

Subject - Math AI(Standard Level)
Topic - Calculus
Year - May 2021 - Nov 2022
Paper -2
Questions

Question 1

(a) $2(8 \times 4 + 3 \times 4 + 3 \times 8)$
 $= 136 \text{ (cm}^2\text{)}$

M1

A1

[2 marks]

(b) $\sqrt{8^2 + 4^2 + 3^2}$

M1

(AG =) 9.43 (cm) ($9.4339\dots, \sqrt{89}$)

A1

[2 marks]

(c) $-2x + 220 = 0$

M1

$x = 110$

A1

$110\,000 \text{ (boxes)}$

A1

[3 marks]

(d) $P(x) = \int -2x + 220 \, dx$

M1

Note: Award **M1** for evidence of integration.

$P(x) = -x^2 + 220x + c$

A1A1

Note: Award **A1** for either $-x^2$ or $220x$ award **A1** for both correct terms and constant of integration.

$1700 = -(20)^2 + 220(20) + c$

M1

$c = -2300$

$P(x) = -x^2 + 220x - 2300$

A1

[5 marks]

(e) $-x^2 + 220x - 2300 = 0$

M1

$x = 11.005$

A1

$11\,006 \text{ (boxes)}$

A1

[3 marks]

Total [15 marks]

Question 2

(a) (i) evidence of power rule (at least one correct term seen) **(M1)**
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = -0.3x^2 + 1.6x$ **A1**

(ii) $-0.3x^2 + 1.6x = 0$ **M1**

$$x = 5.33 \left(5.33333\dots, \frac{16}{3} \right) \quad \text{A1}$$

$$y = -0.1 \times 5.33333\dots^3 + 0.8 \times 5.33333\dots^2 \quad \text{(M1)}$$

Note: Award **M1** for substituting their zero for $\frac{dy}{dx}$ (5.333...) into y .

$$7.59 \text{ m (7.58519...)} \quad \text{A1}$$

Note: Award **M0A0M0A0** for an unsupported 7.59.
Award at most **M0A0M1A0** if only the last two lines in the solution are seen.
Award at most **M1A0M1A1** if their $x = 5.33$ is not seen.

[6 marks]

(b) $A = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \left((2.4 + 0) + 2(6.4 + 7.2) \right)$ **(A1)(M1)**

Note: Award **A1** for $h = 2$ seen. Award **M1** for correct substitution into the trapezoidal rule (the zero can be omitted in working).

$$= 29.6 \text{ m}^2 \quad \text{A1} \quad \text{[3 marks]}$$

(c) (i) $A = \int_2^8 -0.1x^3 + 0.8x^2 \, dx$ OR $A = \int_2^8 y \, dx$ **A1A1**

Note: Award **A1** for a correct integral, **A1** for correct limits in the correct location.
Award at most **A0A1** if dx is omitted.

(ii) $A = 32.4 \text{ m}^2$ **A2**

Note: As per the marking instructions, **FT** from their integral in part (c)(i).
Award at most **A1FTA0** if their area is >48 , this is outside the constraints of the question (a 6×8 rectangle).

[4 marks]

Total [13 marks]

Question 3

- (a) evidence of splitting diagram into equilateral triangles

M1

$$\text{area} = 6 \left(\frac{1}{2} x^2 \sin 60^\circ \right)$$

A1

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{3}x^2}{2}$$

AG

Note: The **AG** line must be seen for the final **A1** to be awarded.

[2 marks]

- (b) total surface area of prism $1200 = 2 \left(3x^2 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) + 6xh$

M1A1

Note: Award **M1** for expressing total surface areas as a sum of areas of rectangles and hexagons, and **A1** for a correctly substituted formula, equated to 1200.

$$h = \frac{400 - \sqrt{3}x^2}{2x}$$

A1

$$\text{volume of prism} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} x^2 \times h$$

(M1)

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} x^2 \left(\frac{400 - \sqrt{3}x^2}{2x} \right)$$

A1

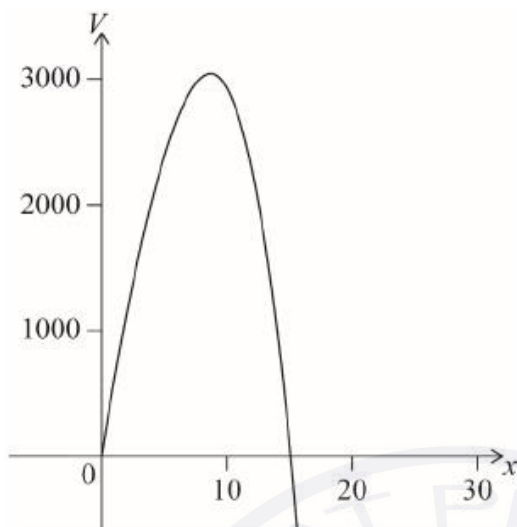
$$= 300\sqrt{3}x - \frac{9}{4}x^3$$

AG

Note: The **AG** line must be seen for the final **A1** to be awarded.

