

**Subject - Math AI(Higher Level)**  
**Topic - Number and Algebra**  
**Year - May 2021 - Nov 2024**  
**Paper -2**  
**Answers**

**Question 1**

(a)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.8 & 0.1 \\ 0.2 & 0.9 \end{pmatrix}$

**M1A1**

**[2 marks]**

(b)  $\begin{vmatrix} 0.8-\lambda & 0.1 \\ 0.2 & 0.9-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$

**M1**

$\lambda = 1$  and  $0.7$

**A1**

eigenvectors  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

**(M1)A1**

**Note:** Accept any scalar multiple of the eigenvectors.

**[4 marks]**

(c) **EITHER**

$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad D = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.7 \end{pmatrix}$

**A1A1**

**OR**

$P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad D = \begin{pmatrix} 0.7 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

**A1A1**

**[2 marks]**

(d)  $P^{-1} = \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$

**A1**

$\frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.7^n \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1200 \\ 1200 \end{pmatrix}$

**M1A1**

attempt to multiply matrices

**M1**

so in company A, after  $n$  years,  $400(2 + 0.7^n)$

**A1**

**[5 marks]**

(e)  $400 \times 2 = 800$

**A1**

**[1 mark]**

**Total [14 marks]**

## Question 2

(a) (i)  $N = 24$

$I\% = 14$

$PV = -14000$

$FV = 0$

$P/Y = 4$

$C/Y = 4$

**(M1)(A1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for an attempt to use a financial app in their technology, award **A1** for all entries correct. Accept  $PV = 14000$ .

$(€)871.82$

**A1**

(ii)  $4 \times 6 \times 871.82$

**(M1)**

$(€)20923.68$

**A1**

(iii)  $20923.68 - 14000$

**(M1)**

$(€)6923.68$

**A1**

**[7 marks]**

(b) (i)  $0.9 \times 14000 (= 14000 - 0.10 \times 14000)$

**M1**

$(€)12600.00$

**A1**

(ii)  $N = 72$

$PV = 12600$

$PMT = -250$

$FV = 0$

$P/Y = 12$

$C/Y = 12$

**(M1)(A1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for an attempt to use a financial app in their technology, award **A1** for all entries correct. Accept  $PV = -12600$  provided  $PMT = 250$ .

$12.56(\%)$

**A1**

**[5 marks]**

(c) **EITHER**

Bryan should choose Option A  
no deposit is required

**A1**  
**R1**

**Note:** Award **R1** for stating that no deposit is required. Award **A1** for the correct choice from that fact. Do not award **R0A1**.

**OR**

Bryan should choose Option B  
cost of Option A (6923.69) > cost of Option B ( $72 \times 250 - 12\,600 = 5400$ )

**A1**  
**R1**

**Note:** Award **R1** for a correct comparison of costs. Award **A1** for the correct choice from that comparison. Do not award **R0A1**.

**[2 marks]**

(d) real interest rate is  $0.4 - 0.1 = 0.3\%$

**(M1)**

value of other payments  $250 + 250 \times 1.003 + \dots + 250 \times 1.003^{71}$

use of sum of geometric sequence formula or financial app on a GDC  
 $= 20\,058.43$

**(M1)**

value of deposit at the end of 6 years

$1400 \times (1.003)^{72} = 1736.98$

**(A1)**

Total value is (€) 21 795.41

**A1**

**Note:** Both **M** marks can awarded for a correct use of the GDC's financial app:

$$N = 72 \quad (6 \times 12)$$

$$I\% = 3.6 \quad (0.3 \times 12)$$

$$PV = 0$$

$$PMT = -250$$

$$FV =$$

$$P/Y = 12$$

$$C/Y = 12$$

**OR**

$$N = 72 \quad (6 \times 12)$$

$$I\% = 0.3$$

$$PV = 0$$

$$PMT = -250$$

$$FV =$$

$$P/Y = 1$$

$$C/Y = 1$$

**[4 marks]**

**Total [18 marks]**

### Question 3

- (a) finding  $T^3$  **OR** use of tree diagram (M1)

$$T^3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0.65 & 0.525 \\ 0.35 & 0.475 \end{pmatrix}$$

the probability of sunny in three days' time is 0.65

A1

[2 marks]

- (b) attempt to find eigenvalues (M1)

**Note:** Any indication that  $\det(T - \lambda I) = 0$  has been used is sufficient for the (M1).

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0.8 - \lambda & 0.3 \\ 0.2 & 0.7 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = (0.8 - \lambda)(0.7 - \lambda) - 0.06 = 0$$

$$(\lambda^2 - 1.5\lambda + 0.5 = 0)$$

$$\lambda = 1, \lambda = 0.5$$

A1

attempt to find either eigenvector

(M1)

$$0.8x + 0.3y = x \Rightarrow -0.2x + 0.3y = 0 \text{ so an eigenvector is } \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

A1

$$0.8x + 0.3y = 0.5x \Rightarrow 0.3x + 0.3y = 0 \text{ so an eigenvector is } \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

A1

**Note:** Accept multiples of the stated eigenvectors.

[5 marks]

- (c) (i)  $P = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$  **OR**  $P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  A1

**Note:** Examiners should be aware that different, correct, matrices  $P$  may be seen.

$$(ii) D = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix} \text{ OR } D = \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

A1

**Note:**  $P$  and  $D$  must be consistent with each other.

[2 marks]

- (d)  $0.5^n \rightarrow 0$  (M1)

$$D^n = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \text{ OR } D^n = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(A1)

**Note:** Award A1 only if their  $D^n$  corresponds to their  $P$ .

$$PD^nP^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.6 & 0.6 \\ 0.4 & 0.4 \end{pmatrix}$$

(M1)

60 %

A1

[4 marks]

Total [13 marks]

## Question 4

(a) **EITHER**

$$N = 2$$

$$PV = -37\,000$$

$$I\% = 6.4$$

$$P/Y = 1$$

$$C/Y = 4$$

**(M1)(A1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for an attempt to use a financial app in their technology, award **A1** for all entries correct.

