

Subject – Math AA(Standard Level)
Topic - Geometry and Trigonometry
Year - May 2021 – Nov 2022
Paper -2
Answers

Question 1

- (a) correct approach **A1**
 eg $\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{2\pi}{\text{period}}$ (or equivalent)
 period = 12 **A1**
[2 marks]
- (b) (i) valid approach **(M1)**
 eg $\frac{\text{max} + \text{min}}{2}$ $b = \text{max} - \text{amplitude}$
 $\frac{21.8 + 10.2}{2}$, or equivalent
 $b = 16$ **A1**
- (ii) attempt to substitute into **their** function **(M1)**
 $5.8 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(6+1)\right) + 16$
 $f(6) = 13.1$ **A1**
[4 marks]
- (c) valid attempt to set up a system of equations **(M1)**
 two correct equations **A1**
 $p \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{9}(3-3.75)\right) + q = 2.5$, $p \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{9}(6-3.75)\right) + q = 15.1$
 valid attempt to solve system **(M1)**
 $p = 8.4$; $q = 6.7$ **A1A1**
[5 marks]
- (d) attempt to use $|f(x) - g(x)|$ to find maximum difference **(M1)**
 $x = 1.64$ **A1**
[2 marks]

Total [13 marks]

Question 2

- (a) $\frac{4.2}{60} \times 45$ A1
AB = 3.15 (km) A1
[2 marks]
- (b) (i) 66° or $(180 - 114)$ A1
 $35 + 66$ A1
 $\hat{A}BC = 101^\circ$ AG
- (ii) attempt to use cosine rule (M1)
 $AC^2 = 3.15^2 + 4.6^2 - 2 \times 3.15 \times 4.6 \cos 101^\circ$ (or equivalent) A1
AC = 6.05 (km) A1
[5 marks]
- (c) valid approach to find angle BCA (M1)
eg sine rule
correct substitution into sine rule A1
eg $\frac{\sin(\hat{B}CA)}{3.15} = \frac{\sin 101}{6.0507\dots}$
 $\hat{B}CA = 30.7^\circ$ A1
[3 marks]
- (d) $\hat{B}AC = 48.267$ (seen anywhere) A1
valid approach to find correct bearing (M1)
eg $48.267 + 35$
bearing = 83.3° (accept 083°) A1
[3 marks]
- (e) attempt to use $\text{time} = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}}$ M1
 $\frac{6.0507}{3.9}$ or 0.065768 km/min (A1)
 $t = 93$ (minutes) A1
[3 marks]
- Total [16 marks]**

Question 3

(a) **METHOD 1**

attempt to use the cosine rule

$$\cos \theta = \frac{4^2 + 4^2 - 5^2}{2 \times 4 \times 4} \text{ (or equivalent)}$$

$$\theta = 1.35$$

(M1)

A1

A1

[3 marks]

METHOD 2

attempt to split triangle AOB into two congruent right triangles

$$\sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right) = \frac{2.5}{4}$$

$$\theta = 1.35$$

(M1)

A1

A1

[3 marks]

(b) attempt to find the area of the shaded region

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 4 \times (2\pi - 1.35\dots)$$
$$= 39.5 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$$

(M1)

A1

A1

[3 marks]

Total [6 marks]

Question 4

(a) $r = \frac{28}{\theta}$

A1

[1 mark]

(b) recognising sum of area of sector and area of triangle required

(M1)

$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta + \frac{1}{2}r \times r \times \sin(\pi - \theta) \left(= \frac{r^2}{2}(\theta + \sin(\pi - \theta)) \right)$$

A1

$$\sin(\pi - \theta) = \sin \theta \text{ (substitution seen anywhere)}$$

A1

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{28}{\theta}\right)^2 \theta + \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{28}{\theta}\right)^2 \sin \theta \text{ OR } \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{28}{\theta}\right)^2 (\theta + \sin \theta)$$

A1

$$\text{area} = \frac{392}{\theta^2}(\theta + \sin \theta)$$

AG

[4 marks]

(c) $\frac{392}{\theta^2}(\theta + \sin \theta) = 460$

(M1)

$$\theta = 1.43917\dots$$

$$\theta = 1.44$$

A1

[2 marks]

