

## Quadratic equation and graph

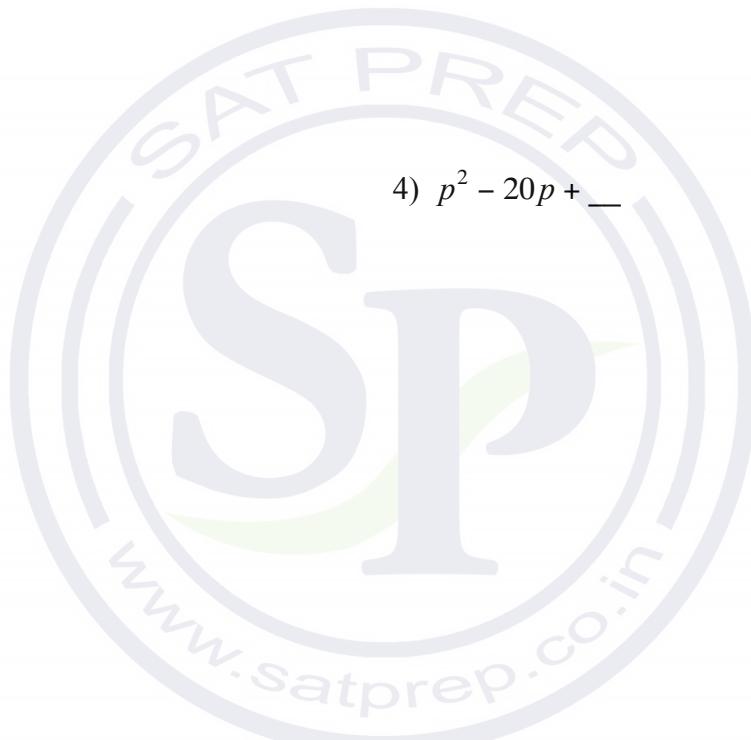
Find the value that completes the square and then rewrite as a perfect square.

1)  $p^2 - 5p + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2)  $a^2 + 20a + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3)  $m^2 - 22m + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4)  $p^2 - 20p + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



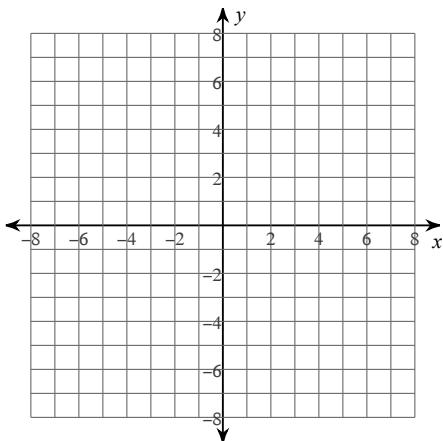
Solve each equation with the quadratic formula.

5)  $3b^2 - 7b + 2 = 0$

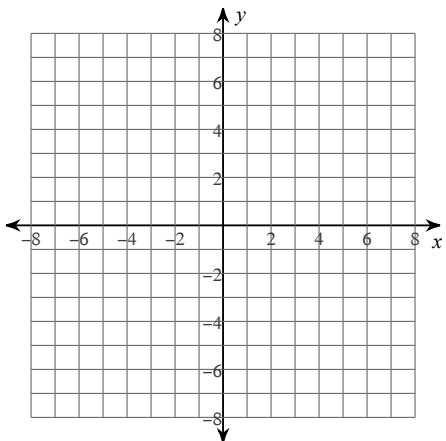
6)  $2v^2 - 18 = 0$

Identify the vertex, axis of symmetry, and min/max value of each. Then sketch the graph.

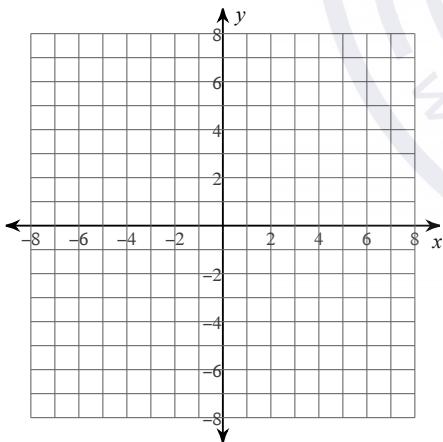
7)  $y = -2x^2 - 16x - 35$



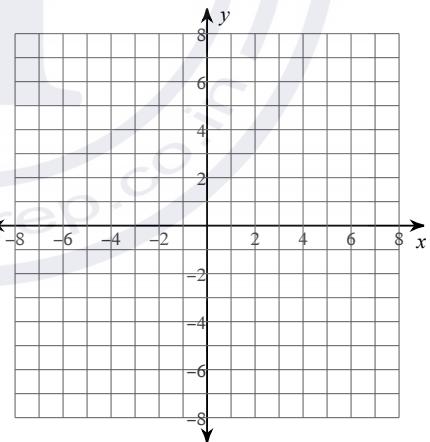
8)  $y = -x^2 + 4x - 9$



9)  $y = -3x^2 - 6x - 7$



10)  $y = -2x^2 + 20x - 51$



Convert into complete square form and write the vertex form equation of each parabola.