**OR**

$$N = 8$$

$$PV = -37\,000$$

$$I\% = 6.4$$

$$P/Y = 4$$

$$C/Y = 4$$

**(M1)(A1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for an attempt to use a financial app in their technology, award **A1** for all entries correct.

**OR**

$$FV = 37\,000 \times \left(1 + \frac{6.4}{100 \times 4}\right)^{4 \times 2}$$

**(M1)(A1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for substitution into compound interest formula, **(A1)** for correct substitution.

$$= 42\,010 \text{ AUD}$$

**A1**

**Note:** Award **(M1)(A1)A0** for unsupported 42009.87.

**[3 marks]**

(b) **EITHER**

$$PV = -37\,000$$

$$FV = 50\,000$$

$$I\% = 6.4$$

$$P/Y = 1$$

$$C/Y = 4$$

**(M1)(A1)**

**OR**

$$PV = -37\,000$$

$$FV = 50\,000$$

$$I\% = 6.4$$

$$P/Y = 4$$

$$C/Y = 4$$

**(M1)(A1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for an attempt to use a financial app in their technology, award **A1** for all entries correct.

**OR**

$$50\,000 < 37\,000 \times \left(1 + \frac{6.4}{100 \times 4}\right)^{4 \times n} \quad \text{OR} \quad 50\,000 < 37\,000 \times \left(1 + \frac{6.4}{100 \times 4}\right)^n \quad \text{(M1)(A1)}$$

**Note:** Award **M1** for the correct inequality, 50 000 and substituted compound interest formula. Allow an equation. Award **A1** for correct substitution.

**THEN**

$$N = 4.74 \text{ (years)} \text{ (4.74230...)} \quad \text{OR} \quad N = 18.9692... \text{ (quarters)} \quad \text{(A1)}$$

$$m = 57 \text{ months} \quad \text{A1}$$

**Note:** Award **A1** for rounding their  $m$  to the correct number of months. The final answer must be a multiple of 3. Follow through within this part.

**[4 marks]**

(c) 150 000 AUD

**A1**

**[1 mark]**

(d) (i)  $120 \times 1700 - 150\,000$  (M1)  
 $= 54\,000$  AUD A1

(ii)  $N = 120$   
 $PV = -150\,000$   
 $PMT = 1700$   
 $FV = 0$   
 $P/Y = 12$   
 $C/Y = 12$  (M1)(A1)

**Note:** Award **M1** for an attempt to use a financial app in their technology or an attempt to use an annuity formula or  $FV = 0$  seen. If a compound interest formula is equated to zero, award **M1**, otherwise award **M0** for a substituted compound interest formula. Award **A1** for all entries correct in financial app or correct substitution in annuity formula, but award **A0** for a substituted compound interest formula. Follow through marks in part (d)(ii) are contingent on working seen.

$r = 6.46$  (%) (6.45779...) A1  
[5 marks]

(e)  $N = 60$   
 $I = 6.46$  (6.45779...)  
 $PV = -150\,000$   
 $PMT = 1700$   
 $P/Y = 12$   
 $C/Y = 12$  (M1)(A1)

**Note:** Award **M1** for an attempt to use a financial app in their technology or an attempt to use an annuity formula. Award (**M0**) for a substituted compound interest formula. Award **A1** for all entries correct. Follow through marks in part (e) are contingent on working seen.

$FV = 86\,973$  AUD A1  
[3 marks]

(f)  $204000 - (60 \times 1700 + 86973)$  OR  $204000 - 188973$

**(M1)(M1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for  $60 \times 1700$ . Award **M1** for subtracting their  $(60 \times 1700 + 86973)$  from their  $(204000)$ . Award at most **M1M0** for their  $204000 - (60 \times 1700)$  or **M0M0** for their  $204000 - (86973)$ . Follow through from parts (d)(i) and (e). Follow through marks in part (f) are contingent on working seen.

15027 AUD

**A1**  
**[3 marks]**

**Total [19 marks]**



### Question 5

(a)  $T = \begin{pmatrix} 0.965 & 0.05 \\ 0.035 & 0.95 \end{pmatrix}$

**M1A1**

**Note:** Award **M1A1** for  $T = \begin{pmatrix} 0.95 & 0.035 \\ 0.05 & 0.965 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Award the **A1** for a transposed  $T$  if used correctly in part (b) i.e. preceded by  $1 \times 2$  matrix (2100 3500) rather than followed by a  $2 \times 1$  matrix.

[2 marks]

(b)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.965 & 0.05 \\ 0.035 & 0.95 \end{pmatrix}^2 \begin{pmatrix} 2100 \\ 3500 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $= \begin{pmatrix} 2294 \\ 3306 \end{pmatrix}$

**(M1)**

so ratio is 2294:3306 (=1147:1653, 0.693889...)

**A1**

[2 marks]

(c) to solve  $Ax = \lambda x$  :

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0.965 - \lambda & 0.05 \\ 0.035 & 0.95 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

**(M1)**

$$(0.965 - \lambda)(0.95 - \lambda) - 0.05 \times 0.035 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 0.915 \quad \text{OR} \quad \lambda = 1$$

**(A1)**

attempt to find eigenvectors for at least one eigenvalue

**(M1)**

when  $\lambda = 0.915$ ,  $x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$  (or any real multiple)

**(A1)**

when  $\lambda = 1$ ,  $x = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$  (or any real multiple)

**(A1)**

therefore  $P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 10 \\ -1 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$  (accept integer valued multiples of their eigenvectors and columns in either order)

**A1**

[6 marks]

$$(d) \quad P^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 10 \\ -1 & 7 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{17} \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -10 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (A1)$$

**Note:** This mark is independent, and may be seen anywhere in part (d).

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 0.915 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (A1)$$

$$T^n = PD^nP^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 10 \\ -1 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0.915^n & 0 \\ 0 & 1^n \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{17} \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -10 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (M1)A1$$

**Note:** Award (M1)A0 for finding  $P^{-1}D^nP$  correctly.

$$\text{as } n \rightarrow \infty, D^n = \begin{pmatrix} 0.915^n & 0 \\ 0 & 1^n \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad R1$$

$$\text{so } T^n \rightarrow \frac{1}{17} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 10 \\ -1 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -10 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad A1$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{10}{17} & \frac{10}{17} \\ \frac{7}{17} & \frac{7}{17} \end{pmatrix} \quad AG$$

**Note:** The AG line must be seen for the final A1 to be awarded.

[6 marks]

(e) **METHOD ONE**

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{10}{17} & \frac{10}{17} \\ \frac{7}{17} & \frac{7}{17} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2100 \\ 3500 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3294 \\ 2306 \end{pmatrix} \quad (M1)$$

so ratio is 3294 : 2306 (1647 : 1153, 1.42844..., 0.700060...)