(d) $\frac{\pi - (\pi - \theta)}{2}$ OR $\frac{\theta}{2}$

(M1)

$$\hat{D}\hat{A}\hat{E} = 0.719588\dots$$

$$\hat{D}\hat{A}\hat{E} = 0.720$$

A1

[2 marks]

(e) (i) $\hat{A}\hat{B}\hat{C} = 195 - 180 + 90$
 $= 105^\circ$

(A1)

A1

(ii) choosing sine rule

(M1)

$$\frac{BC}{\sin \hat{D}\hat{A}\hat{E}} = \frac{800}{\sin 105} \text{ OR } \frac{BC}{\sin \hat{D}\hat{A}\hat{E}} = \frac{800}{\sin 1.83}$$

A1

$$BC = 546 \text{ (m)}$$

A1

[5 marks]

Total [14 marks]

Question 5

amplitude is $\frac{110}{2} = 55$

(A1)

$$a = -55$$

A1

$$c = 65$$

A1

$$\frac{2\pi}{b} = 20 \text{ OR } -55\cos(20b) + 65 = 10$$

(M1)

$$b = \frac{\pi}{10} (= 0.314)$$

A1

Total [5 marks]

Question 6

(a) $\tan 0.6 = \frac{h}{12}$ (M1)

8.20964...

8.21 (m)

A1
[2 marks]

(b) $\tan B = \frac{8.2096...}{5}$ OR $\tan^{-1} 1.6419...$ (A1)

1.02375...

1.02 (radians) (accept 58.7°)

A1
[2 marks]

(c) $x + 1.8 + 2.5 = 8.20964...$ (or equivalent) (A1)

3.90964...

3.91 (m)

A1
[2 marks]

(d) **METHOD 1**

recognition that blade length = amplitude, $p = \frac{\text{max} - \text{min}}{2}$ (M1)

$p = 3.91$ A1

centre of windmill = vertical shift, $q = \frac{\text{max} + \text{min}}{2}$ (M1)

$q = 8.21$ A1

METHOD 2

attempting to form two equations in terms of p and q (M1) (M1)

$$12.1192... = p \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{10} \cdot 0\right) + q, \quad 4.3000... = p \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{10} \cdot \frac{10}{3}\right) + q$$

$p = 3.91$ A1

$q = 8.21$ A1

[4 marks]

(e) appropriate working towards finding the period (M1)

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{3\pi}{10}} (=6.6666\dots)$$

$$\text{rotations per minute} = \frac{60}{\text{their period}} \quad \text{(M1)}$$

$n = 9$ (must be an integer) (accept $n = 10$, $n = 18$, $n = 19$) A1

[3 marks]

Total [13 marks]

Question 7

(a) $12 = \frac{2\pi}{b}$ OR $b = \frac{2\pi}{12}$ A1

$$b = \frac{\pi}{6} \quad \text{AG}$$

[1 mark]

(b) $a = \frac{6.8 - 2.2}{2}$ OR $a = \frac{\text{max} - \text{min}}{2}$ (M1)

$$= 2.3 \text{ (m)} \quad \text{A1}$$

[2 marks]

(c) $d = \frac{6.8 + 2.2}{2}$ OR $d = \frac{\text{max} + \text{min}}{2}$ (M1)

$$= 4.5 \text{ (m)} \quad \text{A1}$$

[2 marks]

(d) **METHOD 1**

substituting $t = 4.5$ and $H = 6.8$ for example into their equation for H (A1)

$$6.8 = 2.3 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(4.5 - c)\right) + 4.5$$

attempt to solve their equation (M1)

$$c = 1.5 \quad \text{A1}$$

METHOD 2

using horizontal translation of $\frac{12}{4}$ (M1)

$$4.5 - c = 3 \quad \text{(A1)}$$

$$c = 1.5 \quad \text{A1}$$

METHOD 3

$$H'(t) = (2.3)\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(t - c)\right) \quad \text{(A1)}$$

attempts to solve their $H'(4.5) = 0$ for c (M1)

$$(2.3)\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(4.5 - c)\right) = 0$$
$$c = 1.5 \quad \text{A1}$$

[3 marks]

(e) attempt to find H when $t = 12$ or $t = 0$, graphically or algebraically (M1)

$$H = 2.87365\dots$$

$$H = 2.87(\text{m}) \quad \text{A1}$$

[2 marks]

(f) attempt to solve $5 = 2.3 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(t-1.5)\right) + 4.5$ (M1)

times are $t = 1.91852\dots$ and $t = 7.08147\dots$, ($t = 13.9185\dots, t = 19.0814\dots$) (A1)

total time is $2 \times (7.081\dots - 1.919\dots)$

10.3258...

