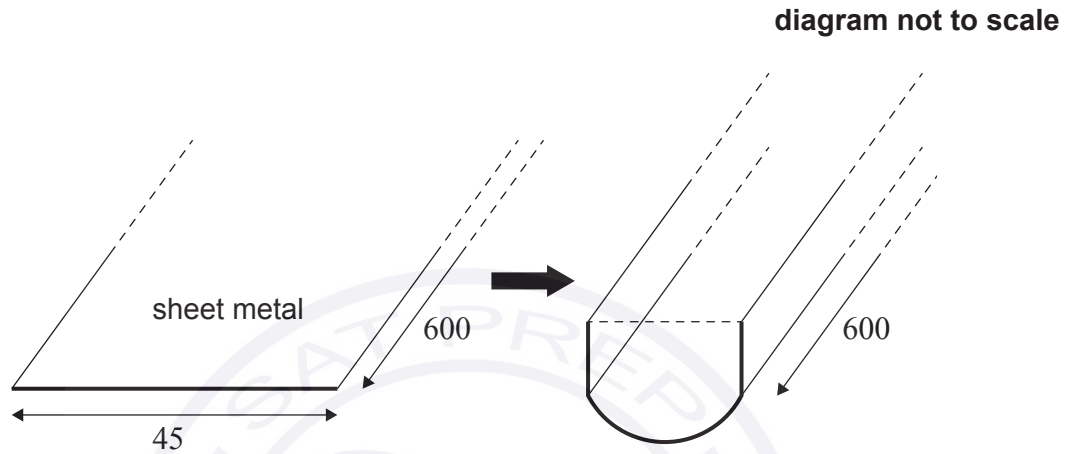


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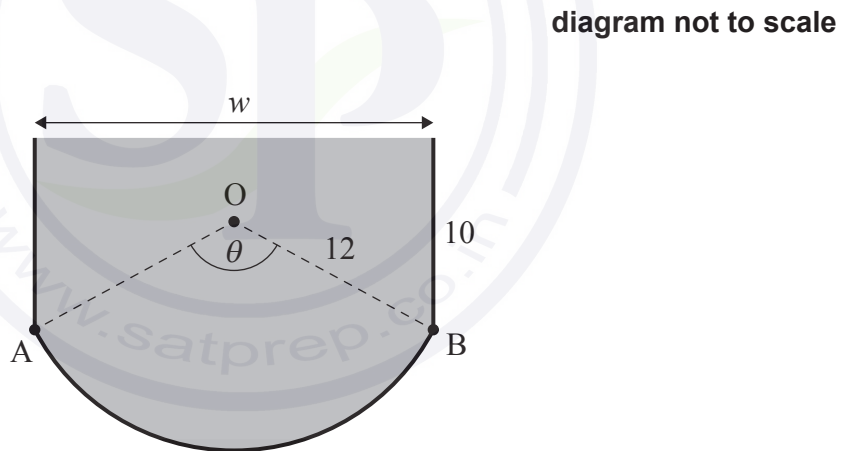
9. [Maximum mark: 15]

An engineer is designing a gutter to catch rainwater from the roof of a house.

The gutter will be open at the top and is made by folding a piece of sheet metal 45 cm wide and 600 cm long.



The cross-section of the gutter is shaded in the following diagram.



The height of both vertical sides is 10 cm. The width of the gutter is  $w$  cm.

Arc  $AB$  lies on the circumference of a circle with centre  $O$  and radius 12 cm.

**(This question continues on the following page)**



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**(Question 9 continued)**

Let  $\widehat{AOB} = \theta$  radians, where  $0 < \theta < \pi$ .

- (a) Show that  $\theta = 2.08$ , correct to three significant figures. [3]
- (b) Find the area of the cross-section of the gutter. [7]

In a storm, the total volume, in  $\text{cm}^3$ , of rainwater that enters the gutter can be modelled by a function  $R(t)$ , where  $t$  is the time, in seconds, since the start of the storm.

It was determined that the **rate** at which rainwater entered the gutter could be modelled by

$$R'(t) = 50 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi t}{5}\right) + 3000, \quad t \geq 0.$$

During any 60-second period, if the volume of rainwater entering the gutter is greater than the volume of the gutter, it will overflow.

- (c) Determine whether the gutter overflowed in this storm. Justify your answer. [5]

**References:**

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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

9 May 2023

**Zone A** afternoon | **Zone B** morning | **Zone C** afternoon

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 5]

A botanist is conducting an experiment which studies the growth of plants.

The heights of the plants are measured on seven different days.

The following table shows the number of days,  $d$ , that the experiment has been running and the average height,  $h$  cm, of the plants on each of those days.

Number of days ( $d$ )	2	5	13	24	33	37	42
Average height ( $h$ )	10	16	30	59	76	79	82

- (a) The regression line of  $h$  on  $d$  for this data can be written in the form  $h = ad + b$ .  
Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ . [2]
- (b) Write down the value of the Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient,  $r$ . [1]
- (c) Use your regression line to estimate the average height of the plants when the experiment has been running for 20 days. [2]

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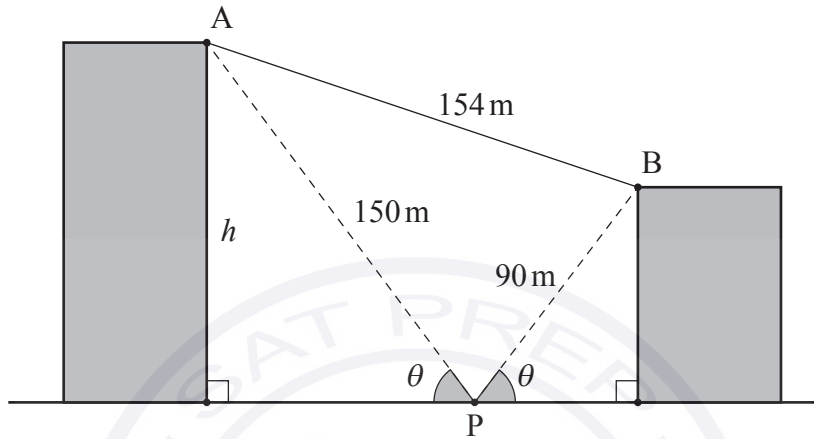


2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows two buildings situated on level ground.

From point P on the ground directly between the two buildings, the angle of elevation to the top of each building is  $\theta$ .

diagram not to scale



The distance from point P to point A at the top of the taller building is 150 metres.

The distance from point P to point B at the top of the shorter building is 90 metres.

The distance between A and B is 154 metres.

- (a) Find the measure of  $\hat{APB}$ . [3]
- (b) Find the height,  $h$ , of the taller building. [3]

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3. [Maximum mark: 5]

The amount of a drug, in milligrams (mg), in a patient's body can be modelled by the function  $A(t) = 500e^{-kt}$ , where  $k$  is a positive constant and  $t$  is the time in hours after the initial dose is given.

(a) Write down the amount of the drug in the patient's body when  $t = 0$ . [1]

After three hours, the amount of the drug in the patient's body has decreased to 280 mg.

(b) Find the value of  $k$ . [2]

The second dose is given  $T$  hours after the initial dose, when the amount of the drug in the patient's body is 140 mg.

(c) Find the value of  $T$ . [2]

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4. [Maximum mark: 8]

The weights,  $W$  grams, of bags of rice packaged in a factory can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean 204 grams and standard deviation 5 grams.

(a) A bag of rice is selected at random.

Find the probability that it weighs more than 210 grams. [2]

According to this model, 80% of the bags of rice weigh between  $w$  grams and 210 grams.

(b) Find the probability that a randomly selected bag of rice weighs less than  $w$  grams. [2]

(c) Find the value of  $w$ . [2]

(d) Ten bags of rice are selected at random.

Find the probability that exactly one of the bags weighs less than  $w$  grams. [2]

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5. [Maximum mark: 7]

The expansion of  $(x + h)^8$ , where  $h > 0$ , can be written as  $x^8 + ax^7 + bx^6 + cx^5 + dx^4 + \dots + h^8$ , where  $a, b, c, d, \dots \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(a) Find an expression, in terms of  $h$ , for

(i)  $a$ ;

(ii)  $b$ ;

(iii)  $d$ .

[4]

(b) Given that  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $d$  are the first three terms of a geometric sequence, find the value of  $h$ .

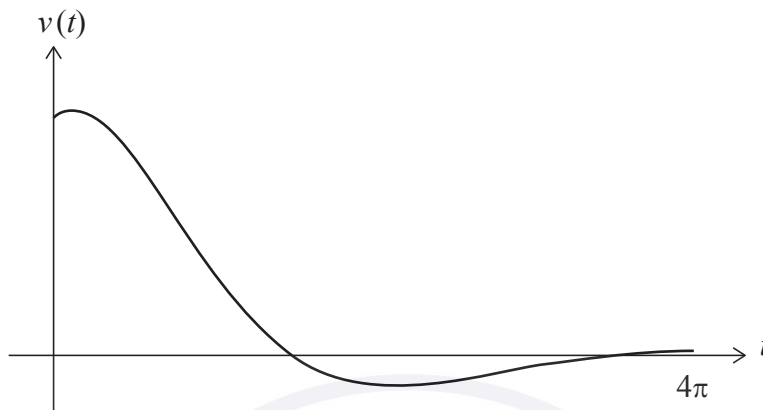
[3]

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6. [Maximum mark: 6]

A particle moves in a straight line such that its velocity,  $v \text{ ms}^{-1}$ , at time  $t$  seconds is given by  $v(t) = 4e^{-\frac{t}{3}} \cos\left(\frac{t}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ , for  $0 \leq t \leq 4\pi$ . The graph of  $v$  is shown in the following diagram.



Let  $t_1$  be the first time when the particle's **acceleration** is zero.

- (a) Find the value of  $t_1$ . [2]

Let  $t_2$  be the **second** time when the particle is instantaneously at rest.

- (b) Find the value of  $t_2$ . [2]

- (c) Find the distance travelled by the particle between  $t = t_1$  and  $t = t_2$ . [2]

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### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 15]

Consider the function  $h(x) = \sqrt{4x-2}$ , for  $x \geq \frac{1}{2}$ .

- (a) (i) Find  $h^{-1}(x)$ , the inverse of  $h(x)$ , and state its domain.
- (ii) Write down the range of  $h^{-1}(x)$ . [5]
- (b) The graph of  $h$  intersects the graph of  $h^{-1}$  at two points.
- Find the  $x$ -coordinates of these two points. [3]
- (c) Find the area enclosed by the graph of  $h$  and the graph of  $h^{-1}$ . [2]
- (d) Find  $h'(x)$ . [2]
- (e) Find the value of  $x$  for which the graph of  $h$  and the graph of  $h^{-1}$  have the same gradient. [3]

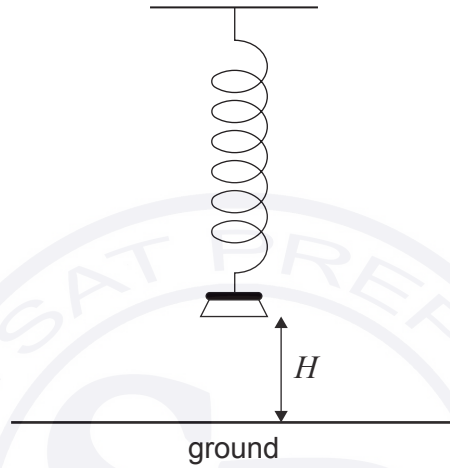


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8. [Maximum mark: 13]

A weight suspended on a spring is pulled down and released, so that it moves up and down vertically.