A1

**METHOD TWO**

long term ratio is the eigenvector associated with the largest eigenvalue  
10 : 7 (M1)

A1

[2 marks]

Total [18 marks]

### Question 6

(a) (i) rotation anticlockwise  $\frac{\pi}{6}$  is  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.866 & -0.5 \\ 0.5 & 0.866 \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix}$  (M1)A1

reflection in  $y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{3}}$

$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$  (M1)

$\Rightarrow 2\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$  (A1)

matrix is  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0.866 \\ 0.866 & -0.5 \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$  A1

rotation clockwise  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  is  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0.866 \\ -0.866 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$  A1

(ii) an attempt to multiply three matrices (M1)

$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix}$  (A1)

$P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.866 & -0.5 \\ -0.5 & 0.866 \end{pmatrix}$  A1

$$(iii) \left( P^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{A1}$$

**Note:** Do not award **A1** if final answer not resolved into the identity matrix  $I$ .

- (iv) if the overall movement of the drone is repeated  
the drone would return to its original position **A1**  
**A1**  
[12 marks]

(b) **METHOD 1**

$$|\det P| = \left| \left( -\frac{3}{4} \right) - \left( \frac{1}{4} \right) \right| = 1 \quad \mathbf{A1}$$

$$\text{area of triangle } ABC = \text{area of triangle } A'B'C' \times |\det P| \quad \mathbf{R1}$$

$$\text{area of triangle } ABC = \text{area of triangle } A'B'C' \quad \mathbf{AG}$$

**Note:** Award at most **A1R0** for responses that omit modulus sign.

**METHOD 2**

statement of fact that rotation leaves area unchanged **R1**

statement of fact that reflection leaves area unchanged **R1**

$$\text{area of triangle } ABC = \text{area of triangle } A'B'C' \quad \mathbf{AG}$$

[2 marks]

- (c) attempt to find angles associated with values of elements in matrix  $P$  **(M1)**

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) & \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \\ \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) & -\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \end{pmatrix}$$

reflection (in  $y = (\tan \theta)x$ ) **(M1)**

$$\text{where } 2\theta = -\frac{\pi}{6} \quad \mathbf{A1}$$

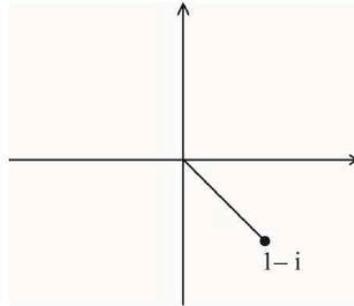
$$\text{reflection in } y = \tan\left(-\frac{\pi}{12}\right)x \quad (= -0.268x) \quad \mathbf{A1}$$

[4 marks]

**Total: [18 marks]**

### Question 7

(a) (i)



A1

(ii)  $z = \sqrt{2}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}$

A1A1

**Note:** Accept an argument of  $\frac{7\pi}{4}$ . Do **NOT** accept answers that are not exact.

[3 marks]

(b) (i)  $w_1 + w_2 = e^{ix} + e^{i\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}$   
 $= e^{ix} \left( 1 + e^{-\frac{i\pi}{2}} \right)$   
 $= e^{ix}(1-i)$

(M1)

A1

(ii)  $w_1 + w_2 = e^{ix} \times \sqrt{2}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}$   
 $= \sqrt{2}e^{i\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)}$

M1

attempt extract real part using cis form

(A1)

(M1)

$\text{Re}(w_1 + w_2) = \sqrt{2} \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$  OR  $1.4142\dots \cos(x - 0.785398\dots)$

A1

[6 marks]

(c) (i)  $I_t = 12 \cos(bt) + 12 \cos\left(bt - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

(M1)

$I_t = 12 \text{Re}\left(e^{ibt} + e^{i\left(bt - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)$

(M1)

$I_t = 12\sqrt{2} \cos\left(bt - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

$\text{max} = 12\sqrt{2} (=17.0)$

A1

(ii) phase shift  $= \frac{\pi}{4} (=0.785)$

A1

[4 marks]

Total: [13 marks]

**Question 8**

(a) (i)  $P \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + q = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

**(M1)**

$$q = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**A1**

(ii) **EITHER**

$$P \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ \frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

**M1**

hence  $P \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$

**A1**

$$P \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ 1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

**M1**

hence  $P \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{pmatrix}$

**A1**

OR

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ \frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

M1

$$\text{hence } \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

A1

$$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ c \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ 1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

M1

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

A1

$$\begin{pmatrix} b \\ d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

THEN

$$\Rightarrow P = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

AG

[6 marks]

(b)  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$

A1

[1 mark]

(c) (i) **EITHER**

$$S^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (\text{A1})$$

$$R = PS^{-1} \quad (\text{M1})$$

**Note:** The **M1** is for an attempt at rearranging the matrix equation. Award even if the order of the product is reversed.