= 10.3 (hours) (A1)

Note: Accept 10.

[3 marks]

Total [13 marks]

Question 7

(a) (i) $\frac{AP}{42}$ OR $\frac{215}{84}$ OR $\frac{65}{42} + \frac{215}{84}$ (M1)

time = 4.10714... (hours)

time = 4.11 (hours) (A1)

(ii) $AB = \sqrt{215^2 + 65^2}$ (= 224.610...) (A1)

time = 5.34787... (hours)

time = 5.35 (hours) (A1)

[4 marks]

(b) (i) $AD = \sqrt{(215-x)^2 + 65^2}$ (A1)

$t = \frac{\sqrt{(215-x)^2 + 65^2}}{42}$ (A1)

$T = \frac{\sqrt{(215-x)^2 + 65^2}}{42} + \frac{x}{84} \left(= \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 430x + 50450}}{42} + \frac{x}{84} \right)$ (A1)

(ii) valid approach to find the minimum for T (may be seen in (iii)) (M1)

graph of T OR $T' = 0$ OR graph of T'

$x = 177.472\dots$ km

$x = 177$ km (A1)

(iii) $T = 3.89980\dots$

$T = 3.90$ (hours)

A1

(c) (i) $C = 200 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{(215-x)^2 + 65^2}}{42} + 150 \cdot \frac{x}{84}$

(A1)

valid approach to find the minimum for $C(x)$ (may be seen in (ii))

(M1)

graph of C OR $C'=0$ OR graph of C'

$x = 188.706\dots$ km

$x = 189$ km

A1

Note: Only allow **FT** from (b) if the function T has a minimum in $0 < x < 215$.

(ii) $C = 670.864$

$C = \$671$

A1

Note: Only allow **FT** from (c)(i) if the function C has a minimum in $0 < x < 215$.

[4 marks]

Total [14 marks]

Question 9

- (a) attempt to find the area of either shaded region in terms of r and θ (M1)

Note: Do not award **M1** if they have only copied from the booklet and not applied to the shaded area.

$$\text{Area of segment} = \frac{1}{2}r^2\theta - \frac{1}{2}r^2\sin\theta \quad \text{A1}$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2}r^2\sin(\pi - \theta) \quad \text{A1}$$

correct equation in terms of θ only (A1)

$$\theta - \sin\theta = \sin(\pi - \theta)$$

$$\theta - \sin\theta = \sin\theta \quad \text{A1}$$

$$\theta = 2\sin\theta \quad \text{AG}$$

Note: Award a maximum of **M1A1A0A0A0** if a candidate uses degrees

(i.e., $\frac{1}{2}r^2\sin(180^\circ - \theta)$), even if later work is correct.

Note: If a candidate directly states that the area of the triangle is

$\frac{1}{2}r^2\sin\theta$, award a maximum of **M1A1A0A1A1**.

[5 marks]

- (b) $\theta = 1.89549\dots$
 $\theta = 1.90$ A1

Note: Award **A0** if there is more than one solution. Award **A0** for an answer in degrees.

[1 mark]

Total [6 marks]

Question 10

EITHER

attempt to use cosine rule

(M1)

$$12^2 + AB^2 - 2 \times 12 \times \cos 25^\circ \times AB = 7^2 \text{ OR } AB^2 - 21.7513...AB + 95 = 0$$

(A1)

at least one correct value for AB

(A1)

$$AB = 6.05068... \text{ OR } AB = 15.7007...$$

using their smaller value for AB to find minimum perimeter

(M1)

$$12 + 7 + 6.05068...$$

OR

attempt to use sine rule

(M1)

$$\frac{\sin B}{12} = \frac{\sin 25^\circ}{7} \text{ OR } \sin B = 0.724488... \text{ OR } \hat{B} = 133.573...^\circ \text{ OR } \hat{B} = 46.4263...^\circ$$