The height,  $H$  metres, of the base of the weight above the ground can be modelled by the function  $H(t) = a \cos(7.8t) + b$ , for  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $0 \leq t \leq 10$ , where  $t$  is the time in seconds after the weight is released.



(a) Find the period of the function.

[2]

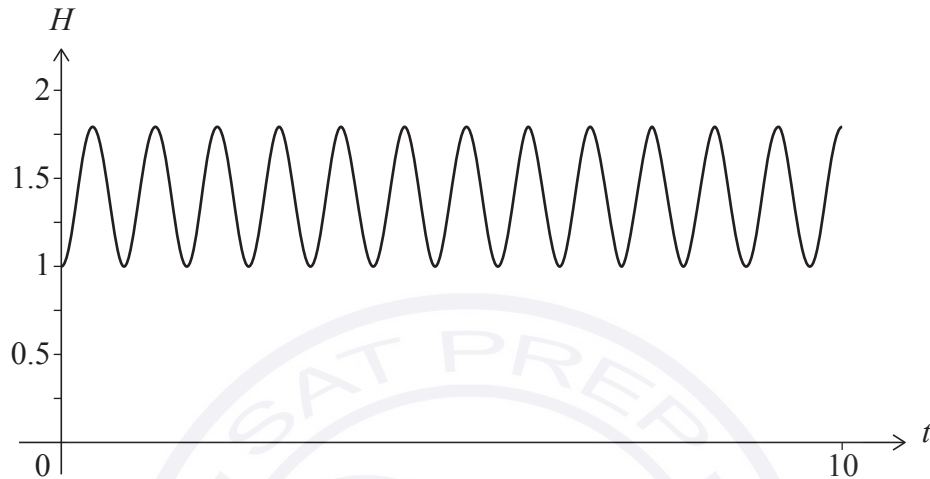
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**(Question 8 continued)**

The weight is released when its base is at a minimum height of 1 metre above the ground, and it reaches a maximum height of 1.8 metres above the ground. The graph of  $H$  is shown in the following diagram.



- (b) Find the value of
    - (i)  $a$ ;
    - (ii)  $b$ . [3]
  - (c) Find the number of times that the weight reaches its maximum height in the first five seconds of its motion. [2]
  - (d) Find the first time that the base of the weight reaches a height of 1.5 metres. [2]
- A camera is set to take a picture of the weight at a random time during the first five seconds of its motion.
- (e) Find the probability that the height of the base of the weight is greater than 1.5 metres at the time the picture is taken. [4]



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9. [Maximum mark: 15]

A bag contains  $n$  balls. It is known that ten of the balls are green, and the rest of the balls are red. Balls are drawn from the bag, one after the other, without replacement.

(a) Find, in terms of  $n$ , the probability that

(i) the first ball drawn is green;

(ii) the first two balls are green.

[3]

For the following parts of this question, let  $n = 25$ .

(b) Show that the probability that the first two balls are red is 0.35.

[2]

(c) Find the probability that the first three balls are all red.

[2]

(d) Find the probability that at least one of the first three balls is green.

[2]

A game is played where **four** balls are drawn, one after the other, from the bag of 25 balls, without replacement. A player earns points based on when the first green ball is drawn. At the end of each game, the four balls are put back in the bag.

A player earns zero points if no green ball is picked, or if the first green ball is picked on the first or second draw.

A player earns 10 points if the first green ball is picked on the third draw and earns 50 points if the first green ball is picked on the fourth draw.

Millie plays this game  $k$  times. She finds her score by adding together her points from each game.

(e) Find the least value of  $k$  such that Millie's expected score is greater than 100.

[6]

References:

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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

Tuesday 1 November 2022 (morning)

Candidate session number

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1 hour 30 minutes

**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
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- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 5]

The following table shows the Mathematics test scores ( $x$ ) and the Science test scores ( $y$ ) for a group of eight students.

Mathematics scores ( $x$ )	64	68	72	75	80	82	85	86
Science scores ( $y$ )	67	72	77	76	84	83	89	91

The regression line of  $y$  on  $x$  for this data can be written in the form  $y = ax + b$ .

- (a) Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ . [2]
- (b) Write down the value of the Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient,  $r$ . [1]
- (c) Use the equation of your regression line to predict the Science test score for a student who has a score of 78 on the Mathematics test. Express your answer to the nearest integer. [2]

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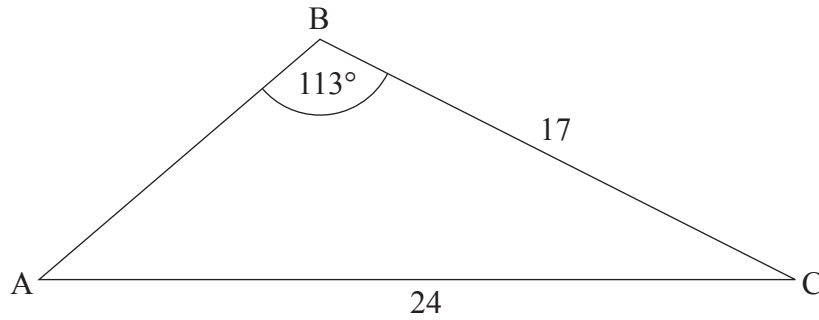
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2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows triangle  $ABC$ , with  $AC = 24$ ,  $BC = 17$ , and  $\hat{A}BC = 113^\circ$ .

diagram not to scale



(a) Find  $\hat{B}AC$ .

[3]

(b) Find AB.

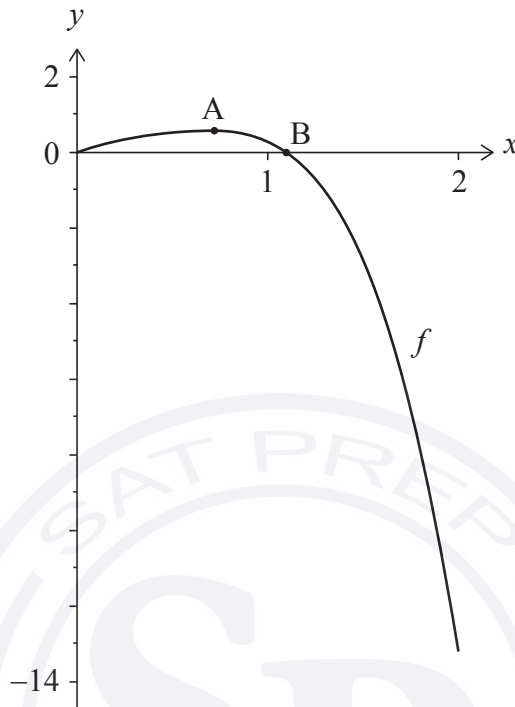
[3]

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3. [Maximum mark: 6]

The function  $f$  is defined as  $f(x) = \ln(xe^x + 1) - x^4$ , for  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ . The graph of  $f$  is shown in the following diagram.



The graph of  $f$  has a local maximum at point A. The graph intersects the  $x$ -axis at the origin and at point B.

- (a) Find the coordinates of A. [2]
- (b) Find the  $x$ -coordinate of B. [1]
- (c) Find the total area enclosed by the graph of  $f$ , the  $x$ -axis and the line  $x = 2$ . [3]

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4. [Maximum mark: 5]

A geometric sequence has a first term of 50 and a fourth term of 86.4.

The sum of the first  $n$  terms of the sequence is  $S_n$ .

Find the smallest value of  $n$  such that  $S_n > 33\,500$ .

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6. [Maximum mark: 6]

Consider the expansion of  $\frac{(ax+1)^9}{21x^2}$ , where  $a \neq 0$ . The coefficient of the term in  $x^4$  is  $\frac{8}{7}a^5$ .

Find the value of  $a$ .

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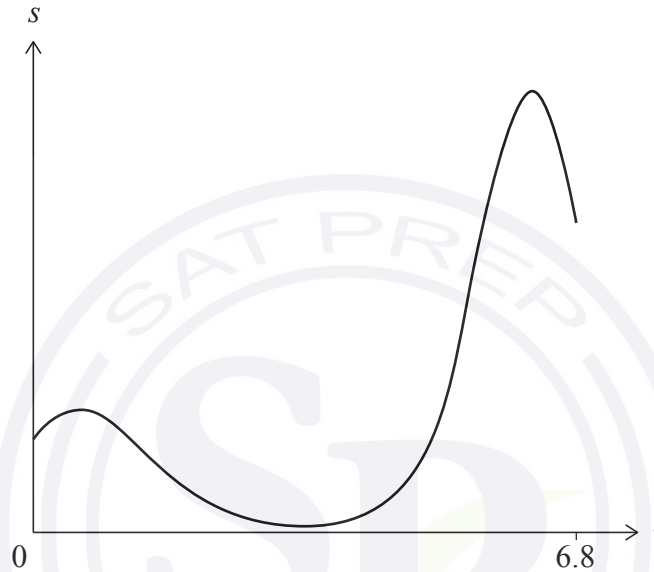
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### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 16]

A particle moves in a straight line. Its displacement,  $s$  metres, from a fixed point P at time  $t$  seconds is given by  $s(t) = 3(t + 2)^{\cos t}$ , for  $0 \leq t \leq 6.8$ , as shown in the following graph.



- (a) Find the particle's initial displacement from the point P. [2]
  - (b) Find the particle's velocity when  $t = 2$ . [2]
  - (c) Determine the intervals of time when the particle is moving away from the point P. [5]
- The acceleration of the particle is zero when  $t = b$  and  $t = c$ , where  $b < c$ .
- (d) Find the value of  $b$  and the value of  $c$ . [4]
  - (e) Find the total distance travelled by the particle for  $b \leq t \leq c$ . [3]



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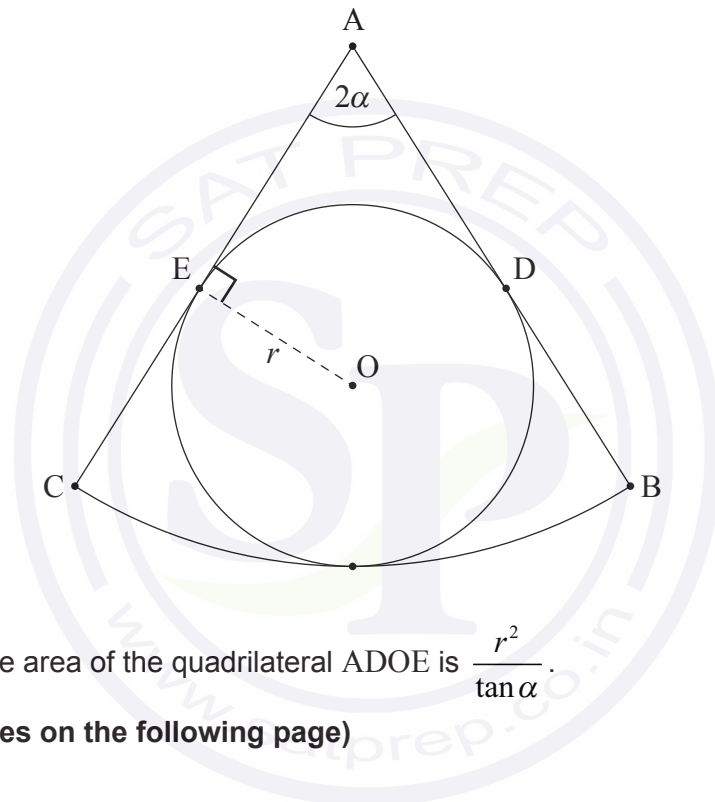
8. [Maximum mark: 13]

The following diagram shows a sector  $ABC$  of a circle with centre  $A$ . The angle  $\widehat{BAC} = 2\alpha$ , where  $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$ , and  $\widehat{OEA} = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

A circle with centre  $O$  and radius  $r$  is inscribed in sector  $ABC$ .

