Problem 0580/43/M/J/20/ Q12

- (a) A curve has equation $y = 4x^3 3x + 3$.
 - (i) Find the coordinates of the two stationary points.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 12x^{2} - 3$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \quad (2x^{2} - 3) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2} \quad x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = 4(-\frac{1}{2})^{3} - 3(-\frac{1}{2}) + 3$$

$$= 4$$

$$(-\frac{1}{2})^{4} - 3(\frac{1}{2}) + 3 = 2$$

$$(\frac{1}{2})^{2} - 3(\frac{1}{2}) + 3 = 2$$

$$(\frac{1}{2})^{2} - 3(\frac{1}{2}) + 3 = 2$$

(ii) Determine whether each of the stationary points is a maximum or a minimum. Give reasons for your answers.

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 24 \chi$$

$$\chi = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 24 \chi - \frac{1}{2} = -12 \angle 0$$

$$\chi = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 24 \chi - \frac{1}{2} = -12 \angle 0$$

$$\chi = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 24 \chi - \frac{1}{2} = 12 \angle 0$$
miximum.