(A1)

at least one correct value for C

(A1)

$$\hat{C} = 21.4263...^\circ \text{ OR } \hat{C} = 108.573...^\circ$$

using their acute value for C to find minimum perimeter

(M1)

$$12 + 7 + \sqrt{12^2 + 7^2 - 2 \times 12 \times 7 \cos 21.4263...^\circ} \text{ OR } 12 + 7 + \frac{7 \sin 21.4263...^\circ}{\sin 25^\circ}$$

THEN

$$25.0506...$$

minimum perimeter = 25.1.

A1

Total [5 marks]

Question 11

- (a) attempt to use the distance formula to find AV (M1)

$$\sqrt{(1-(-1))^2 + (5-1)^2 + (0-6)^2}$$

$$= 7.48331\dots$$

$$= 7.48 \text{ (cm)} \left(= \sqrt{56} \text{ or } 2\sqrt{14} \right)$$

A1**[2 marks]**

- (b) **METHOD 1**

attempt to apply cosine rule OR sine rule to find AB (M1)

$$(AB =) \sqrt{7.48\dots^2 + 7.48\dots^2 - 2 \times 7.48\dots \times 7.48\dots \cos(40^\circ)} \text{ OR } \frac{AB}{\sin 40^\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{56}}{\sin 70^\circ} \quad \text{(A1)}$$

$$= 5.11888\dots$$

$$= 5.12 \text{ (cm)}$$

A1**METHOD 2**

Let M be the midpoint of [AB]

attempt to apply right-angled trigonometry on triangle AVM (M1)

$$= 2 \times 7.48\dots \times \sin(20^\circ) \quad \text{(A1)}$$

$$= 5.11888\dots$$

$$= 5.12 \text{ (cm)}$$

A1**[3 marks]**

- (c) **METHOD 1**

equating volume of pyramid formula to 57.2 (M1)

$$\frac{1}{3} \times 5.11\dots^2 \times h = 57.2 \quad \text{(A1)}$$

$$h = 6.54886\dots$$

$$h = 6.55 \text{ (cm)}$$

A1

METHOD 2

Let M be the midpoint of [AB]

$$AV^2 = AM^2 + MX^2 + XV^2 \quad (M1)$$

$$\Rightarrow XV = \sqrt{7.48\dots^2 - \left(\frac{5.11\dots}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{5.11\dots}{2}\right)^2} \quad (A1)$$

$$h = 6.54886\dots$$

$$h = 6.55 \text{ (cm)} \quad A1$$

[3 marks]

(d) $V = x \times 2x \times y = 57.2 \quad (A1)$

$$S = 2(2x^2 + xy + 2xy) \quad A1$$

| |
|-----------------------------------|
| Note: Condone use of A . |
|-----------------------------------|

attempt to substitute $y = \frac{57.2}{2x^2}$ into their expression for surface area (M1)

$$(S(x) =) 4x^2 + 6x \left(\frac{57.2}{2x^2} \right)$$

EITHER

attempt to find minimum turning point on graph of area function (M1)

OR

$$\frac{dS}{dx} = 8x - 171.6x^{-2} = 0 \text{ OR } x = 2.77849\dots \quad (M1)$$

THEN

$$92.6401\dots$$

$$\text{minimum surface area} = 92.6 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)} \quad A1$$

[5 marks]**Total [13 marks]**

Question 12

- (a) valid approach to find area of segment by finding area of sector – area of triangle (M1)

$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta - \frac{1}{2}r^2 \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(2)^2\theta - \frac{1}{2}(2)^2 \sin \theta \quad (A1)$$

$$\text{area} = 2\theta - 2\sin \theta \quad A1$$

[3 marks]

- (b) EITHER

area of logo = area of rectangle – area of segments (M1)

$$5 \times 4 - 2 \times (2\theta - 2\sin \theta) = 13.4 \quad (A1)$$

OR

$$\text{area of one segment} = \frac{20 - 13.4}{2} (= 3.3) \quad (M1)$$

$$2\theta - 2\sin \theta = 3.3 \quad (A1)$$

THEN

$$\theta = 2.35672\dots$$

$$\theta = 2.36 \text{ (do not accept an answer in degrees)} \quad A1$$

Note: Award (M1)(A1)A0 if there is more than one solution.
Award (M1)(A1FT)A0 if the candidate works in degrees and obtains a final answer of 135.030...