$AB$  and  $AC$  are both tangent to the circle at points  $D$  and  $E$  respectively.

diagram not to scale



(a) Show that the area of the quadrilateral  $ADOE$  is  $\frac{r^2}{\tan \alpha}$ .

[4]

(This question continues on the following page)

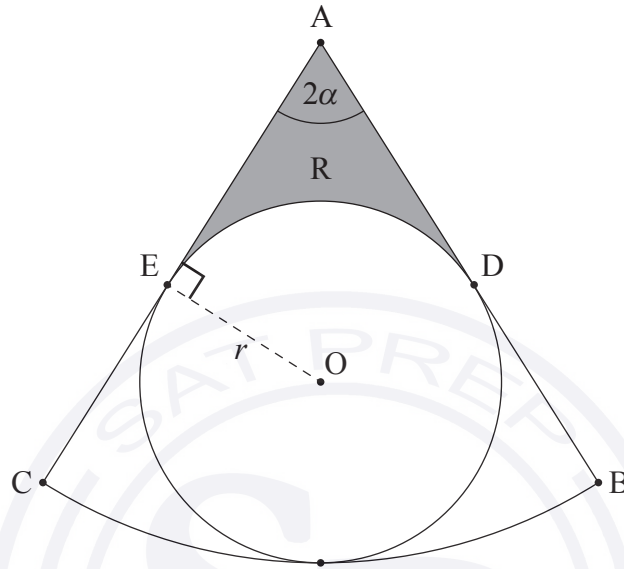


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**(Question 8 continued)**

R represents the shaded region shown in the following diagram.

**diagram not to scale**



- (b) (i) Find  $\widehat{DOE}$  in terms of  $\alpha$ .
- (ii) Hence or otherwise, find an expression for the area of R. [5]
- (c) Find the value of  $\alpha$  for which the area of R is equal to the area of the circle of centre O and radius  $r$ . [4]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

9. [Maximum mark: 16]

The time worked,  $T$ , in hours per week by employees of a large company is normally distributed with a mean of 42 and standard deviation 10.7.

(a) Find the probability that an employee selected at random works more than 40 hours per week. [2]

(b) A group of four employees is selected at random. Each employee is asked in turn whether they work more than 40 hours per week. Find the probability that the fourth employee is the only one in the group who works more than 40 hours per week. [3]

(c) A large group of employees work more than 40 hours per week.

(i) An employee is selected at random from this large group.

Find the probability that this employee works less than 55 hours per week.

(ii) Ten employees are selected at random from this large group.

Find the probability that exactly five of them work less than 55 hours per week. [7]

It is known that  $P(a \leq T \leq b) = 0.904$  and that  $P(T > b) = 2P(T < a)$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are numbers of hours worked per week. An employee who works fewer than  $a$  hours per week is considered to be a part-time employee.

(d) Find the maximum time, in hours per week, that an employee can work and still be considered part-time. [4]

References:

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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

Monday 9 May 2022 (morning)

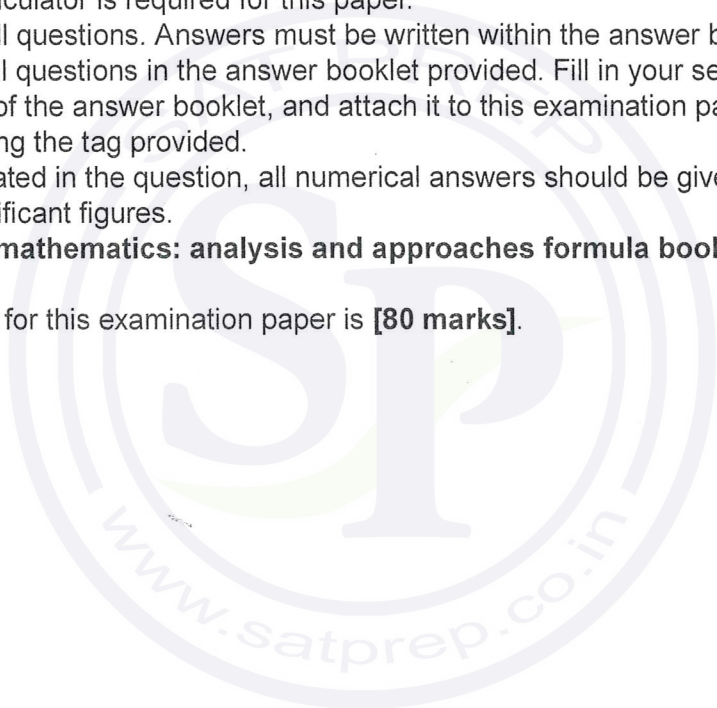
Candidate session number

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1 hour 30 minutes

**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
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- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



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### Section A

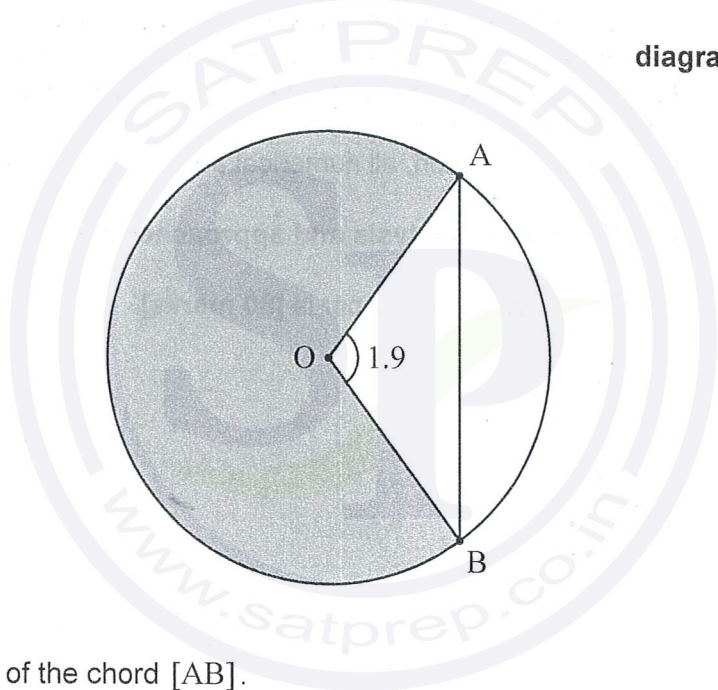
Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows a circle with centre  $O$  and radius 5 metres.

Points  $A$  and  $B$  lie on the circle and  $\widehat{AOB} = 1.9$  radians.

diagram not to scale



(a) Find the length of the chord  $[AB]$ . [3]

(b) Find the area of the shaded sector. [3]

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3. [Maximum mark: 6]

Gemma and Kaia started working for different companies on January 1st 2011.

Gemma's starting annual salary was \$45 000, and her annual salary increases 2% on January 1st each year after 2011.

(a) Find Gemma's annual salary for the year 2021, to the nearest dollar. [3]

Kaia's annual salary is based on a yearly performance review. Her salary for the years 2011, 2013, 2014, 2018, and 2022 is shown in the following table.

year ( $x$ )	2011	2013	2014	2018	2022
annual salary ( $\$S$ )	45 000	47 200	48 500	53 000	57 000

(b) Assuming Kaia's annual salary can be approximately modelled by the equation  $S = ax + b$ , show that Kaia had a higher salary than Gemma in the year 2021, according to the model. [3]

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4. [Maximum mark: 6]

Events  $A$  and  $B$  are independent and  $P(A) = 3P(B)$ .

Given that  $P(A \cup B) = 0.68$ , find  $P(B)$ .

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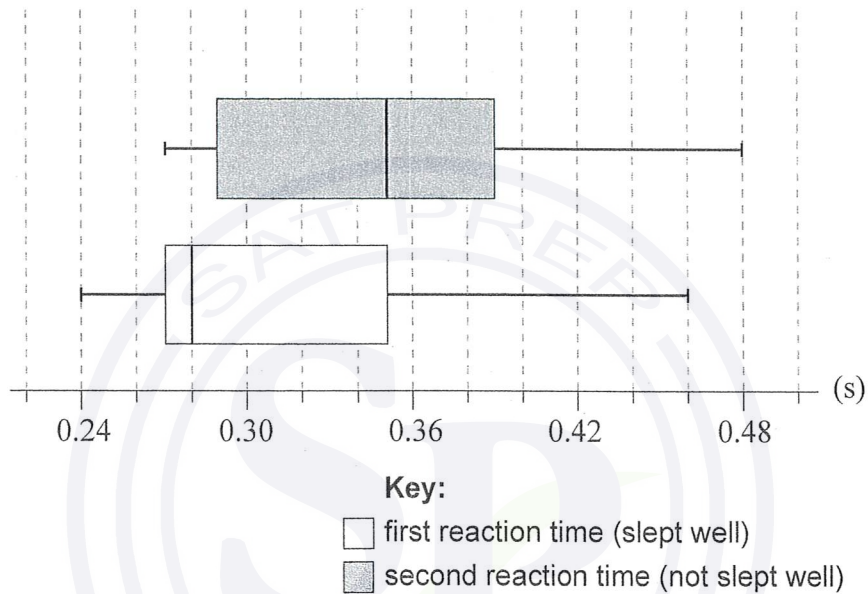


5. [Maximum mark: 6]

A random sample of nine adults were selected to see whether sleeping well affected their reaction times to a visual stimulus. Each adult's reaction time was measured twice.

The first measurement for reaction time was taken on a morning after the adult had slept well. The second measurement was taken on a morning after the same adult had not slept well.

The box and whisker diagrams for the reaction times, measured in seconds, are shown below.



Consider the box and whisker diagram representing the reaction times after sleeping well.

- (a) State the median reaction time after sleeping well. [1]
- (b) Verify that the measurement of 0.46 seconds is not an outlier. [3]
- (c) State why it appears that the mean reaction time is greater than the median reaction time. [1]

Now consider the two box and whisker diagrams.

- (d) Comment on whether these box and whisker diagrams provide any evidence that might suggest that not sleeping well causes an increase in reaction time. [1]

(This question continues on the following page)



(Question 5 continued)

A large rectangular box containing horizontal dotted lines for writing. In the center of the box is a large, faint watermark logo consisting of the letters 'SP' inside a circle with the text 'SAT PREP' above and 'www.satprep.co.in' below.



12EP07

Turn over



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

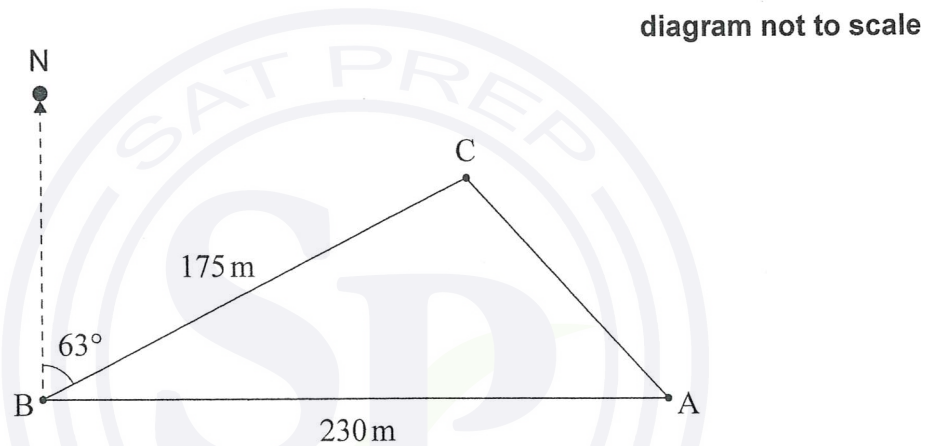
7. [Maximum mark: 14]

A farmer is placing posts at points A, B, and C in the ground to mark the boundaries of a triangular piece of land on his property.