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (\text{A1})$$

**OR**

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \end{pmatrix} = R \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{let } R = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$$

attempt to solve a system of equations

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} = 0.5a, \quad \frac{1}{4} = 0.5b$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} = 0.5c, \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} = 0.5d$$

**M1**

**A2**

**Note:** Award **A1** for two correct equations, **A2** for all four equations correct.

**THEN**

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{OR} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0.866 & 0.5 \\ -0.5 & 0.866 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{OR} \quad \left( \left( \begin{pmatrix} 0.866025\dots & 0.5 \\ -0.5 & 0.866025\dots \end{pmatrix} \right) \right) \quad (\text{A1})$$

- (ii) clockwise  
arccosine or arcsine of value in matrix seen  
30°

**A1**  
**(M1)**  
**A1**

**Note:** Both **A1** marks are dependent on the answer to part (c)(i) and should only be awarded for a valid rotation matrix.

**[7 marks]**

(d) **METHOD 1**

(i) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = P \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} + q$$

**A1**

(ii) solving  $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} = P \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} + q$  using simultaneous equations or  $a = (I - P)^{-1}q$

$a = 0.651$  (0.651084...),  $b = 1.48$  (1.47662...)

**(M1)**  
**A1A1**

$$\left( a = \frac{5 + 2\sqrt{3}}{13}, b = \frac{14 + 3\sqrt{3}}{13} \right)$$

**METHOD 2**

(i) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = P \begin{pmatrix} x - a \\ y - b \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

**A1**

**Note:** Accept substitution of  $x$  and  $y$  (and  $x'$  and  $y'$ ) with particular points given in the question.

(ii) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = P \begin{pmatrix} 0 - a \\ 0 - b \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

**(M1)**

**Note:** This line, with any of the points substituted, may be seen in part (d)(i) and if so the **M1** can be awarded there.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = (I - P) \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

$a = 0.651084\dots, b = 1.47662\dots$

**A1A1**

$$\left( a = \frac{5 + 2\sqrt{3}}{13}, b = \frac{14 + 3\sqrt{3}}{13} \right)$$

**[4 marks]**  
**[Total 18 marks]**

### Question 9

(a) (i) 0.02

**A1**

(ii) the probability of mutating from 'not normal state' to 'normal state'

**A1**

**Note:** The **A1** can only be awarded if it is clear that transformation is from the mutated state.

[2 marks]

(b)  $\det \begin{pmatrix} 0.94 - \lambda & 0.02 \\ 0.06 & 0.98 - \lambda \end{pmatrix} = 0$

**(M1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for an attempt to find eigenvalues. Any indication that  $\det(M - \lambda I) = 0$  has been used is sufficient for the **(M1)**.

$(0.94 - \lambda)(0.98 - \lambda) - 0.0012 = 0$  OR  $\lambda^2 - 1.92\lambda + 0.92 = 0$

**(A1)**

$\lambda = 1, 0.92 \begin{pmatrix} 23 \\ 25 \end{pmatrix}$

**A1**

[3 marks]

(c)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.94 & 0.02 \\ 0.06 & 0.98 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.94 & 0.02 \\ 0.06 & 0.98 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0.92 \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$

**(M1)**

**Note:** This **M1** can be awarded for attempting to find either eigenvector.

$0.02y - 0.06x = 0$  OR  $0.02y + 0.02x = 0$

$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

**A1A1**

**Note:** Accept any multiple of the given eigenvectors.

[3 marks]

(d) (i)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.94 & 0.02 \\ 0.06 & 0.98 \end{pmatrix}^5 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.744 & 0.0852 \\ 0.256 & 0.915 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

**(M1)**

**Note:** Condone omission of the initial state vector for the **M1**.

0.744 (0.744311...)

**A1**

(ii)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.25 \\ 0.75 \end{pmatrix}$

**(A1)**

**Note:** Award **A1** for  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.25 \\ 0.75 \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.25 & 0.25 \\ 0.75 & 0.75 \end{pmatrix}$  seen.

0.25

**A1**

[4 marks]

Total [12 marks]

### Question 10

(a) (i) **EITHER**

$$115.5 = u_1 + (3-1) \times d \quad (115.5 = u_1 + 2d)$$

$$108 = u_1 + (8-1) \times d \quad (108 = u_1 + 7d)$$

**(M1)(A1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for attempting to use the arithmetic sequence term formula, **A1** for both equations correct. Working for **M1** and **A1** can be found in parts (i) or (ii).

$$(d = -1.5)$$

1.5 (cups/day)

**A1**

**Note:** Answer must be written as a positive value to award **A1**.

**OR**

$$(d =) \frac{115.5 - 108}{5}$$

**M1A1**

**Note:** Award **M1** for attempting a calculation using the difference between term 3 and term 8; **A1** for a correct substitution.

$$(d =) 1.5 \text{ (cups/day)}$$

**A1**

(ii)  $(u_1 =) 118.5 \text{ (cups)}$

**A1**

**[4 marks]**

(b) attempting to substitute their values into the term formula for arithmetic sequence equated to zero

**(M1)**

$$0 = 118.5 + (n-1) \times (-1.5)$$

$$(n =) 80 \text{ days}$$

**A1**

**Note:** Follow through from part (a) only if their answer is positive.

**[2 marks]**

(c)  $(t_5 =) 625 \times 1.064^{(5-1)}$

**(M1)(A1)**

**Note:** Award **M1** for attempting to use the geometric sequence term formula; **A1** for a correct substitution.

\$ 801

**A1**

**Note:** The answer must be rounded to a whole number to award the final **A1**.

**[3 marks]**

(d) (i)  $(S_{10} =)$  (\$) 8390 (8394.39...) **A1**

(ii) **EITHER**

the total cost (of dog food)  
for 10 years beginning in 2021 **OR** 10 years before 2031 **R1**  
**R1**

**OR**

the total cost (of dog food)  
from 2021 to 2030 (inclusive) **OR** from 2021 to (the start of) 2031 **R1**  
**R1**

**[3 marks]**

(e) **EITHER**

According to the model, the cost of dog food per year will eventually be too high to keep a dog.

**OR**

The model does not necessarily consider changes in inflation rate.

**OR**

The model is appropriate as long as inflation increases at a similar rate.