11)  $y = -2x^2 + 4x - 1$

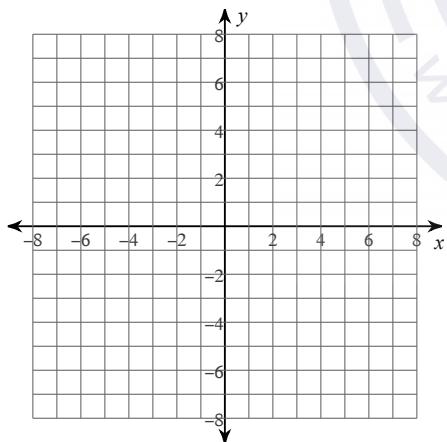
12)  $y = -3x^2 - 12x - 11$

13)  $y = 2x^2 + 8x + 8$

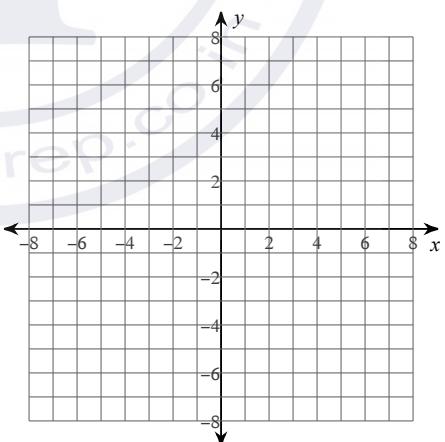
14)  $y = 3x^2 - 6x - 1$

Identify the vertex, axis of symmetry, min/max value, and x-intercepts of each. Then sketch the graph.

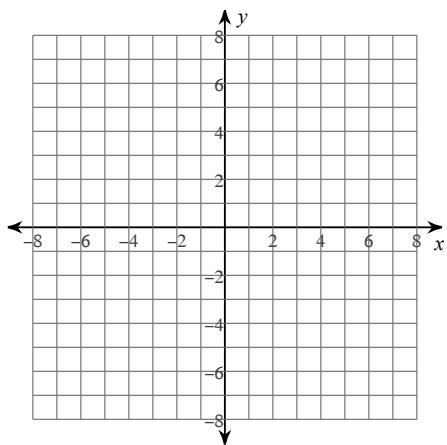
15)  $y = 2(x - 1)^2 - 8$



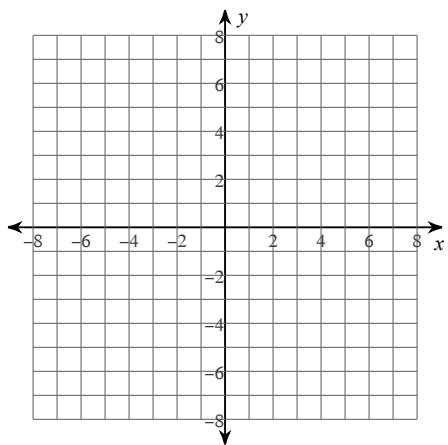
16)  $y = \frac{1}{4}(x - 2)^2 - \frac{9}{4}$



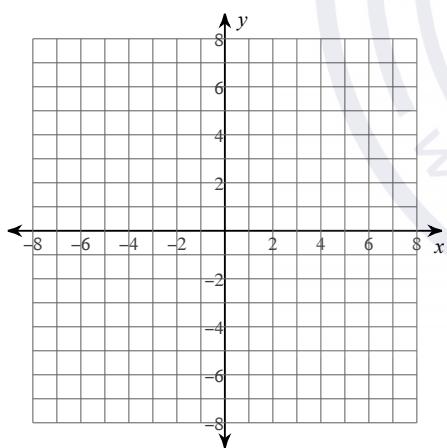
$$17) \quad y = -(x - 4)^2$$



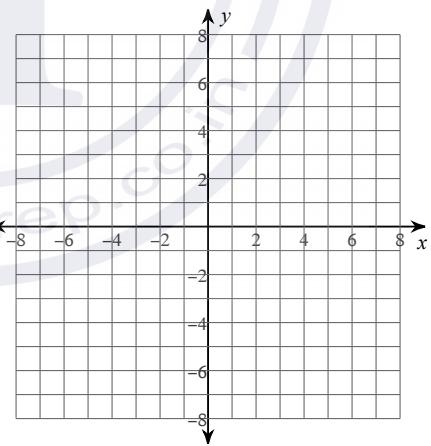
$$18) \quad y = -2(x + 5)^2 - 1$$



$$19) \quad y = -(x + 6)^2$$



$$20) \quad y = \left(x + \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{4}$$