From point A, he walks due west 230 metres to point B.

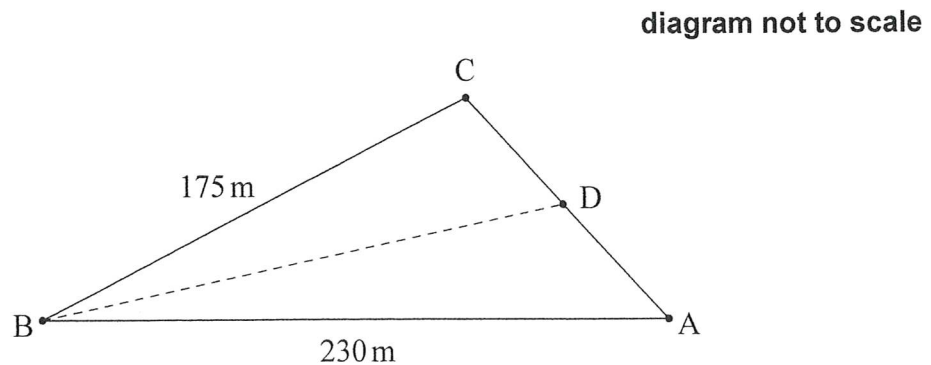
From point B, he walks 175 metres on a bearing of  $063^\circ$  to reach point C.

This is shown in the following diagram.



- (a) Find the distance from point A to point C. [4]
- (b) Find the area of this piece of land. [2]
- (c) Find  $\hat{CAB}$ . [3]

The farmer wants to divide the piece of land into two sections. He will put a post at point D, which is between A and C. He wants the boundary BD to divide the piece of land such that the sections have equal area. This is shown in the following diagram.



- (d) Find the distance from point B to point D. [5]



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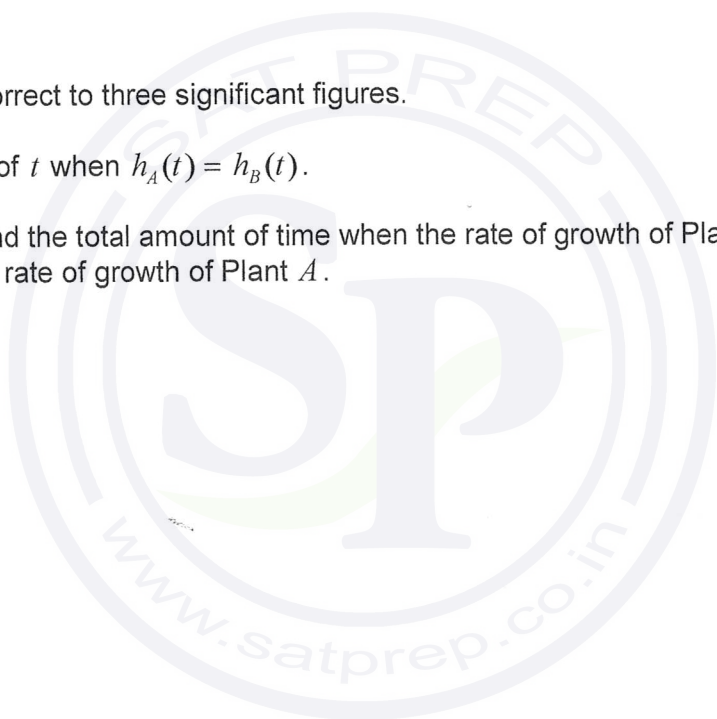
8. [Maximum mark: 12]

A scientist conducted a nine-week experiment on two plants,  $A$  and  $B$ , of the same species. He wanted to determine the effect of using a new plant fertilizer. Plant  $A$  was given fertilizer regularly, while Plant  $B$  was not.

The scientist found that the height of Plant  $A$ ,  $h_A$  cm, at time  $t$  weeks can be modelled by the function  $h_A(t) = \sin(2t + 6) + 9t + 27$ , where  $0 \leq t \leq 9$ .

The scientist found that the height of Plant  $B$ ,  $h_B$  cm, at time  $t$  weeks can be modelled by the function  $h_B(t) = 8t + 32$ , where  $0 \leq t \leq 9$ .

- (a) Use the scientist's models to find the initial height of
  - (i) Plant  $B$ ;
  - (ii) Plant  $A$  correct to three significant figures. [3]
- (b) Find the values of  $t$  when  $h_A(t) = h_B(t)$ . [3]
- (c) For  $0 \leq t \leq 9$ , find the total amount of time when the rate of growth of Plant  $B$  was greater than the rate of growth of Plant  $A$ . [6]



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9. [Maximum mark: 18]

The time it takes Suzi to drive from home to work each morning is normally distributed with a mean of 35 minutes and a standard deviation of  $\sigma$  minutes.

On 25% of days, it takes Suzi longer than 40 minutes to drive to work.

(a) Find the value of  $\sigma$ . [4]

(b) On a randomly selected day, find the probability that Suzi's drive to work will take longer than 45 minutes. [2]

Suzi will be late to work if it takes her longer than 45 minutes to drive to work. The time it takes to drive to work each day is independent of any other day.

Suzi will work five days next week.

(c) Find the probability that she will be late to work at least one day next week. [3]

(d) Given that Suzi will be late to work at least one day next week, find the probability that she will be late less than three times. [5]

Suzi will work 22 days this month. She will receive a bonus if she is on time at least 20 of those days.

So far this month, she has worked 16 days and been on time 15 of those days.

(e) Find the probability that Suzi will receive a bonus. [4]



**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

Monday 9 May 2022 (morning)

Candidate session number

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1 hour 30 minutes

**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
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### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 6]

**In this question, give all answers correct to two decimal places.**

Sam invests \$ 1700 in a savings account that pays a nominal annual rate of interest of 2.74%, compounded half-yearly. Sam makes no further payments to, or withdrawals from, this account.

(a) Find the amount that Sam will have in his account after 10 years. [3]

David also invests \$ 1700 in a savings account that pays an annual rate of interest of  $r\%$ , compounded yearly. David makes no further payments or withdrawals from this account.

(b) Find the value of  $r$  required so that the amount in David's account after 10 years will be equal to the amount in Sam's account. [2]

(c) Find the interest David will earn over the 10 years. [1]

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2. [Maximum mark: 4]

The number of hours spent exercising each week by a group of students is shown in the following table.

Exercising time (in hours)	Number of students
2	5
3	1
4	4
5	3
6	$x$

The median is 4.5 hours.

- (a) Find the value of  $x$ . [2]
- (b) Find the standard deviation. [2]

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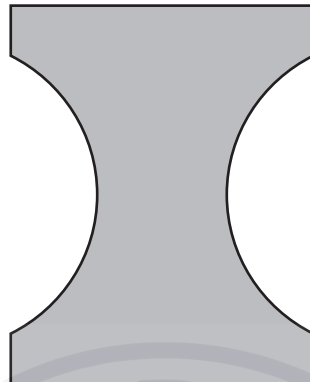
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3. [Maximum mark: 6]

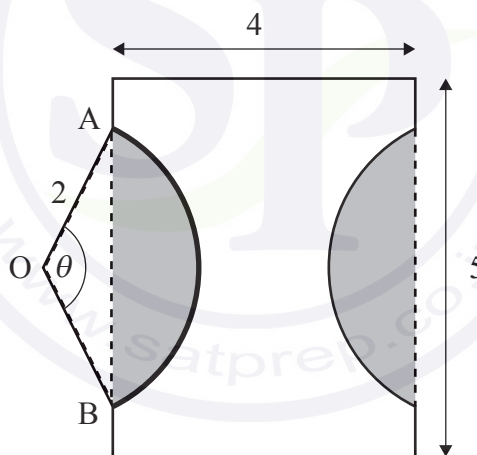
A company is designing a new logo. The logo is created by removing two equal segments from a rectangle, as shown in the following diagram.

diagram not to scale



The rectangle measures 5 cm by 4 cm. The points A and B lie on a circle, with centre O and radius 2 cm, such that  $\angle AOB = \theta$ , where  $0 < \theta < \pi$ . This information is shown in the following diagram.

diagram not to scale



(a) Find the area of one of the shaded segments in terms of  $\theta$ . [3]

(b) Given that the area of the logo is  $13.4 \text{ cm}^2$ , find the value of  $\theta$ . [3]

(This question continues on the following page)



(Question 3 continued)

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6. [Maximum mark: 6]

Let  $A$  and  $B$  be two independent events such that  $P(A \cap B') = 0.16$  and  $P(A' \cap B) = 0.36$ .

(a) Given that  $P(A \cap B) = x$ , find the value of  $x$ . [4]

(b) Find  $P(A' | B')$ . [2]

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### Section B

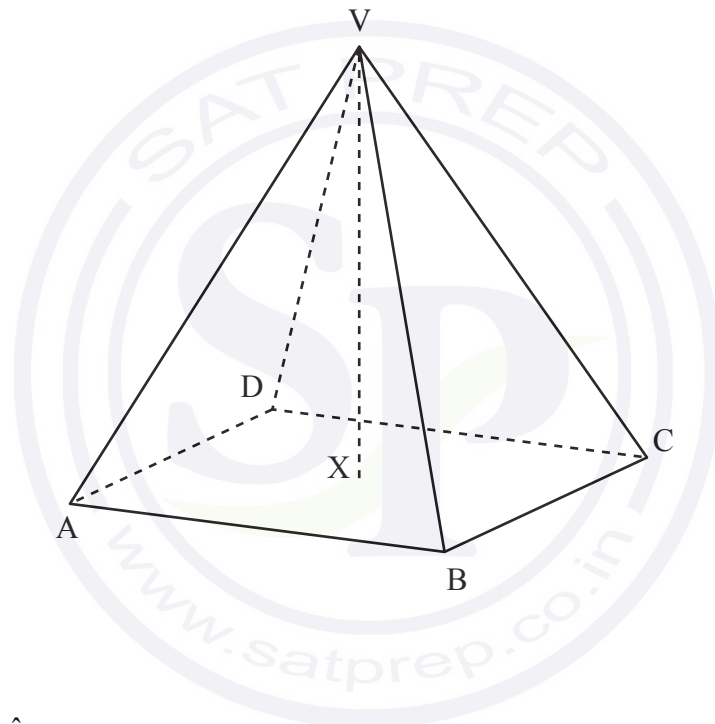
Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 13]

**All lengths in this question are in centimetres.**

A solid metal ornament is in the shape of a right pyramid, with vertex  $V$  and square base  $ABCD$ . The centre of the base is  $X$ . Point  $V$  has coordinates  $(1, 5, 0)$  and point  $A$  has coordinates  $(-1, 1, 6)$ .

**diagram not to scale**



(a) Find  $AV$ . [2]

(b) Given that  $\widehat{AVB} = 40^\circ$ , find  $AB$ . [3]

The volume of the pyramid is  $57.2 \text{ cm}^3$ , correct to three significant figures.

(c) Find the height of the pyramid,  $VX$ . [3]

A second ornament is in the shape of a cuboid with a rectangular base of length  $2x \text{ cm}$ , width  $x \text{ cm}$  and height  $y \text{ cm}$ . The cuboid has the same volume as the pyramid.

(d) The cuboid has a minimum surface area of  $S \text{ cm}^2$ . Find the value of  $S$ . [5]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

8. [Maximum mark: 16]

The function  $f$  is defined by  $f(x) = \frac{4x+1}{x+4}$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $x \neq -4$ .