**OR**

The model does not account for changes in the amount of food the dog eats as it ages/becomes ill/stops growing.

**OR**

The model is appropriate since dog food bags can only be bought in discrete quantities.

**R1**

**Note:** Accept reasonable answers commenting on the appropriateness of the model for the specific scenario. There should be a reference to the given context. A reference to the geometric model must be clear: either "model" is mentioned specifically, or other mathematical terms such as "increasing" or "discrete quantities" are seen. Do not accept a contextual argument in isolation, e.g. "The dog will eventually die".

**[1 mark]**

**Total [13 marks]**

**Question 11**

$$(a) \quad (T =) \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} (B) & (G) & (N) \end{matrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 0.945 & 0.015 & 0.02 \\ 0.05 & 0.965 & 0.03 \\ 0.005 & 0.02 & 0.95 \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

**M1A1A1**

**Note:** Accept the columns in any order. Accept the transpose of this matrix.

Award **M1** for a 3x3 matrix with all values between (but not including) 0 and 1, and all columns (or rows if transposed) adding up to 1, award **A1** for one correct row (or column if transposed) and **A1** for all rows (or columns if transposed) correct.

**[3 marks]**

$$(b) \quad (T^6 =) \begin{pmatrix} 0.72 & 0.077 & 0.098 \\ 0.24 & 0.83 & 0.16 \\ 0.035 & 0.098 & 0.74 \end{pmatrix}$$

**(M1)**

**Note:** Accept a transposed matrix.

multiplying their  $T^6$  by a correct matrix of the initial populations

**(M1)**

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.72 & 0.077 & 0.098 \\ 0.24 & 0.83 & 0.16 \\ 0.035 & 0.098 & 0.74 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 26000 \\ 240000 \\ 50000 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Note:** Award this **M1** for a transposed  $T$  if used correctly in part (b) i.e. preceded by  $1 \times 3$  matrix rather than followed by a  $3 \times 1$  matrix.

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 42133 \\ 212205 \\ 61661 \end{pmatrix}$$

**(A1)**

so the expected population of the German side would be 212000 (212205) **A1**

**Note:** Award **MOM1A0A1** for an answer of 174000 (=174031). This is the case when  $T^{30}$  has been used.

**[4 marks]**

$$(c) \quad (i) \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0.945 & 0.015 & 0.02 \\ 0.05 & 0.965 & 0.03 \\ 0.005 & 0.02 & 0.95 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \\ u_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

at least two of these three:

$$0.945u_1 + 0.015u_2 + 0.02u_3 = u_1$$

$$0.05u_1 + 0.965u_2 + 0.03u_3 = u_2$$

$$0.005u_1 + 0.02u_2 + 0.95u_3 = u_3$$

and

$$u_1 + u_2 + u_3 = 1 \text{ (may be seen in part (c)(ii))}$$

**A1**

**A1**

$$(ii) \quad (u =) \begin{pmatrix} 0.231 \\ 0.533 \\ 0.236 \end{pmatrix} \quad \left( u = \begin{pmatrix} 0.231155\dots \\ 0.532663\dots \\ 0.236180\dots \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

**A1**

**Note:** The **A1** in part (c)(ii) can be awarded independently of the working in part (c)(i).

**[3 marks]**

$$(d) \quad 0.532663\dots \times (26000 + 240000 + 50000) \\ = 168000 \text{ (168321\dots)}$$

**(M1)**

**A1**

**Note:** Award **(M1)A1** for answers using  $T^n$  with  $n$  large that lead to a correct answer.  
Award **(M0)A0** for answers that use  $T^n$  that lead to an incorrect answer.

**[2 marks]**

(e) Award **R1** for each appropriate reason. For example:

Movement unlikely to be constant

Total population for entire region likely to grow over time

Each power of the transition matrix takes five years; a relatively long time in terms of population movement.

There may be other/new external factors such as wars in other adjoining countries, leading to an influx of economic migrants.

**R1R1**

**Note:** Do not award **R1** for any response that shows a lack of understanding of the assumption that the total population remains constant.

**[2 marks]**

**Total [14 marks]**

**Question 12**

(a) using area of trapezoid formula

**M1**

$$\sin(15^\circ) \times \frac{1+2}{2}$$

**A1**

$$= \frac{3}{2} \sin(15^\circ)$$

**AG**

**[2 marks]**

(b) (i)  $M_6 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \cos 90^\circ & -\frac{1}{2} \sin 90^\circ \\ \frac{1}{2} \sin 90^\circ & \frac{1}{2} \cos 90^\circ \end{pmatrix}$  **(M1)**

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

**A1**

(ii) multiplying their part (b)(i) and point (0, -1) (in any order)

**M1**

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{2}, 0 \right)$$

**A1**

**[4 marks]**

(c) (i)  $\begin{pmatrix} \cos(k \times 15^\circ) & -\sin(k \times 15^\circ) \\ \sin(k \times 15^\circ) & \cos(k \times 15^\circ) \end{pmatrix}$  A1

(ii)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{k}{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 - \frac{k}{12} \end{pmatrix}$  A1

(iii)  $k \times 15^\circ$  A1

(iv)  $1 - \frac{k}{12}$  A1

[4 marks]

(d) **METHOD 1 (using part (c)(iv))**

$\left(1 - \frac{k}{12}\right)^2$  A2

**METHOD 2 (using full matrix  $M_k$ )**

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \begin{pmatrix} \left(1 - \frac{k}{12}\right) \cos(k \times 15^\circ) & -\left(1 - \frac{k}{12}\right) \sin(k \times 15^\circ) \\ \left(1 - \frac{k}{12}\right) \sin(k \times 15^\circ) & \left(1 - \frac{k}{12}\right) \cos(k \times 15^\circ) \end{pmatrix} \right| \\ & = \left(1 - \frac{k}{12}\right)^2 \cos^2(k \times 15^\circ) + \left(1 - \frac{k}{12}\right)^2 \sin^2(k \times 15^\circ) \end{aligned}$$