[5 marks]

(c)



A1A1

Note: Award **A1** for correct shape, **A1** for roots in correct place with some indication of scale (indicated by a labelled point).

[2 marks]

(d) $\frac{dV}{dx} = 300\sqrt{3} - \frac{27}{4}x^2$

A1A1

Note: Award **A1** for a correct term.

[2 marks]

(e) from the graph of V or $\frac{dV}{dx}$ **OR** solving $\frac{dV}{dx} = 0$
 $x = 8.77$ (8.77382...)

(M1)

A1

[2 marks]

(f) from the graph of V **OR** substituting their value for x into V (M1)
 $V_{\max} = 3040 \text{ cm}^3$ (3039.34...) A1
[2 marks]

(g) **EITHER**
wasted space / spheres do not pack densely (tesselate) A1
OR
the model uses exterior values / assumes infinite thinness of materials and
hence the modelled volume is not the true volume A1
[1 mark]

Total [16 marks]



Question 4

(a) (i) $f'(x) = \frac{-2x}{50} + 2 \left(= \frac{-x}{25} + 2, -0.04x + 2 \right)$ **A1A1**

Note: Award **A1** for each correct term. Award at most **A0A1** if extra terms are seen.

(ii) $0 = \frac{-x}{25} + 2$ **OR** sketch of $f'(x)$ with x -intercept indicated **M1**
 $x = 50$ **A1**
 $y = 80$ **A1**
 $(50, 80)$

Note: Award **M0A0A1** for the coordinate $(50, 80)$ seen either with no working or found from a graph of $f(x)$.

[5 marks]

(b) (i) $\int_0^{70} \frac{-x^2}{50} + 2x + 30 \, dx$ **A1A1**

Note: Award **A1** for a correct integral, **A1** for correct limits in the correct location. Award at most **A0A1** if dx is omitted.

(ii) (Area =) $4710 \, \text{m}^2 \left(4713.33\dots, \frac{14140}{3} \right)$ **A2**

[4 marks]

(c) (i) $\frac{11.4}{4713.33\dots} \times 100\%$ **OR** $\left| \frac{4701.93\dots - 4713.33\dots}{4713.33\dots} \right| \times 100\%$ **(M1)**

Note: Award **(M1)** for their correct substitution into the percentage error formula.

$0.242\% \, (0.241867\dots\%)$ **A1**

Note: Percentage sign is required. Accept $0.242038\dots\%$ if 4710 is used.

(ii) **EITHER** **A1**
 reduce the width of the intervals (trapezoids)
OR **A1**
 increase the number of intervals (trapezoids)

Note: Accept equivalent statements. Award **A0** for the ambiguous answer "increase the intervals".

[3 marks]

- (d) (i) width of the square is $70 - x$ **OR** the length of the square is $\frac{-x^2}{50} + 2x + 30$ **(M1)**

Note: Award **(M1)** for $70 - x$ seen anywhere. Accept $\frac{-x^2}{50} + 2x + 30$ but only if this expression is explicitly identified as a dimension of the square.

in term of x , equating the length to the width ED **(M1)**

$$\frac{-x^2}{50} + 2x + 30 = 70 - x$$

$$(x = 14.7920... \text{ or } 135.21)$$

$$(x =) 14.8 \text{ m (14.7920...)} \quad \textbf{A1}$$

Note: Award **M0M0A0** for an unsupported answer of 15. Award at most **M1M0A0** for an approach which leads to $A'(x) = 0$. This will lead to a square base which extends beyond the east boundary of the property. Similar for any solution where F is not on the northern boundary, or GH is not on the east boundary.

(ii) **EITHER** **(M1)**
 $(70 - 14.7920...)^2$

OR **(M1)**
 $(55.2079...)^2$

OR **(M1)**
 $\left(\frac{-(14.7920...)^2}{50} + 2(14.7920...) + 30 \right)^2$

THEN **A1**
 $(\text{Area} =) 3050 \text{ m}^2 \text{ (3047.92...)}$

Note: Follow through from part (d)(i), provided x is between 0 and 70. Award at most **M1A0** if their answer is outside the range of their $[0, 4713.33...]$ from part (b).

[5 marks]
Total [17 marks]