- (a) For the graph of  $f$
- (i) write down the equation of the vertical asymptote;
  - (ii) find the equation of the horizontal asymptote. [3]
- (b) (i) Find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .
- (ii) Using an algebraic approach, show that the graph of  $f^{-1}$  is obtained by a reflection of the graph of  $f$  in the  $y$ -axis followed by a reflection in the  $x$ -axis. [8]

The graphs of  $f$  and  $f^{-1}$  intersect at  $x = p$  and  $x = q$ , where  $p < q$ .

- (c) (i) Find the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$ .
- (ii) Hence, find the area enclosed by the graph of  $f$  and the graph of  $f^{-1}$ . [5]



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9. [Maximum mark: 16]

A bakery makes two types of muffins: chocolate muffins and banana muffins.

The weights,  $C$  grams, of the chocolate muffins are normally distributed with a mean of 62 g and standard deviation of 2.9 g.

- (a) Find the probability that a randomly selected chocolate muffin weighs less than 61 g. [2]
- (b) In a random selection of 12 chocolate muffins, find the probability that exactly 5 weigh less than 61 g. [2]

The weights,  $B$  grams, of the banana muffins are normally distributed with a mean of 68 g and standard deviation of 3.4 g.

Each day 60% of the muffins made are chocolate.

On a particular day, a muffin is randomly selected from all those made at the bakery.

- (c) (i) Find the probability that the randomly selected muffin weighs less than 61 g.
- (ii) Given that a randomly selected muffin weighs less than 61 g, find the probability that it is chocolate. [7]

The machine that makes the chocolate muffins is adjusted so that the mean weight of the chocolate muffins remains the same but their standard deviation changes to  $\sigma$  g. The machine that makes the banana muffins is not adjusted. The probability that the weight of a randomly selected muffin from these machines is less than 61 g is now 0.157.

- (d) Find the value of  $\sigma$ . [5]

**References:**

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Please **do not** write on this page.

Answers written on this page  
will not be marked.



12EP12



**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

Tuesday 2 November 2021 (morning)

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

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### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 5]

In Lucy's music academy, eight students took their piano diploma examination and achieved scores out of 150. For her records, Lucy decided to record the average number of hours per week each student reported practising in the weeks prior to their examination. These results are summarized in the table below.

Average weekly practice time ( $h$ )	28	13	45	33	17	29	39	36
Diploma score ( $D$ )	115	82	120	116	79	101	110	121

- (a) Find Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient,  $r$ , for these data. [2]
- (b) The relationship between the variables can be modelled by the regression equation  $D = ah + b$ . Write down the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ . [1]
- (c) One of these eight students was disappointed with her result and wished she had practised more. Based on the given data, determine how her score could have been expected to alter had she practised an extra five hours per week. [2]

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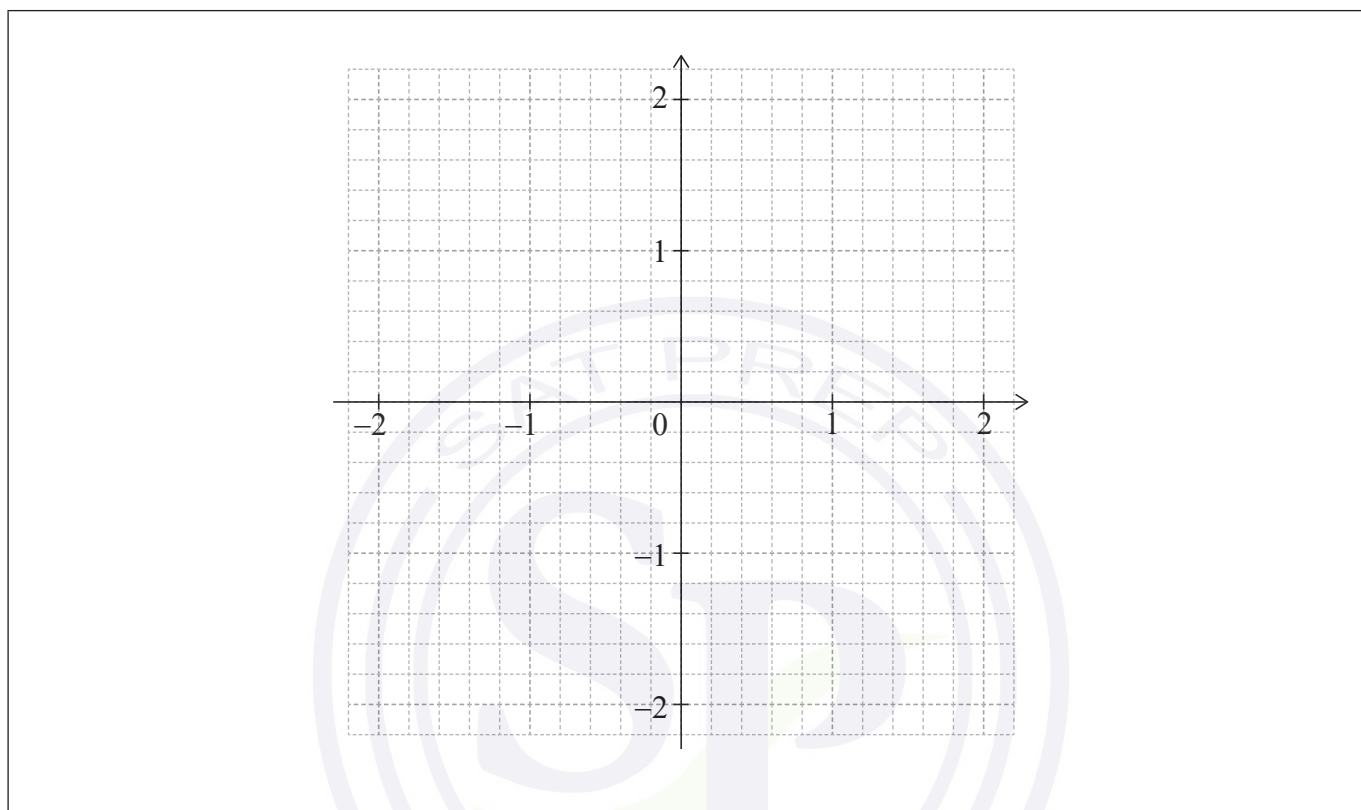


2. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the function  $f(x) = e^{-x^2} - 0.5$ , for  $-2 \leq x \leq 2$ .

(a) Find the values of  $x$  for which  $f(x) = 0$ . [2]

(b) Sketch the graph of  $f$  on the following grid. [3]



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3. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider a triangle  $ABC$ , where  $AC = 12$ ,  $CB = 7$  and  $\hat{BAC} = 25^\circ$ .

Find the smallest possible perimeter of triangle  $ABC$ .

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4. [Maximum mark: 7]

A factory manufactures lamps. It is known that the probability that a lamp is found to be defective is 0.05. A random sample of 30 lamps is tested.

- (a) Find the probability that there is at least one defective lamp in the sample. [3]
- (b) Given that there is at least one defective lamp in the sample, find the probability that there are at most two defective lamps. [4]

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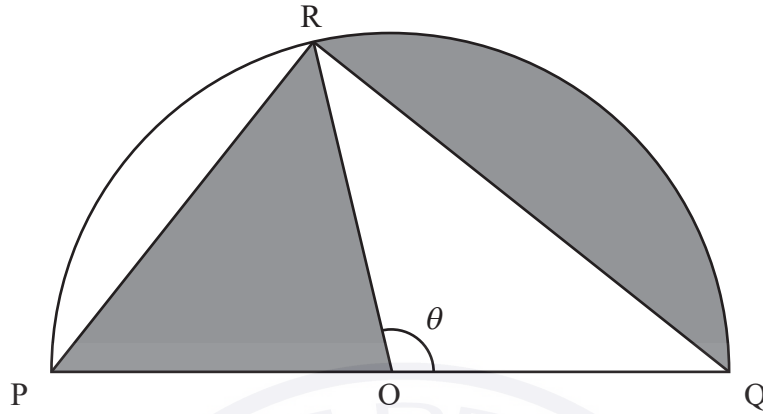


12EP05

Turn over

5. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows a semicircle with centre  $O$  and radius  $r$ . Points  $P$ ,  $Q$  and  $R$  lie on the circumference of the circle, such that  $PQ = 2r$  and  $\hat{ROQ} = \theta$ , where  $0 < \theta < \pi$ .



- (a) Given that the areas of the two shaded regions are equal, show that  $\theta = 2 \sin \theta$ . [5]
- (b) Hence determine the value of  $\theta$ . [1]

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6. [Maximum mark: 9]

The sum of the first  $n$  terms of a geometric sequence is given by  $S_n = \sum_{r=1}^n \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^r$ .

- (a) Find the first term of the sequence,  $u_1$ . [2]
- (b) Find  $S_\infty$ . [3]
- (c) Find the least value of  $n$  such that  $S_\infty - S_n < 0.001$ . [4]

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**Section B**

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 14]

Points A and P lie on opposite banks of a river, such that AP is the shortest distance across the river. Point B represents the centre of a city which is located on the riverbank.  $PB = 215 \text{ km}$ ,  $AP = 65 \text{ km}$  and  $\hat{APB} = 90^\circ$ .

The following diagram shows this information.



A boat travels at an average speed of  $42 \text{ km h}^{-1}$ . A bus travels along the straight road between P and B at an average speed of  $84 \text{ km h}^{-1}$ .

- (a) Find the travel time, in hours, from A to B given that
- (i) the boat is taken from A to P, and the bus from P to B;
  - (ii) the boat travels directly to B.
- [4]

There is a point D, which lies on the road from P to B, such that  $BD = x \text{ km}$ . The boat travels from A to D, and the bus travels from D to B.

- (b) (i) Find an expression, in terms of  $x$  for the travel time  $T$ , from A to B, passing through D.
- (ii) Find the value of  $x$  so that  $T$  is a minimum.
- (iii) Write down the minimum value of  $T$ .
- [6]

- (c) An excursion involves renting the boat and the bus. The cost to rent the boat is \$200 per hour, and the cost to rent the bus is \$150 per hour.
- (i) Find the new value of  $x$  so that the total cost  $C$  to travel from A to B via D is a minimum.
- (ii) Write down the minimum total cost for this journey.
- [4]

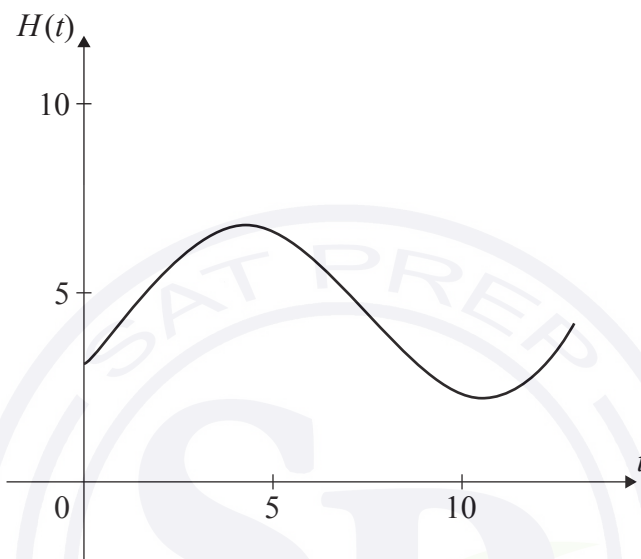


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8. [Maximum mark: 13]

The height of water, in metres, in Dungeness harbour is modelled by the function  $H(t) = a \sin(b(t - c)) + d$ , where  $t$  is the number of hours after midnight, and  $a, b, c$  and  $d$  are constants, where  $a > 0, b > 0$  and  $c > 0$ .

The following graph shows the height of the water for 13 hours, starting at midnight.



The first high tide occurs at 04:30 and the next high tide occurs 12 hours later. Throughout the day, the height of the water fluctuates between 2.2 m and 6.8 m.