(M1)

$$= \left(1 - \frac{k}{12}\right)^2 (\cos^2(k \times 15^\circ) + \sin^2(k \times 15^\circ))$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{k}{12}\right)^2$$

A1

[2 marks]

(e) recognizing to multiply by 2 and by original area (M1)

attempt to sum their answer to part (d),  $k = 0, 1, \dots, 11$  (M1)

a correct expression (A1)

e.g.  $0.776457... \left( 1^2 + \left( \frac{11}{12} \right)^2 + \dots + \left( \frac{1}{12} \right)^2 \right)$  OR  $2 \sum_{k=0}^{11} \left( 1 - \frac{k}{12} \right)^2 \times \frac{3}{2} \sin 15^\circ$

OR  $\sum_{k=0}^{11} \left( 1 - \frac{k}{12} \right)^2 \times 0.776457... \text{ OR } 2 \sum_{k=1}^{12} \left( \frac{k}{12} \right)^2 \times \frac{3}{2} \sin(15^\circ)$

3.50 (3.50484...) (square units)

**Note:** Award at most **M0(M1)(A1)A0** for an unsupported final answer of "1.75242..."

(A1)

[4 marks]

(f)  $N_k = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \times M_k$  A1A1

**Note:** Award **A1A0** if correct matrices are written in the wrong order.

[2 marks]

[Total: 18 marks]

### Question 13

(a)  $x = -1 + 2\lambda, y = 1 - \lambda$

A1

[1 mark]

(b)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 7 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 + 2\lambda \\ 1 - \lambda \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 - 5\lambda \\ -8 + 15\lambda \end{pmatrix}$

(M1)(A1)

$$r = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix} + \lambda \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix} \text{ (or equivalent)}$$

(M1)A1

**Note:** Award (M1) for the correct format of a vector equation of a line, A1 for the line being completely correct.

[4 marks]

(c) (i)  $\begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) & -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \\ \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) & \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.707 & -0.707 \\ 0.707 & 0.707 \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$

A1

(ii)  $\begin{pmatrix} 5\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 5\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$

A1

[2 marks]

(d)  $(R \Rightarrow) \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2\alpha & \sin 2\alpha \\ \sin 2\alpha & -\cos 2\alpha \end{pmatrix}$

A1

[1 mark]

(e) (i) attempt to multiply matrices from part (c) (in any order)

(M1)

$$\text{e.g. } X = \begin{pmatrix} 5\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 5\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) & -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \\ \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) & \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -5 \\ 5 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

A1

(ii) substituting  $T$ ,  $R$  and  $X$

(M1)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 7 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2\alpha & \sin 2\alpha \\ \sin 2\alpha & -\cos 2\alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -5 \\ 5 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

multiplying by inverse (in any order)

(M1)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 7 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -5 \\ 5 & 5 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 2\alpha & \sin 2\alpha \\ \sin 2\alpha & -\cos 2\alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos 2\alpha & \sin 2\alpha \\ \sin 2\alpha & -\cos 2\alpha \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{3}{5} & \frac{4}{5} \\ \frac{4}{5} & \frac{3}{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

A1

$$\cos 2\alpha = -\frac{3}{5} \quad \text{AND} \quad \sin 2\alpha = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\alpha = 1.11 \text{ (=1.107148...)} \quad \text{OR} \quad 63.4^\circ \text{ (63.4349...}^\circ)$$

A1

[6 marks]  
[Total 14 marks]

### Question 14

- (a) (i) attempt to find 15% or 85% of 285000 (M1)  
285000  $\times$  0.85  
242250 (USD) A1

**Note:** Do not award A1 if answer is not given exact.

- (ii)  $N = 360$   
 $I\% = 4$   
 $PV = (\pm) 242250$   
 $FV = 0$   
 $P/Y = 12$   
 $C/Y = 12$  (M1)(A1)

**Note:** Award M1 for an attempt to use a financial app in their technology with at least two entries seen, award A1 for all entries correct.

(PMT =) 1156.54 (USD) A1

**Note:** Do not award final A1 if answer is not given to 2 dp.

[5 marks]

- (b) 1156.54  $\times$  360 (M1)  
416354 (USD) A1

**Note:** Do not award A1 if answer is not given to the nearest dollar, unless already penalized in part (a)(ii).

[2 marks]

- (c)  $I\% = 4$   
 $PV = (\pm) 242250$   
 $PMT = (\mp) 1300$   
 $FV = 0$   
 $P/Y = 12$   
 $C/Y = 12$  (A1)

**Note:** Award A1 for  $PMT = (\mp) 1300$  seen.

(N =) 292 A1

[2 marks]

(d) **METHOD 1**

$$N = 291$$

$$I\% = 4$$

$$PV = (\pm) 242\,250$$

$$PMT = (\mp) 1300$$

$$P/Y = 12$$

$$F/Y = 12$$

(A1)

**Note:** Award **A1** for  $N = 291$  seen.

$$(FV \Rightarrow) 871.91 \text{ (871.908...)}$$

**A1**

valid attempt to find interest in final month (e.g.  $N = 1$  **OR**  $PV = 871.91$ )

(M1)

$$N = 1$$

$$I\% = 4$$

$$PV = 871.91 \text{ (871.908...)}$$

$$FV = 0$$

$$P/Y = 12$$

$$F/Y = 12$$

$$(PMT \Rightarrow) 874.82 \text{ (USD)}$$

**A1**

**Note:** Do not award **A1** if answer is not given correct to 2dp, unless already penalized previously.

**METHOD 2**

$$N = 292$$

$$I\% = 4$$

$$PV = (\pm) 242\,250$$

$$PMT = (\mp) 1300$$

$$P/Y = 12$$

$$F/Y = 12$$

(A1)

**Note:** Award **A1** for  $N = 292$  seen.

$$(FV \Rightarrow) 425.185...$$

**A1**

$$1300 - 425.185...$$

(A1)

$$(PMT \Rightarrow) 874.82 \text{ (USD)}$$

**A1**

**Note:** Accept 874.81. Do not award **A1** if answer is not given correct to 2dp, unless already penalized previously.

[4 marks]

(e)  $291 \times 1300 + 874.82$  (M1)

379174.82

attempt to find difference between their value and their part (b) (M1)  
(416354 – 379174.82)

37179 (USD) A1

**Note:** Accept 37180 (USD) from using the 2 dp. answer from part (b). Do not penalize for not rounding to nearest dollar if this has already been penalized in part (b).