[3 marks]

Total [6 marks]

Question 13

(a) (i) 32 (cm) A1

(ii) $h_A(0) = \sin(6) + 27$ (M1)

$$= 26.7205\dots$$

$= 26.7$ (cm) A1

[3 marks]

(b) attempts to solve $h_A(t) = h_B(t)$ for t (M1)

$$t = 4.00746\dots, 4.70343\dots, 5.88332\dots$$

$t = 4.01, 4.70, 5.88$ (weeks) A2

[3 marks]

(c) recognises that $h'_A(t)$ and $h'_B(t)$ are required (M1)

attempts to solve $h'_A(t) = h'_B(t)$ for t (M1)

$t = 1.18879\dots$ and $2.23598\dots$ OR $4.33038\dots$ and $5.37758\dots$ OR $7.47197\dots$ and $8.51917\dots$ (A1)

Note: Award full marks for $t = \frac{4\pi}{3} - 3, \frac{5\pi}{3} - 3, \left(\frac{7\pi}{3} - 3, \frac{8\pi}{3} - 3, \frac{10\pi}{3} - 3, \frac{11\pi}{3} - 3\right)$.

Award subsequent marks for correct use of these exact values.

$1.18879\dots < t < 2.23598\dots$ OR $4.33038\dots < t < 5.37758\dots$ OR $7.47197\dots < t < 8.51917\dots$ (A1)

attempts to calculate the total amount of time (M1)

$$3(2.2359\dots - 1.1887\dots) \left(= 3 \left(\left(\frac{5\pi}{3} - 3 \right) - \left(\frac{4\pi}{3} - 3 \right) \right) \right)$$

$= 3.14 (= \pi)$ (weeks) A1

[6 marks]

Total [12 marks]

Question 14

- (a) $\hat{A}BC = 27^\circ$ (A1)
attempt to substitute into cosine rule (M1)
 $175^2 + 230^2 - 2(175)(230)\cos 27^\circ$ (A1)
108.62308...
AC = 109 (m) A1
[4 marks]
- (b) correct substitution into area formula (A1)
 $\frac{1}{2} \times 175 \times 230 \times \sin 27^\circ$
9136.55...
area = 9140 (m²) A1
[2 marks]
- (c) attempt to substitute into sine rule or cosine rule (M1)
 $\frac{\sin 27^\circ}{108.623\dots} = \frac{\sin \hat{A}}{175}$ OR $\cos A = \frac{(108.623\dots)^2 + 230^2 - 175^2}{2 \times 108.623\dots \times 230}$ (A1)
47.0049...
 $\hat{C}AB = 47.0^\circ$ A1
[3 marks]
- (d) **METHOD 1**
recognizing that for areas to be equal, AD=DC (M1)
 $AD = \frac{1}{2}AC = 54.3115\dots$ A1
attempt to substitute into cosine rule to find BD (M1)
correct substitution into cosine rule (A1)
 $BD^2 = 230^2 + 54.3115^2 - 2(230)(54.3115)\cos 47.0049^\circ$
BD = 197.009...
BD = 197 (m) A1
[5 marks]

METHOD 2

correct expressions for areas of triangle BDA and triangle BCD using BD

A1

$$\frac{1}{2} \times BD \times 230 \times \sin x^\circ \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{1}{2} \times BD \times 175 \times \sin(27-x)^\circ \quad \text{OR}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times BD \times 230 \times \sin(27-x)^\circ \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{1}{2} \times BD \times 175 \times \sin x^\circ$$

correct equation in terms of x

(A1)

$$175 \sin(27-x) = 230 \sin x \quad \text{or} \quad 175 \sin x = 230 \sin(27-x)$$

$$x = 11.6326... \quad \text{or} \quad x = 15.3673...$$

(A1)