All heights are given correct to one decimal place.

- (a) Show that  $b = \frac{\pi}{6}$ . [1]
- (b) Find the value of  $a$ . [2]
- (c) Find the value of  $d$ . [2]
- (d) Find the smallest possible value of  $c$ . [3]
- (e) Find the height of the water at 12:00. [2]
- (f) Determine the number of hours, over a 24-hour period, for which the tide is higher than 5 metres. [3]



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9. [Maximum mark: 16]

The random variable  $X$  follows a normal distribution with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ .

(a) Find  $P(\mu - 1.5\sigma < X < \mu + 1.5\sigma)$ . [3]

The avocados grown on a farm have weights, in grams, that are normally distributed with mean  $\mu$  and standard deviation  $\sigma$ . Avocados are categorized as small, medium, large or premium, according to their weight. The following table shows the probability an avocado grown on the farm is classified as small, medium, large or premium.

Category	Small	Medium	Large	Premium
Probability	0.04	0.576	0.288	0.096

The maximum weight of a small avocado is 106.2 grams.

The minimum weight of a premium avocado is 182.6 grams.

(b) Find the value of  $\mu$  and of  $\sigma$ . [5]

A supermarket purchases all the avocados from the farm that weigh more than 106.2 grams.

(c) Find the probability that an avocado chosen at random from this purchase is categorized as  
(i) medium;  
(ii) large;  
(iii) premium. [4]

The selling prices of the different categories of avocado at this supermarket are shown in the following table:

Category	Medium	Large	Premium
Selling price (\$) per avocado	1.10	1.29	1.96

The supermarket pays the farm \$200 for the avocados and assumes it will then sell them in exactly the same proportion as purchased from the farm.

(d) According to this model, find the minimum number of avocados that must be sold so that the net profit for the supermarket is at least \$438. [4]

References:



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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

Friday 7 May 2021 (morning)

Candidate session number

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1 hour 30 minutes

**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.



Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

### Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 6]

At a café, the waiting time between ordering and receiving a cup of coffee is dependent upon the number of customers who have already ordered their coffee and are waiting to receive it.

Sarah, a regular customer, visited the café on five consecutive days. The following table shows the number of customers,  $x$ , ahead of Sarah who have already ordered and are waiting to receive their coffee and Sarah's waiting time,  $y$  minutes.

Number of customers ( $x$ )	3	9	11	10	5
Sarah's waiting time ( $y$ )	6	10	12	11	6

The relationship between  $x$  and  $y$  can be modelled by the regression line of  $y$  on  $x$  with equation  $y = ax + b$ .

- (a) (i) Find the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ .
- (ii) Write down the value of Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient,  $r$ . [3]
- (b) Interpret, in context, the value of  $a$  found in part (a)(i). [1]

On another day, Sarah visits the café to order a coffee. Seven customers have already ordered their coffee and are waiting to receive it.

- (c) Use the result from part (a)(i) to estimate Sarah's waiting time to receive her coffee. [2]

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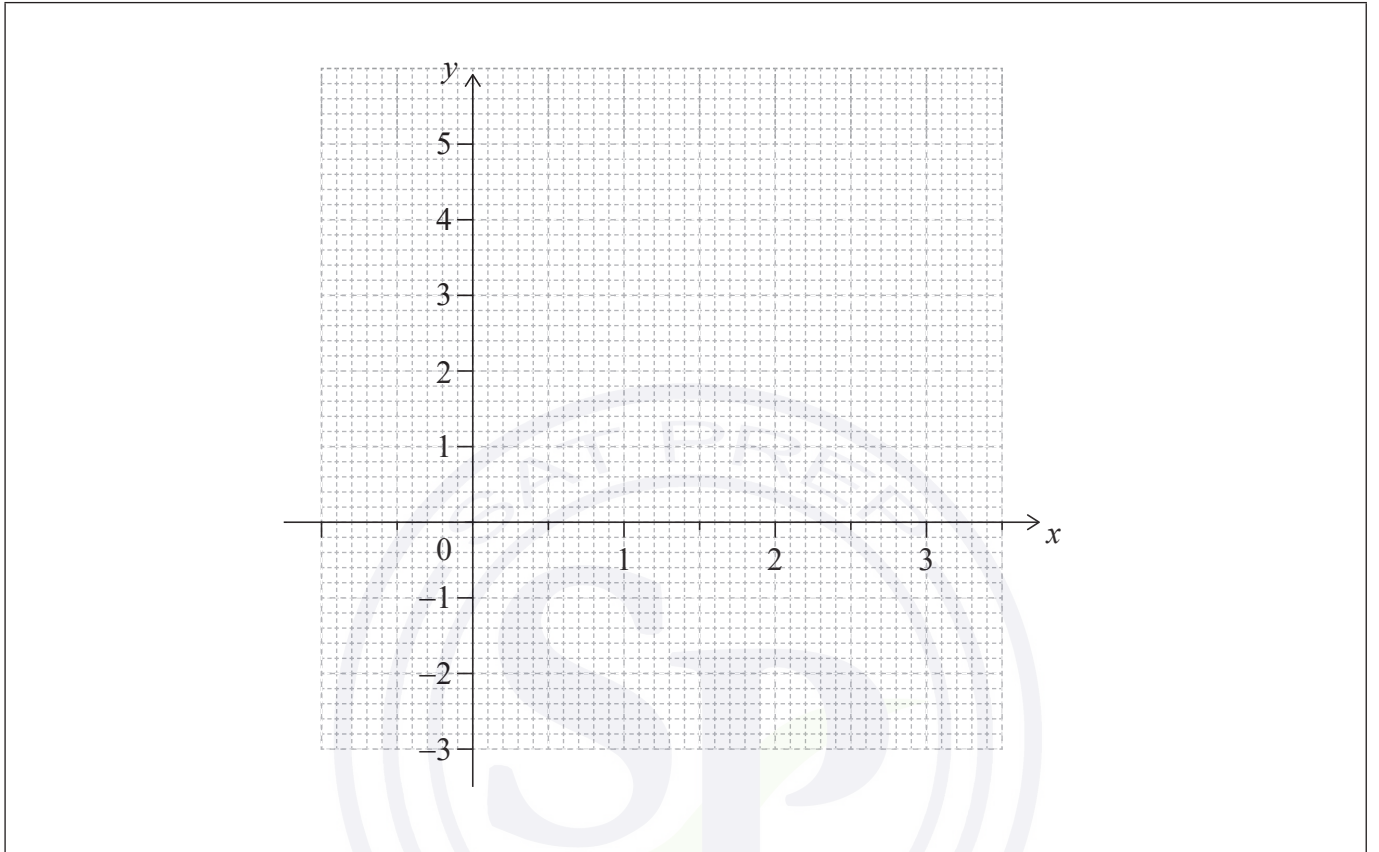
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2. [Maximum mark: 5]

Let  $f(x) = 3x - 4^{0.15x^2}$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 3$ .

(a) Sketch the graph of  $f$  on the grid below. [3]



(b) Find the value of  $x$  for which  $f'(x) = 0$ . [2]

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3. [Maximum mark: 5]

An arithmetic sequence has first term 60 and common difference  $-2.5$ .

(a) Given that the  $k$ th term of the sequence is zero, find the value of  $k$ . [2]

Let  $S_n$  denote the sum of the first  $n$  terms of the sequence.

(b) Find the maximum value of  $S_n$ . [3]

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4. [Maximum mark: 8]

At a school, 70% of the students play a sport and 20% of the students are involved in theatre. 18% of the students do neither activity.

A student is selected at random.

(a) Find the probability that the student plays a sport and is involved in theatre. [2]

(b) Find the probability that the student is involved in theatre, but does not play a sport. [2]

At the school 48% of the students are girls, and 25% of the girls are involved in theatre.

A student is selected at random. Let  $G$  be the event "the student is a girl" and let  $T$  be the event "the student is involved in theatre".

(c) Find  $P(G \cap T)$ . [2]

(d) Determine if the events  $G$  and  $T$  are independent. Justify your answer. [2]

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6. [Maximum mark: 7]

All living plants contain an isotope of carbon called carbon-14. When a plant dies, the isotope decays so that the amount of carbon-14 present in the remains of the plant decreases. The time since the death of a plant can be determined by measuring the amount of carbon-14 still present in the remains.

The amount,  $A$ , of carbon-14 present in a plant  $t$  years after its death can be modelled by  $A = A_0 e^{-kt}$  where  $t \geq 0$  and  $A_0, k$  are positive constants.

At the time of death, a plant is defined to have 100 units of carbon-14.

(a) Show that  $A_0 = 100$ . [1]

The time taken for half the original amount of carbon-14 to decay is known to be 5730 years.

(b) Show that  $k = \frac{\ln 2}{5730}$ . [3]

(c) Find, correct to the nearest 10 years, the time taken after the plant's death for 25% of the carbon-14 to decay. [3]

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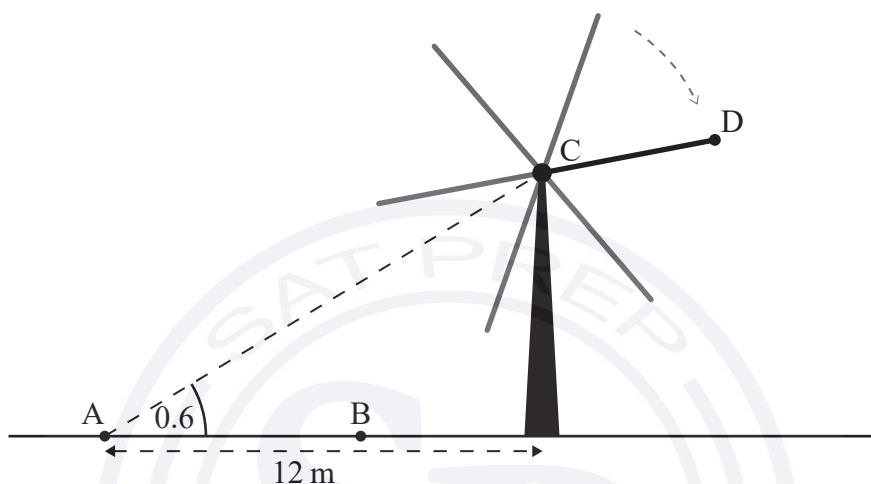
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### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 13]

The six blades of a windmill rotate around a centre point  $C$ . Points  $A$  and  $B$  and the base of the windmill are on level ground, as shown in the following diagram.



From point  $A$  the angle of elevation of point  $C$  is  $0.6$  radians.

- (a) Given that point  $A$  is  $12$  metres from the base of the windmill, find the height of point  $C$  above the ground. [2]

An observer walks  $7$  metres from point  $A$  to point  $B$ .

- (b) Find the angle of elevation of point  $C$  from point  $B$ . [2]

The observer keeps walking until he is standing directly under point  $C$ . The observer has a height of  $1.8$  metres, and as the blades of the windmill rotate, the end of each blade passes  $2.5$  metres over his head.

- (c) Find the length of each blade of the windmill. [2]

One of the blades is painted a different colour than the others. The end of this blade is labelled point  $D$ . The height  $h$ , in metres, of point  $D$  above the ground can be modelled by the function  $h(t) = p \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{10}t\right) + q$ , where  $t$  is in seconds and  $p, q \in \mathbb{R}$ . When  $t = 0$ , point  $D$  is at its maximum height.

- (d) Find the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$ . [4]

If the observer stands directly under point  $C$  for one minute, point  $D$  will pass over his head  $n$  times.

- (e) Find the value of  $n$ . [3]



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8. [Maximum mark: 15]

The flight times,  $T$  minutes, between two cities can be modelled by a normal distribution with a mean of 75 minutes and a standard deviation of  $\sigma$  minutes.