[3 marks]  
[Total 16 marks]



### Question 15

(a)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.88 & 0.08 \\ 0.12 & 0.92 \end{pmatrix}$

**M1A1**

**Note:** Award **M1** for correct values used, **A1** if in correct positions.  
Accept alternative consistent matrix (e.g. the transpose or diagonal elements exchanged) and follow through to eigenvectors and initial state vector.

[2 marks]

(b) 5 (seen)

**(A1)**

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.88 & 0.08 \\ 0.12 & 0.92 \end{pmatrix}^5 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.596608 \\ 0.403392 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{OR} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0.88 & 0.08 \\ 0.12 & 0.92 \end{pmatrix}^5 = \begin{pmatrix} 0.596608 & 0.268928 \\ 0.403392 & 0.731072 \end{pmatrix}$$

**(M1)**

P(Friday evening) = 0.403 (0.403392)

**A1**

**Note:** Award **A0M1A0** for use of 4 (and resulting probability 0.354).

[3 marks]

(c) attempt to find  $\det(A - \lambda I)$

**(M1)**

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0.88 - \lambda & 0.08 \\ 0.12 & 0.92 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} \quad \text{OR} \quad (0.88 - \lambda)(0.92 - \lambda) - (0.12)(0.08)$$

$$\lambda^2 - 1.8\lambda + 0.8$$

**A1**

[2 marks]

(d) eigenvalues are 0.8 and 1

**(A1)**

**Note:** If no attempt is made to find eigenvectors, do not award **A1** for finding eigenvalues.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.88 & 0.08 \\ 0.12 & 0.92 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0.8 \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$0.88x + 0.08y = 0.8x$$

eigenvector = eg.  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

**A1**

**EITHER**

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.88 & 0.08 \\ 0.12 & 0.92 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 1 \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

**(M1)**

$$0.88x + 0.08y = x$$

$$0.08y = 0.12x$$

**OR**

eigenvalue 1 gives

$$\begin{pmatrix} -0.12 & 0.08 \\ 0.12 & -0.08 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

**(M1)**

$$-0.12x + 0.08y = 0$$

$$0.08y = 0.12x$$

**Note:** Award **M1** for an attempt to find the eigenvector with eigenvalue 1.

THEN

eigenvector = eg.  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$

A1

Note: Award **A0A1M0A0** if only  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$  is seen and no eigenvalues are found.

[4 marks]

(e)  $D = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.8 \end{pmatrix}, P = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$  OR  $D = \begin{pmatrix} 0.8 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, P = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

A1A1

Note: Award **A1** for one of  $P$  or  $D$  correct. Do not award the second **A1** unless  $P$  and  $D$  are consistent.

[2 marks]

(f) EITHER

attempt to use  $T^n = (PDP^{-1})^n = PD^nP^{-1}$

M1

Note: Award **M1** for their  $D^n$  seen.

limit of  $D^n$  calculated

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$$

A1

Note:  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  must be seen to award **A1**.

OR

attempt to expand their  $PD^nP^{-1}$  using explicit  $P, P^{-1}$

M1

$$(T^n \Rightarrow) \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.8^n \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(T^n \Rightarrow) \frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 2+3(0.8^n) & 2-2(0.8^n) \\ 3-3(0.8^n) & 3+2(0.8^n) \end{pmatrix}$$

A1

Note: Using this method, the limit of  $0.8^n$  may be inferred and **M1A1** awarded.

THEN

0.6

A1

Note: Multiplication by initial condition  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$  may be seen at any point as part of their method.

For an answer of 0.6 from incomplete methods award a maximum of **M1A0A0**, or if no working is seen, award **M0A0A1**.

[3 marks]

[Total: 16 marks]

**Question 16**

(a) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

**M1A1**

: Award **M1** is for a 3x3 matrix with at least one column correct.  
Column order is not explicit in question and may not be labelled in candidate response; accept their correct adjacency matrix.

**[2 marks]****(b) EITHER**

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^5$$

**(M1)**

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 11 & 11 & 10 \\ 11 & 10 & 11 \\ 10 & 11 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$

**(A1)****OR**

Listing at least 8 possible walks

**(M1)**

AAAAAB, AAABAB, AAABCB, AABAAB, AABCCB,

ABABAB, ABACAB, ABAAAB, ABCCCB, ABCBAB, ABCBCB

**(A1)****THEN**

11 different routes

**A1**  
**[3 marks]**

(c) (i)  $0.5^5 \left( \frac{1}{32}, 0.03125 \right)$

**A1****(ii) EITHER**there are 11 possible walks so probability is  $11 \times 0.5^5$ **M1****OR**

total number of (equally likely) walks from A is 32, 11 end up at B

**M1****THEN**

$$\frac{11}{32} \quad \text{OR} \quad 0.344 \quad (0.34375)$$

**A1**

[3 marks]

- (d) (i)  $(1 \times 0.4 =) 0.4$  A1  
(ii)  $(0.5 \times 0.5 =) 0.25$  A1  
(iii)  $(0.5 \times 0.5 + 0.5 \times 0.5 =) 0.5$  A1

[3 marks]

(e) transition matrix is  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0.25 & 0.4 \\ 0.6 & 0.5 & 0.6 \\ 0.4 & 0.25 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  (with order AB, AC and BC) (M1)(A1)

**Note:** Column order is not explicit in question and may not be labelled in candidate response; accept their correct transition matrix. Accept the transposed matrix.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0.25 & 0.4 \\ 0.6 & 0.5 & 0.6 \\ 0.4 & 0.25 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^5$$