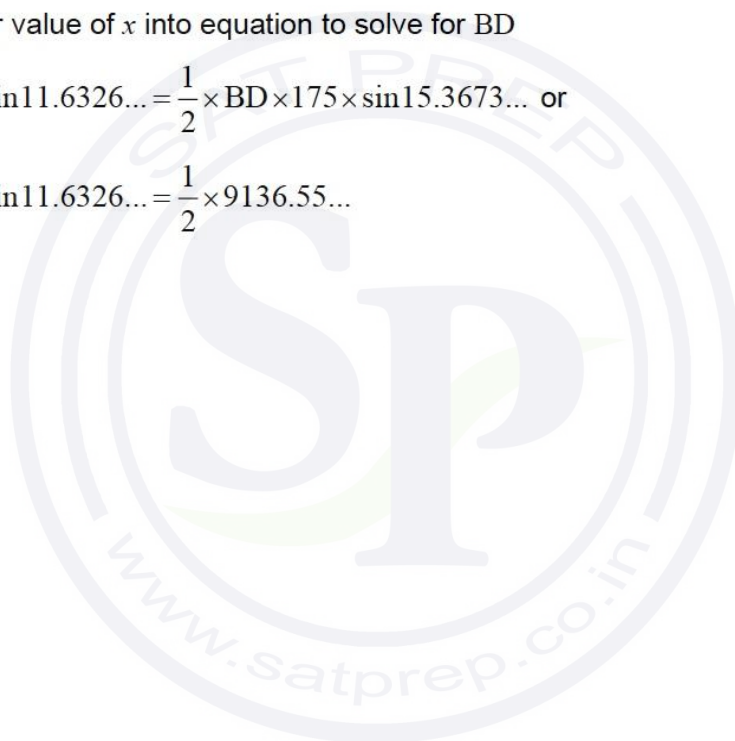
substituting their value of x into equation to solve for BD

(M1)

$$\frac{1}{2} \times BD \times 230 \times \sin 11.6326... = \frac{1}{2} \times BD \times 175 \times \sin 15.3673... \quad \text{or}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times BD \times 230 \times \sin 11.6326... = \frac{1}{2} \times 9136.55...$$

$$BD = 197(\text{m})$$

A1**[5 marks]****Total [14 marks]**

Question 15

(a) **EITHER**

uses the cosine rule

(M1)

$$AB^2 = 5^2 + 5^2 - 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times \cos 1.9$$

(A1)

OR

uses right-angled trigonometry

(M1)

$$\frac{AB}{5}$$

$$= \sin 0.95$$

(A1)

OR

uses the sine rule

(M1)

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2}(\pi - 1.9) (= 0.6207\dots)$$

$$\frac{AB}{\sin 1.9} = \frac{5}{\sin 0.6207\dots}$$

(A1)

THEN

$$AB = 8.13415\dots$$

$$AB = 8.13 \text{ (m)}$$

A1

[3 marks]

(b) let the shaded area be A

METHOD 1

attempt at finding reflex angle

(M1)

$$\hat{A}OB = 2\pi - 1.9 (= 4.3831\dots)$$

substitution into area formula

(A1)

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \times 5^2 \times 4.3831\dots \text{ OR } \left(\frac{2\pi - 1.9}{2\pi} \right) \times \pi (5^2)$$

$$= 54.7898\dots$$

$$= 54.8 \text{ (m}^2\text{)}$$

A1

METHOD 2

let the area of the circle be A_C and the area of the unshaded sector be A_U

$$A = A_C - A_U \quad (M1)$$

$$A = \pi \times 5^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 5^2 \times 1.9 \quad (= 78.5398... - 23.75) \quad (A1)$$

$$= 54.7898...$$

$$= 54.8 \text{ (m}^2\text{)}$$

A1**[3 marks]****Total [6 marks]****Question 16**

- (a) attempt to use right angled trigonometry or sine rule to find AE in terms of r and α (M1)

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{AE} \text{ OR } \frac{AE}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right)} = \frac{r}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$AE = \frac{r}{\tan \alpha} \text{ OR } AE = \frac{r \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right)}{\sin \alpha} \text{ OR } AE = \frac{r \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \quad (A1)$$

valid approach to find the area of ADOE (M1)