- (a) Given that 2% of the flight times are longer than 82 minutes, find the value of  $\sigma$ . [3]
- (b) Find the probability that a randomly selected flight will have a flight time of more than 80 minutes. [2]
- (c) Given that a flight between the two cities takes longer than 80 minutes, find the probability that it takes less than 82 minutes. [4]

On a particular day, there are 64 flights scheduled between these two cities.

- (d) Find the expected number of flights that will have a flight time of more than 80 minutes. [3]
- (e) Find the probability that more than 6 of the flights on this particular day will have a flight time of more than 80 minutes. [3]



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9. [Maximum mark: 15]

**All answers in this question should be given to four significant figures.**

In a local weekly lottery, tickets cost \$2 each.

In the first week of the lottery, a player will receive  $\$D$  for each ticket, with the probability distribution shown in the following table. For example, the probability of a player receiving \$10 is 0.03. The grand prize in the first week of the lottery is \$1000.

$d$	0	2	10	50	Grand Prize
$P(D = d)$	0.85	$c$	0.03	0.002	0.0001

(a) Find the value of  $c$ . [2]

(b) Determine whether this lottery is a fair game in the first week. Justify your answer. [4]

If nobody wins the grand prize in the first week, the probabilities will remain the same, but the value of the grand prize will be \$2000 in the second week, and the value of the grand prize will continue to double each week until it is won. All other prize amounts will remain the same.

(c) Given that the grand prize is not won and the grand prize continues to double, write an expression in terms of  $n$  for the value of the grand prize in the  $n$ th week of the lottery. [2]

The  $w$ th week is the first week in which the player is expected to make a profit. Ryan knows that if he buys a lottery ticket in the  $w$ th week, his expected profit is  $\$p$ .

(d) Find the value of  $p$ . [7]

**References:**

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**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

Friday 7 May 2021 (morning)

Candidate session number

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1 hour 30 minutes

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- Write your session number in the boxes above.
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- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.





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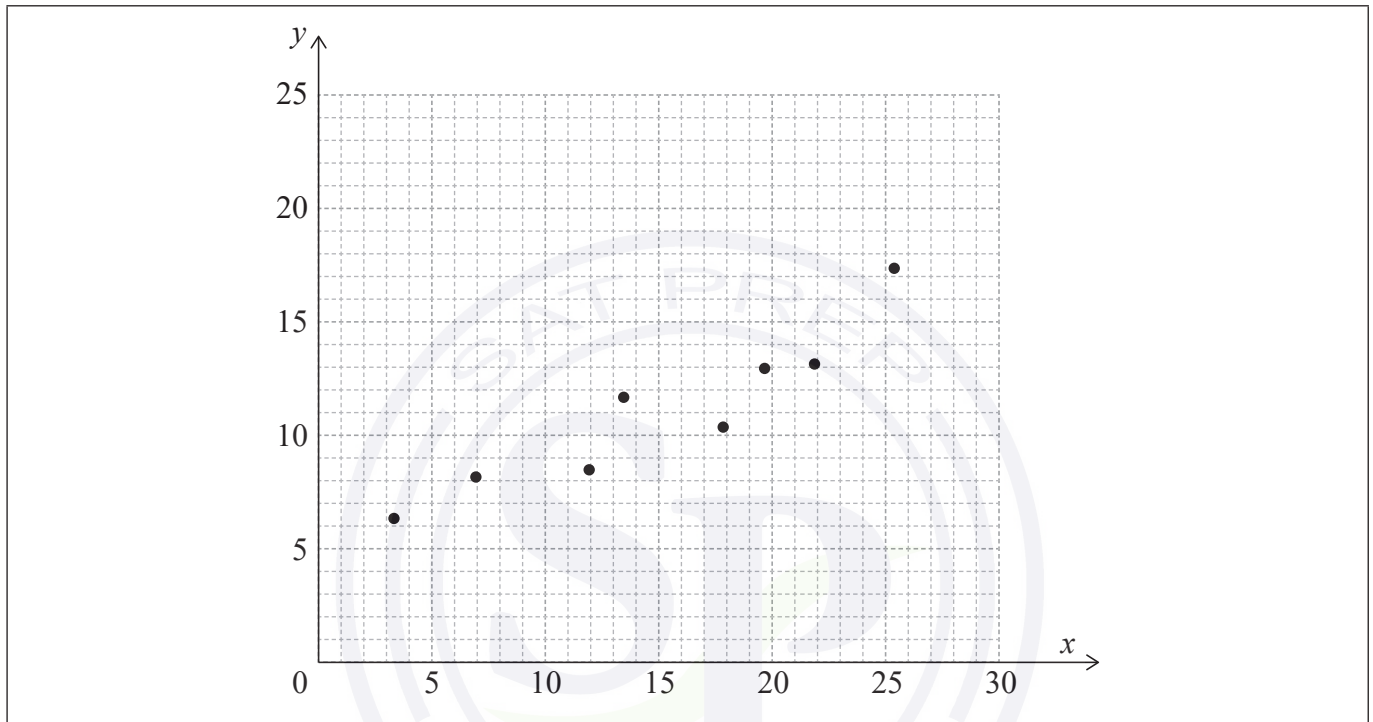


2. [Maximum mark: 7]

The following table shows the data collected from an experiment.

$x$	3.3	6.9	11.9	13.4	17.8	19.6	21.8	25.3
$y$	6.3	8.1	8.4	11.6	10.3	12.9	13.1	17.3

The data is also represented on the following scatter diagram.



The relationship between  $x$  and  $y$  can be modelled by the regression line of  $y$  on  $x$  with equation  $y = ax + b$ , where  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ .

- Write down the value of  $a$  and the value of  $b$ . [2]
- Use this model to predict the value of  $y$  when  $x = 18$ . [2]
- Write down the value of  $\bar{x}$  and the value of  $\bar{y}$ . [1]
- Draw the line of best fit on the scatter diagram. [2]

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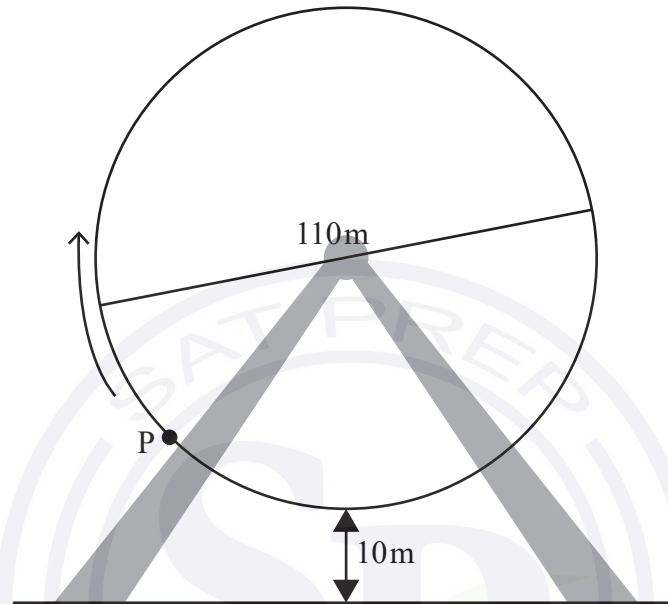




4. [Maximum mark: 5]

A Ferris wheel with diameter 110 metres rotates at a constant speed. The lowest point on the wheel is 10 metres above the ground, as shown on the following diagram. P is a point on the wheel. The wheel starts moving with P at the lowest point and completes one revolution in 20 minutes.

diagram not to scale



The height,  $h$  metres, of P above the ground after  $t$  minutes is given by  $h(t) = a \cos(bt) + c$ , where  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$ .

Find the values of  $a, b$  and  $c$ .

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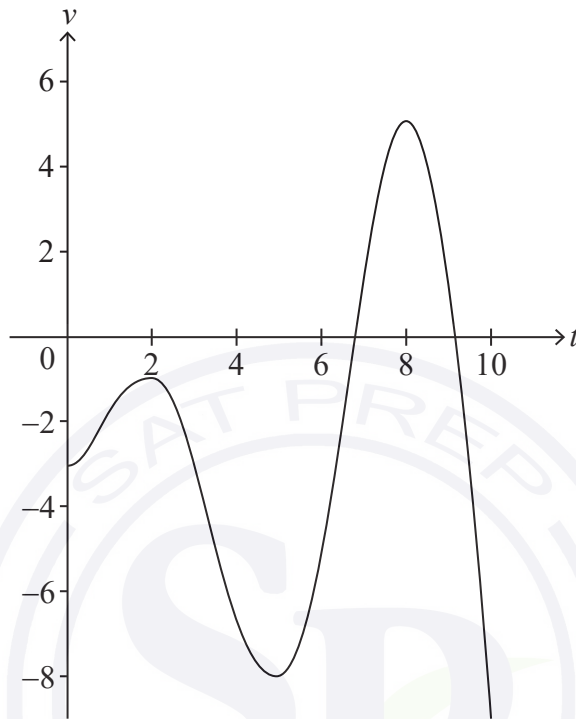
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5. [Maximum mark: 6]

A particle moves in a straight line. The velocity,  $v \text{ ms}^{-1}$ , of the particle at time  $t$  seconds is given by  $v(t) = t \sin t - 3$ , for  $0 \leq t \leq 10$ .

The following diagram shows the graph of  $v$ .



- (a) Find the smallest value of  $t$  for which the particle is at rest. [2]
- (b) Find the total distance travelled by the particle. [2]
- (c) Find the acceleration of the particle when  $t = 7$ . [2]

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### Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 16]

Two friends Amelia and Bill, each set themselves a target of saving \$20 000. They each have \$9000 to invest.

- (a) Amelia invests her \$9000 in an account that offers an interest rate of 7% per annum compounded **annually**.
- (i) Find the value of Amelia's investment after 5 years to the nearest hundred dollars.
  - (ii) Determine the number of years required for Amelia's investment to reach the target. [5]
- (b) Bill invests his \$9000 in an account that offers an interest rate of  $r\%$  per annum compounded **monthly**, where  $r$  is set to two decimal places.
- Find the minimum value of  $r$  needed for Bill to reach the target after 10 years. [3]
- (c) A third friend Chris also wants to reach the \$20 000 target. He puts his money in a safe where he does not earn any interest. His system is to add more money to this safe each year. Each year he will add half the amount added in the previous year.
- (i) Show that Chris will never reach the target if his initial deposit is \$9000.
  - (ii) Find the amount Chris needs to deposit initially in order to reach the target after 5 years. Give your answer to the nearest dollar. [8]

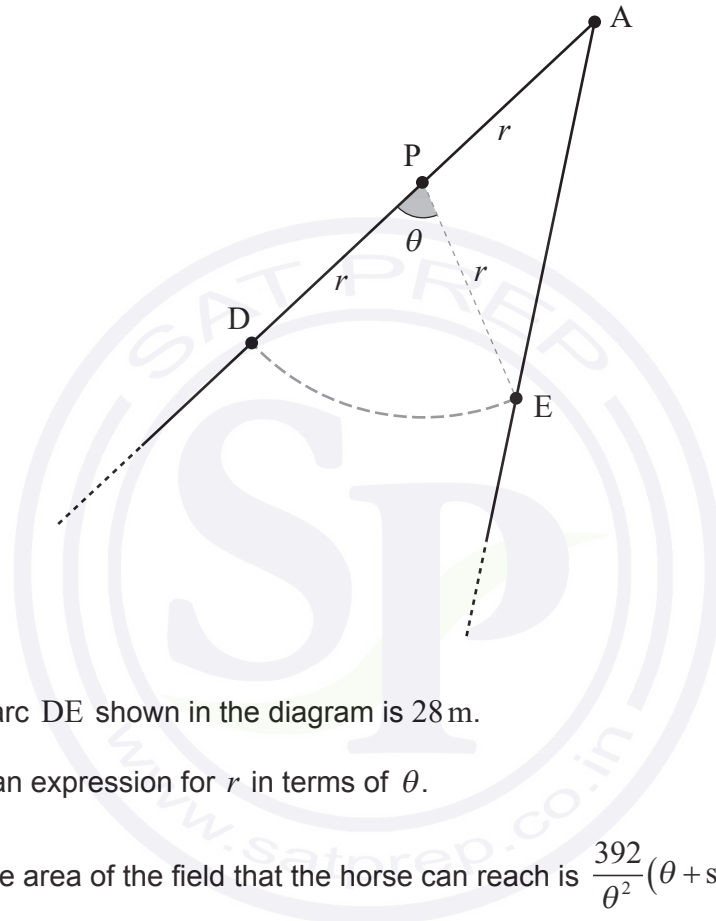


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8. [Maximum mark: 14]

Two straight fences meet at point A and a field lies between them.