(M1)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0.22215 & 0.227275 & 0.23239 \\ 0.54546 & 0.54545 & 0.54546 \\ 0.23239 & 0.227275 & 0.22215 \end{pmatrix}$$

0.232 (0.23239)

A1  
[4 marks]

- (f) (Taking a high power of a matrix)  
long term probabilities are 0.227275, 0.545455 and 0.227275 (M1)  
B and 0.545 (54.5%  $\frac{6}{11}$ ) A1A1

**Note:** Award (M0)A0A0 for an unsupported answer of "B" (with either no probability or an incorrect probability).

[3 marks]  
[Total 18 marks]

### Question 17

(a) anticlockwise rotation of  $15^\circ$  about the origin

**A1**  
[1 mark]

(b) recognizing that  $l$  is equivalent to one rotation of  $360^\circ$

**(M1)**

e.g.  $\frac{360}{15}$   
 $= 24$

**A1**  
[2 marks]

(c) (i)  $(B =) \begin{pmatrix} 1.05 & 0 \\ 0 & 1.05 \end{pmatrix}$

**A1**

(ii)  $(B^{24} =) \begin{pmatrix} 3.23 & 0 \\ 0 & 3.23 \end{pmatrix}$

**(A1)**

**Note:** Award **A1** for 3.23 (3.22509...) **OR**  $1.05^{24}$ .

enlargement, with a scale factor of 3.23 ( $1.05^{24}$ ), (centre (0, 0))

**A1**  
[3 marks]

(d)  $C = \begin{pmatrix} 1.05 \cos(15^\circ) & -1.05 \sin(15^\circ) \\ 1.05 \sin(15^\circ) & 1.05 \cos(15^\circ) \end{pmatrix}$

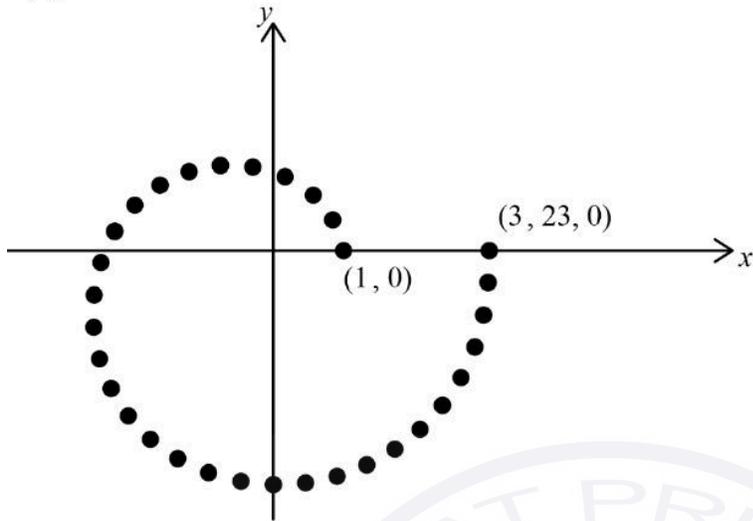
$= \begin{pmatrix} 1.01 (1.01422\dots) & -0.272 (-0.271759\dots) \\ 0.272 (0.271759\dots) & 1.01 (1.01422\dots) \end{pmatrix} = \frac{21}{80} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$

**A2**

**Note:** Award **A1** for at least two correct elements in the matrix.

[2 marks]

(e)



anticlockwise spiral  
starting at (1, 0) and ending at (3.23, 0)

**A1**

**A1**

**Note:** Accept a continuous curve instead of discrete points. The two **A1** marks can be awarded independently

**[2 marks]**

(f)  $T \begin{pmatrix} p \\ q \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} p \\ q \end{pmatrix}$

**(M1)**

$0.9p + 2 = p$  **OR**  $0.8q + 1 = q$

**(A1)**

$p = 20, q = 5$  **OR**  $\begin{pmatrix} 20 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$

**A1**

**[3 marks]**  
**[Total: 13 marks]**

### Question 18

- (a) recognition of a geometric sequence

(M1)

$$3\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^4 \quad \text{OR} \quad 3, 2, 4/3 \dots$$
$$= 0.593 \text{ (0.592592\dots, } 16/27 \text{) (cm)}$$

A1  
[2 marks]

- (b) attempt to sum a geometric sequence

(M1)

$$\frac{3\left(1-\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^5\right)}{1-\frac{2}{3}} \quad \text{OR} \quad 3+2+\frac{4}{3} \dots$$
$$= 7.81 \text{ (7.81481\dots, } 211/27 \text{) (cm)}$$

A1  
[2 marks]

- (c) recognition of need to find sum to infinity

(M1)

$$\frac{3}{1-\frac{2}{3}}$$
$$= 9 \text{ (cm)}$$

(A1)

A1  
[3 marks]

- (d) Comparing the sum of the widths greater than (or equal to) 8.5

(M1)

$$\text{e.g. } \frac{3\left(1-\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n\right)}{1-\frac{2}{3}} \geq 8.5 \quad \text{OR sketch} \quad \text{OR list of values with cross-over values}$$

$$7.13 \text{ (7.1285338740543\dots) seen}$$

(A1)

$$n \geq 7.13$$
$$n = 8$$

A1  
[3 marks]

- (e) attempt to divide two adjacent areas OR  $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2$

(M1)

$$\frac{4}{9} \text{ (0.444, 0.444444\dots)}$$

A1  
[2 marks]

(f)  $u_1 = 13.5$  (may be seen in part (e))

(A1)

attempt to find the sum of their  $n$  terms, with their  $u_1$  and their  $r$

M1

$$S_8 = \frac{13.5 \left( 1 - \left( \frac{4}{9} \right)^8 \right)}{1 - \frac{4}{9}}$$

**Note:** Do not award **M1** if 5 or infinity used for  $n$  or if  $\frac{2}{3}$  used for  $r$ .

$$= 24.3 \text{ (24.2630...)} \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$$

A1

**Note:** Accept 24.2 (24.2439...) from using 0.444.

[3 marks]  
[Total: 15 marks]