2x area of triangle AOE OR area of triangle AED + area of triangle OED OR $OE \times AE$

$$\text{Area ADOE} = 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{r}{\tan \alpha} \cdot r \right) \text{ OR } r \times AE \quad (A1)$$

$$\text{Area ADOE} = \frac{r^2}{\tan \alpha} \quad (AG)$$

[4 marks]

(b) (i) recognizing that the sum of the angles of a kite is 2π (M1)

$$\hat{D}OE + \hat{O}EA + \hat{E}AD + \hat{A}DO = 2\pi \text{ OR } 2\alpha + 2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} + \hat{D}OE = 2\pi$$

$$\hat{D}OE = \pi - 2\alpha \quad \text{A1}$$

Note: Award **M1A0** if candidate uses degrees (i.e.

$$\hat{D}OE + \hat{O}EA + \hat{E}AD + \hat{A}DO = 360^\circ \text{ or } 2\alpha + 2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} + \hat{D}OE = 360^\circ) \text{ and obtains}$$

$$\hat{D}OE = 180^\circ - 2\alpha .$$

(ii) valid approach to find the area of R (M1)

area of kite – area of sector OR $2(\text{area of triangle } AOE - 0.5 \text{ area of sector } OED)$

$$\text{Area of sector} = \frac{1}{2}r^2 \cdot \hat{D}OE \left(= \frac{1}{2}r^2 (\pi - 2\alpha) \right) \text{ seen anywhere} \quad \text{(A1)}$$

$$\text{Area of R} = \frac{r^2}{\tan \alpha} - \frac{1}{2}r^2 (\pi - 2\alpha) \quad \text{A1}$$

Note: Accept $\frac{r^2}{\tan \alpha} - \frac{1}{2}r^2 \cdot \hat{D}OE$.

[5 marks]

(c) equating their area formula to πr^2 (M1)

$$\frac{r^2}{\tan \alpha} - \frac{1}{2} r^2 (\pi - 2\alpha) = \pi r^2$$

correct equation in terms of α A1

$$\frac{1}{\tan \alpha} - \frac{1}{2} (\pi - 2\alpha) = \pi$$

valid approach to solve the equation (M1)

$$\alpha = 0.218979\dots$$

$$\alpha = 0.219 \quad \text{A1}$$

[4 marks]

Total [13 marks]

Question 17

(a) attempt to use sine rule (M1)

$$\frac{24}{\sin 113^\circ} = \frac{17}{\sin \hat{BAC}} \quad \text{OR} \quad (\sin \hat{BAC} =) 0.652024\dots \quad \text{(A1)}$$

$$40.6943\dots$$

$$\hat{BAC} = 40.7^\circ \quad \text{A1}$$

[3 marks]

(b) **METHOD 1** (cosine rule with $\hat{A}BC$ or $\hat{B}AC$)

attempt to use the cosine rule

(M1)

$$24^2 = AB^2 + 17^2 - 2 \cdot 17 \cdot AB \cdot \cos 113^\circ \quad (AB^2 + 13.2848 \dots AB - 287 = 0) \text{ OR}$$

$$17^2 = AB^2 + 24^2 - 2 \cdot 24 \cdot AB \cdot \cos 40.6943 \dots^\circ \quad (AB^2 - 36.3935 \dots AB + 287 = 0)$$

(A1)

11.5543...

$$AB = 11.6$$

A1

METHOD 2 (cosine rule with $\hat{B}CA$)

attempt to use cosine rule

(M1)

correct substitution

(A1)

$$AB^2 = 17^2 + 24^2 - 2 \cdot 17 \cdot 24 \cdot \cos 26.3056 \dots^\circ \text{ OR } AB^2 = 133.502 \dots$$

11.5543...

$$AB = 11.6$$

A1

METHOD 3 (sine rule)

attempt to use sine rule

(M1)

correct substitution

(A1)

$$\frac{AB}{\sin 26.3056 \dots^\circ} = \frac{24}{\sin 113^\circ} = \frac{17}{\sin 40.6943 \dots^\circ} \text{ OR } AB = \frac{24 \cdot \sin(180^\circ - 113^\circ - 40.6943 \dots^\circ)}{\sin 113^\circ}$$

11.5543...

$$AB = 11.6$$

A1

[3 marks]

Total [6 marks]