A horse is tied to a post, P, by a rope of length  $r$  metres. Point D is on one fence and point E is on the other, such that  $PD = PE = PA = r$  and  $\hat{DPE} = \theta$  radians. This is shown in the following diagram.



The length of the arc DE shown in the diagram is 28 m.

- (a) Write down an expression for  $r$  in terms of  $\theta$ . [1]
- (b) Show that the area of the field that the horse can reach is  $\frac{392}{\theta^2}(\theta + \sin \theta)$ . [4]
- (c) The area of field that the horse can reach is  $460 \text{ m}^2$ . Find the value of  $\theta$ . [2]
- (d) Hence, find the size of  $\hat{DAE}$ . [2]

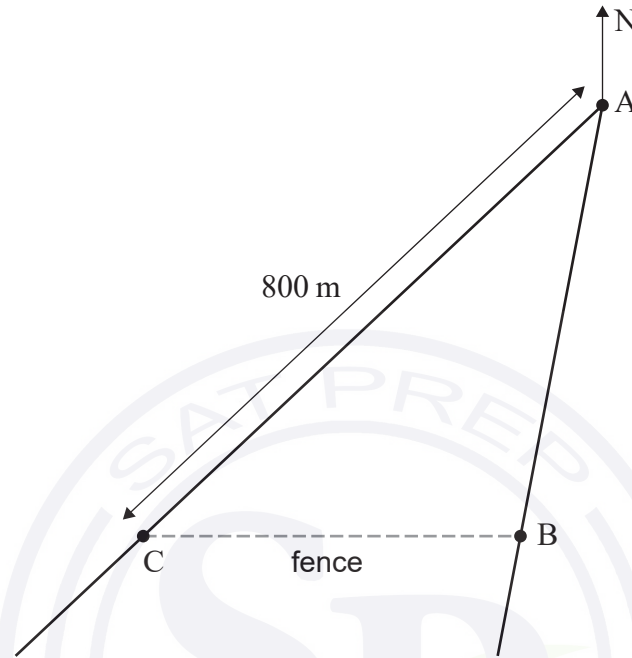
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**(Question 8 continued)**

A new fence is to be constructed between points B and C which will enclose the field, as shown in the following diagram.



Point C is due west of B and  $AC = 800\text{ m}$ . The bearing of B from A is  $195^\circ$ .

- (e) (i) Find the size of  $\hat{A}BC$ .
- (ii) Find the length of new fence required.

[5]



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9. [Maximum mark: 15]

Consider the function  $f$  defined by  $f(x) = 90e^{-0.5x}$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}^+$ .

The graph of  $f$  and the line  $y = x$  intersect at point  $P$ .

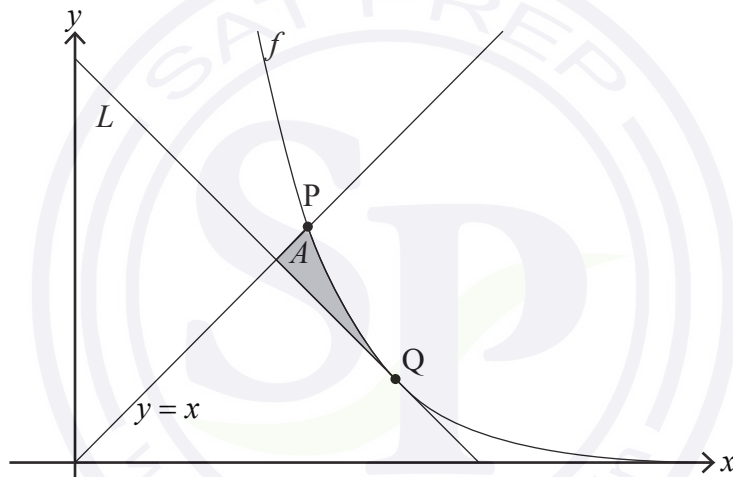
(a) Find the  $x$ -coordinate of  $P$ . [2]

The line  $L$  has a gradient of  $-1$  and is a tangent to the graph of  $f$  at the point  $Q$ .

(b) Find the exact coordinates of  $Q$ . [4]

(c) Show that the equation of  $L$  is  $y = -x + 2 \ln 45 + 2$ . [2]

The shaded region  $A$  is enclosed by the graph of  $f$  and the lines  $y = x$  and  $L$ .



(d) (i) Find the  $x$ -coordinate of the point where  $L$  intersects the line  $y = x$ .  
(ii) Hence, find the area of  $A$ . [5]

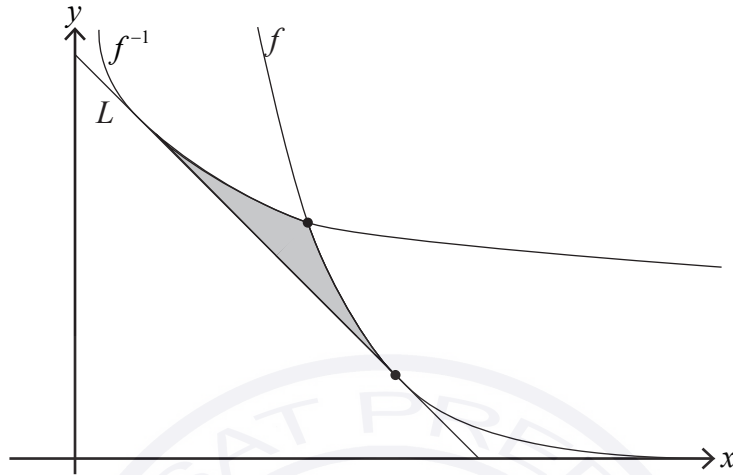
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**(Question 9 continued)**

The line  $L$  is tangent to the graphs of both  $f$  and the inverse function  $f^{-1}$ .



(e) Find the shaded area enclosed by the graphs of  $f$  and  $f^{-1}$  and the line  $L$ .

[2]

**References:**

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Please **do not** write on this page.

Answers written on this page  
will not be marked.



16EP16

**Mathematics: analysis and approaches**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

Specimen

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

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**Instructions to candidates**

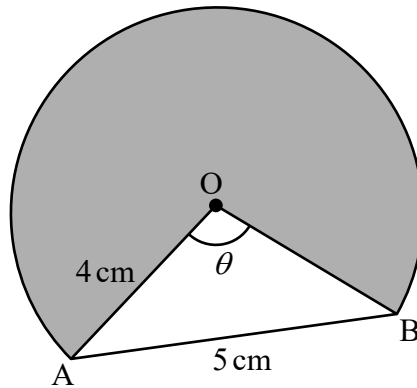
- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.





2. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows part of a circle with centre  $O$  and radius  $4$  cm.



Chord  $AB$  has a length of  $5$  cm and  $\widehat{AOB} = \theta$ .

- (a) Find the value of  $\theta$ , giving your answer in radians. [3]
- (b) Find the area of the shaded region. [3]

A large rectangular area containing horizontal dotted lines for writing answers.











Do **not** write solutions on this page.

**Section B**

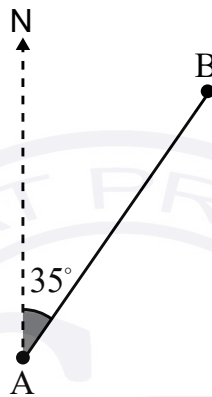
Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 16]

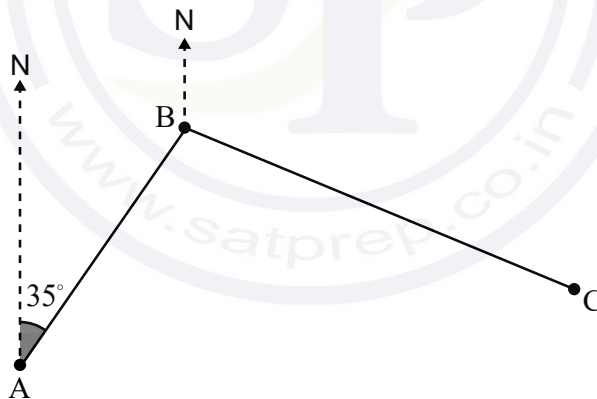
Adam sets out for a hike from his camp at point A. He hikes at an average speed of 4.2 km/h for 45 minutes, on a bearing of  $035^\circ$  from the camp, until he stops for a break at point B.

(a) Find the distance from point A to point B.

[2]



Adam leaves point B on a bearing of  $114^\circ$  and continues to hike for a distance of 4.6 km until he reaches point C.



(b) (i) Show that  $\hat{ABC}$  is  $101^\circ$ .

(ii) Find the distance from the camp to point C.

[5]

(c) Find  $\hat{BCA}$ .

[3]

Adam's friend Jacob wants to hike directly from the camp to meet Adam at point C.

(d) Find the bearing that Jacob must take to point C.

[3]

Jacob hikes at an average speed of 3.9 km/h.

(e) Find, to the nearest minute, the time it takes for Jacob to reach point C.

[3]



Do **not** write solutions on this page.

8. [Maximum mark: 15]

The length,  $X$  mm, of a certain species of seashell is normally distributed with mean 25 and variance,  $\sigma^2$ .

The probability that  $X$  is less than 24.15 is 0.1446.

- (a) Find  $P(24.15 < X < 25)$ . [2]
- (b) (i) Find  $\sigma$ , the standard deviation of  $X$ .
- (ii) Hence, find the probability that a seashell selected at random has a length greater than 26 mm. [5]

A random sample of 10 seashells is collected on a beach. Let  $Y$  represent the number of seashells with lengths greater than 26 mm.

- (c) Find  $E(Y)$ . [3]
- (d) Find the probability that exactly three of these seashells have a length greater than 26 mm. [2]

A seashell selected at random has a length less than 26 mm.

- (e) Find the probability that its length is between 24.15 mm and 25 mm. [3]



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9. [Maximum mark: 13]

Consider a function  $f$ , such that  $f(x) = 5.8 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(x+1)\right) + b$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 10$ ,  $b \in \mathbb{R}$ .

(a) Find the period of  $f$ . [2]

The function  $f$  has a local maximum at the point  $(2, 21.8)$ , and a local minimum at  $(8, 10.2)$ .

(b) (i) Find the value of  $b$ .

(ii) Hence, find the value of  $f(6)$ . [4]

A second function  $g$  is given by  $g(x) = p \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{9}(x - 3.75)\right) + q$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq 10$ ;  $p, q \in \mathbb{R}$ .

The function  $g$  passes through the points  $(3, 2.5)$  and  $(6, 15.1)$ .

(c) Find the value of  $p$  and the value of  $q$ . [5]

(d) Find the value of  $x$  for which the functions have the greatest difference. [2]