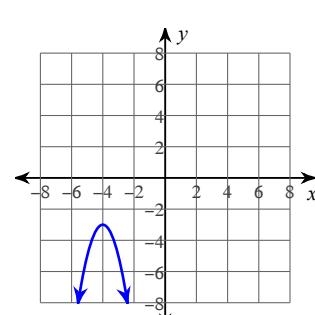


## Answers to Quadratic equation and graph

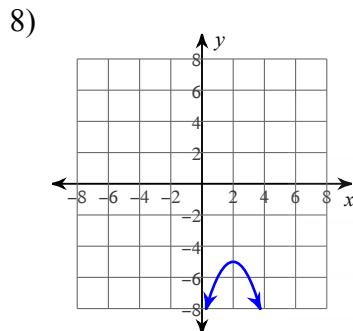
1)  $\frac{25}{4}; \left(p - \frac{5}{2}\right)^2$   
 5)  $\left\{2, \frac{1}{3}\right\}$

2) 100;  $(a + 10)^2$   
 6)  $\{3, -3\}$

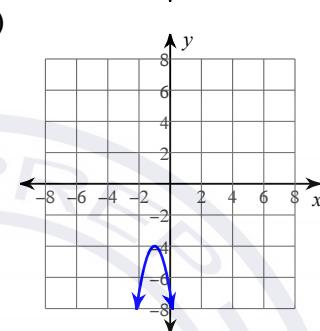
3) 121;  $(m - 11)^2$   
 4) 100;  $(p - 10)^2$



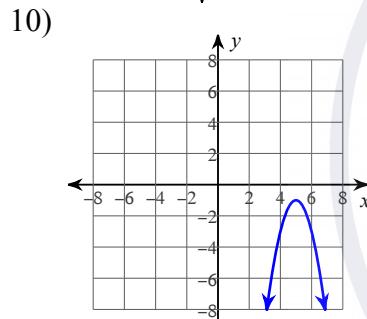
Vertex:  $(-4, -3)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = -4$   
 Max value =  $-3$



Vertex:  $(2, -5)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = 2$   
 Max value =  $-5$



Vertex:  $(-1, -4)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = -1$   
 Max value =  $-4$



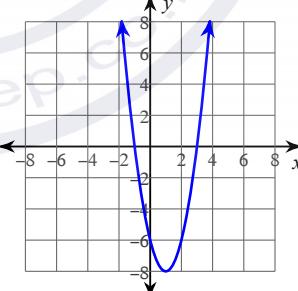
Vertex:  $(5, -1)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = 5$   
 Max value =  $-1$

13)  $y = 2(x + 2)^2$

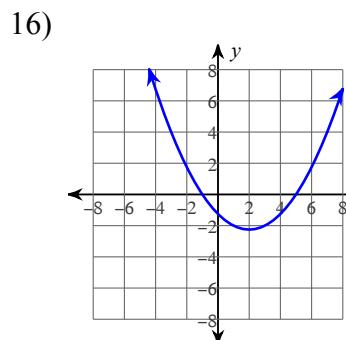
14)  $y = 3(x - 1)^2 - 4$

11)  $y = -2(x - 1)^2 + 1$

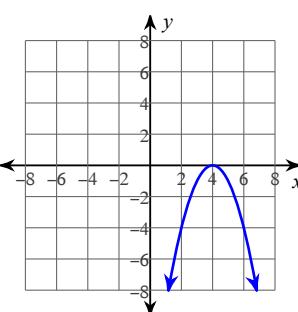
12)  $y = -3(x + 2)^2 + 1$



Vertex:  $(1, -8)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = 1$   
 Min value =  $-8$   
 x-int: 3 and -1

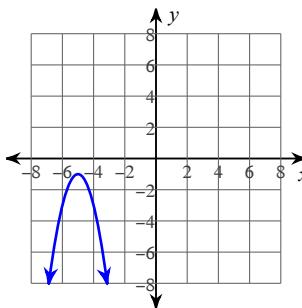


Vertex:  $\left(2, -\frac{9}{4}\right)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = 2$   
 Min value =  $-\frac{9}{4}$   
 x-int: 5 and -1



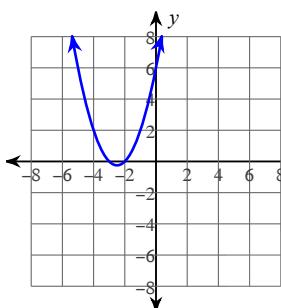
Vertex:  $(4, 0)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = 4$   
 Max value =  $0$   
 x-int: 4

18)



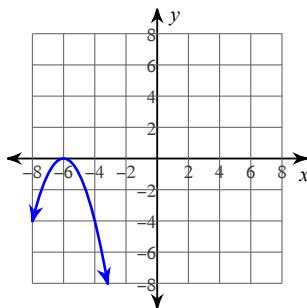
Vertex:  $(-5, -1)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = -5$   
 Max value =  $-1$   
 x-int: None

20)



Vertex:  $\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}\right)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = -\frac{5}{2}$   
 Min value =  $-\frac{1}{4}$   
 x-int:  $-3$  and  $-2$

19)



Vertex:  $(-6, 0)$   
 Axis of Sym.:  $x = -6$   
 Max value =  $0$   
 x-int:  $-6$